"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and cool to-day; increasing cloudiness, probable local rains, slightly warmer to-morrow.
For full weather report see Page 20.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,621. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WAIT ALL NIGHT AT POLO GROUNDS

Most of the Seats for To-day's Great Game Have Gone to Speculators.

FEW TICKETS FOR THE FANS

But Some 200 Faithful Souls Camp in the Dark at the Closed Gates.

CLUB OFFICIALS CENSURED

The Scalpers and Hotel Stands Have Seats A-plenty at $8 and $10 Apiece—$450 for a Box.

When Umpire William J. Klem, or one of the three other arbiters assigned to the opening of the world's champion series between the New York National League Baseball Club and the Philadelphia American League Club, cries, "Play ball," at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the new stands at the Polo Grounds undoubtedly will be packed as tightly as it is possible to pack human beings, with enthusiastic baseball fans, but whether the enthusiasm will be for the home team, the Giants, or for the Philadelphia Athletics is a question which occasioned considerable discussion yesterday wherever the fans congregated.

When the Giants won the game, some days ago, which made them pennant winners in the National League, New York's baseball enthusiasts expressed their pleasure in the wildest praises of the club and in the making of bets that the Giants would "clean up" the Athletics as they had done in 1905, when the same clubs met for the world's championship. It took only two days—Thursday and yesterday—to turn many of the eagerest rooters into Philadelphia partisans, and the manner in which the sale of tickets was conducted provided the reason.

William M. Gray, Secretary of the New York Baseball Club, issued a statement last night saying that the charge had been called to his attention that the club had permitted ticket speculators to obtain possession of about all the tickets for the world's series. He denied that such was the case and offered $5,000 for proof that the club was party to any such arrangement.

The Victims Not Convinced.

But it would take more than any official announcement by Mr. Gray or any proffer of reward if he be proved wrong to convince the thousands who had followed directions and written for tickets, with money orders and checks inclosed, that something hadn't been radically wrong with the ticket distribution arrangement which resulted in their receiving no tickets. All day yesterday from dawn to dark thousands of excited fans stormed the offices of the New York Baseball Club.

They wanted tickets most of all, but failing these they couldn't see why they shouldn't have their money back at once instead of waiting until next week as requested.

Thousands of Forged Tickets.

On top of the indignation caused by the distribution of the tickets among scalpers came the disclosure that thousands of tickets have been forged and are being offered for sale. The counterfeit is a careless, crude bit of work, and the names of President John T. Brush and Treasurer John Whalen at the bottom of the ticket are printed instead of the autographs of these officials being reproduced.

The figures on the ticket are of a different style, but in spite of these differences, many people were so anxious to buy tickets that they bought the counterfeits last night. The management has given orders that all tickets be carefully scrutinized at the turnstiles to-day. The original tickets were plain, ordinary pasteboards, such as any printing shop could easily turn out, and much criticism is being directed at the management because they did not adopt a ticket which would be more difficult to reproduce.

The National Commission will meet this morning at 10 o'clock and will probably order an investigation of the ticket scandal.

Police Commissioner Waldo had ordered details of policemen to prevent speculation in tickets anywhere near the St. James Building, but there wasn't a speculator in the city rash enough to offer tickets in the very halls where the disappointed fans were waiting. Had he done so he would probably have been mobbed.

In many other places about town, however, tickets were for sale in any quantities desired. Only the price differed from that which the club had advertised. Three-dollar seats commanded $5 to $10 with the prospect that these prices would advance again to-day.

One man proudly exhibited a piece of pasteboard entitling him to a box for the series. He declared he had paid $450 for it. Several speculators offered boxes for $200. The scandal in which the ticket sale had resulted finally brought about an investigation by the Post Office authorities. Too many tickets and checks for money orders seemed to have gone astray in the mails. They decided, however, that there had been no fraud.

District Attorney Whitman expressed a willingness to undertake an investigation, declaring that one should be made if conditions governing the ticket sale were such as thousands of disgruntled fans charged. He declared, however, that he of course wouldn't take the initiative, and admitted that he had been expecting all days to receive from some source a complaint on which he could act. Should such a complaint be made to-day he said he would immediately begin an investigation.

Public clamor drove the National Baseball Commission, composed of August Herrman, Ban Johnson, and Thomas J. Lynch, to seek a conference with President Brush of the New York Baseball Club in the Hotel Imperial last night. It is known that they discussed the ticket situation, but no action was taken, and the commission will not meet until to-day.

Offer of a Reward.

Secretary Gray's retort followed his interview with a newspaper man who did not mince his words. In full it read:

A newspaper reporter told me to-day it had been stated to him that a ticket speculator named Marks had arranged with certain New York Club officials which enabled him to secure one thousand tickets to the world's series at 50 cents advance per ticket. This statement I brand unqualifiedly as a malicious, malignant lie, and I will give five thousand dollars ($5,000) to any one who can prove that any such arrangement with Marks or any other living individual existed whereby they could secure a single ticket for speculative purposes.

I would not have worked night and

Continued on Page 2.

COFFEE STILL GOING UP.

Rumor of an Arbuckle Corner Helps Advance Price Nearly a Cent.

Coffee, which has been climbing steadily in price for several years, but with more speed for the past few weeks, advanced nearly a cent a pound on the Coffee Exchange yesterday during a session of the heaviest trading that market has ever seen. The December option for the standard grade went to 14.95 cents per pound, which is nearly double the price at this time in 1910, and represents a rise of about 3½ cents per pounds since the first of the year.

The present levels are the highest in a generation, and are due to the Brazilian Government's action five years ago in discouraging further planting of coffee trees, and in taking out of the world's markets under its valorization scheme the surplus supplies of the staple.

These supplies are now held in warehouse, and are being marketed gradually. Actual coffee is selling still higher than the Exchange future contracts, and Arbuckle Brothers paid yesterday 16½ and 16¾ cents per pound for 150,000 bags of spot coffee. The news of the heavy buying by the Arbuckles gave rise to rumors that the firm had cornered coffee, and induced many of the shorts on the Coffee Exchange to cover.

William A. Jamison, one of the partners of Arbuckle Brothers, issued a statement last night denying that his firm had a corner in the staple or were fixing the price. The advance here, he explained, was due to the rise in coffee prices on the European Exchanges, and New York prices, he said, were still below those in the other markets of the world.

"We are buying coffee entirely for distribution, roasted or green," he said, "and are selling at a fractional advance over the prices at which we have bought. We are not piling up stocks for a corner. Prices to the consumer have not been much affected by the advance in raw coffee. Most of the coffee sold in this country is marketed under trade names at standard prices, and these prices have in most instances been maintained."

NO CHURCH DOOR FEES.

Apostolic Delegate Directs That Custom Prevalent Here Be Dropped.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 13.—The practice in some Roman Catholic Churches of asking a contribution at the door, thus exacting a fee for a seat in church, is ordered discontinued in a circular letter addressed to all Archbishops and Bishops of the Church in the United States, and sent out by Mgr. D. Falconio, Apostolic Delegate at Washington, D. C.

Father D. S. Phelan, editor of The Western Watchman, has received the first copy in St. Louis. The letter is phrased in the most sweeping terms, and condemns the practice in the strongest language.

The order applies to all Catholic churches in America, and Mgr. Falconio's order becomes effective at once, the clergy being directed to rearrange for the collection of their revenues. Mgr. Falconio speaks of the practice as "bringing scandal to both Catholics and non-Catholics," and regrets that complaints, on investigation, have been shown to be "too true." The order is evidently the result of many years' careful investigation, for Mgr. Falconio refers to a complaint made to him by the Cardinal Prefect of the Propaganda in 1908. The circular warns that any clergyman who disobeys the order will be "condignly punished."

The Roman Catholic archdiocesan authorities stated last night at the headquarters of Archbishop Farley, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Fifth Avenue and Fiftieth Street, that no letter from Papal Delegate, His Right Reverence Mgr. Falconio, had been received by them.

"There is nothing new or revolutionary about the letter that Mgr. Falconio is reported to have written," said a spokesman of the Archbishop last night. "There is an old law of the Church against collecting fees from those about to attend mass. The Papal Delegate before Archbishop Falconio sent letters to heads of dioceses on this subject when it was reported that this law had been violated. The universal custom about the payment of pew rent is that pew holders are entitled to their pews only at the high mass on Sundays and holy days of obligation, and that at the earlier masses, usually low masses, at which there is no music, attendance is unrestricted to the faithful. As the communicants of Roman Catholic churches usually outnumber by three or four times their seating capacity, a sufficient number of masses at convenient hours are invariably provided, so that non-pewholders can attend the religious services which conscience and the laws of the Church require."

TO TRY NEW FLIER TO-DAY.

Wrights' Motorless Glider Arrives at Their Kill Devil Hill Camp.

Special to The New York Times.

MANTEO, N. C., Oct. 13.—Orville Wright promised this afternoon that his new "buzzard" biplane will have its first try-out to-morrow if the winds prove favorable.

The arrival of the machine, which the Wright brothers expect to soar like a bird, was the feature of the day in the aviators' camp, near Kill Devil Hill. Two crates, one six by eighteen feet, with a depth of eighteen inches, and the other considerably smaller, were unloaded from the little gasoline boat that landed at Kitty Hawk Bay yesterday afternoon, and the machine was carted to the beach a mile away. The cases were immediately stored in the hangar, and the parts will be assembled early to-morrow.

The Wrights have given up as hopeless their efforts to make the tests secretly. To-day Lorin and Wilbur Wright received several reporters and extended to their visitors an invitation to return to camp to-morrow for the initial trial of the machine they believe will demonstrate their ability to soar indefinitely in a motorless glider.

Alexander Ogilvie, the English aviator with the Wrights in their camp on the beach, will try out the new machine with Orville.

Orville Wright continues to refuse to describe the new glider. It looks much like the old machine, he says, and his advice to questioners is, "Wait until to-morrow and see." Crated as it was it was impossible to get an idea as to what shape the machine will assume when it is assembled.

DELAYS MISSISSIPPI FLIGHT.

Aviator Robinson Unable to Start, Owing to Cross-Currents.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 13.—Having emerged safely from an automobile accident to-day, Aviator Hugh Robinson attempted to start on his hydro-aeroplane flight from Minneapolis to New Orleans. His frail craft was buffeted by the winds and careened dangerously. From the time that he struck the cross-currents and was forced to seek safety on the shores of Lake Calhoun, until dusk, the aviator stood prepared to try again.

Robinson had set great store by to-day—Oct. 13—because it was his birthday anniversary. He is 30 years old.

Waffles will be served Monday, Oct. 16, at the Woman's Exchange, 334 Madison Av.—Adv.

SAW J. B. M'NAMARA AT EXPLOSION SCENE

Los Angeles Times Employe, Long Missing, Identifies Prisoner as Alley Loiterer.

FIGHT OVER UNION PREJUDICE

Whole Day Occupied with the Examination of One Venireman Without Reaching a Decision.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 13.—William Brown, a former employe of The Los Angeles Times, to-day positively identified James B. McNamara, on trial for murder in connection with that disaster, as the man who was seen hanging about in the alley that ran back of the main building of the destroyed plant on the night of the explosion, Oct. 1, 1910.

The morning session of the trial was about half over when Joseph Ford, Assistant District Attorney, entered the courtroom, bringing with him a man. Ford entered inconspicuously, and, taking his companion within the rail, seated him a dozen feet away from and facing McNamara.

The man fixed his gaze on the prisoner. Immediately the latter called Clarence Darrow, his chief counsel, over to him, and whispered:

"They've brought that fellow here to identify me."

The stranger kept his place for a few minutes, all the while scrutinizing the defendant. Then he went to Ford and both withdrew. Ford refused to say who he was, but acknowledged that he had brought him there to identify J. B. McNamara as "some one" the stranger knew. It developed later that the stranger was Brown. McNamara himself said that he had never seen him before.

Brown was employed in the paper stock room of The Times at the time of the explosion, and is now a teamster. He is known to have reported to the Grand Jury that he had seen a strange man loitering about in the vicinity of the alley in which the explosion is known to have occurred, Brown has been searched for by the prosecution for some time, and was lately found.

His identification of the prisoner is said to be positive and to put the matter of McNamara's presence on the corner of First and Broadway, the night of the explosion and within an hour of the time, beyond all doubt.

Trial to be a Long One.

Proof that the trial of McNamara will be a long-drawn and fiercely contested one was given to-day in the determination evinced by both sides in the struggle that has arisen over the selection of a jury. Neither State nor defense is going to expend a challenge unnecessarily.

To the watchers in the press seats and to the crowded court room, the lines on which the trial will be waged became plain as the contest proceeded. The defense will, in all probability, make much of the supposed prejudice against McNamara because of his affiliations with labor unions, and the prosecution will just as probably endeavor to belittle and avoid that issue.

Throughout the tedious proceedings the prisoner rarely moved and hardly ever glanced around. He is growing paler under the strain, and his eyes appear more deeply sunken. His beard is not heavy, but he showed the lack of a shave when he came into court this morning. This being commented upon, Sheriff Hammel announced that he had sworn in a barber as a Deputy Sheriff, whose sole duty will be to give the prisoner and the jurymen also a daily shave.

Every effort is being made to provide for the comfort of the twelve talesmen now under guard. The best of meals possible to provide are sent to their prison, and to-night, with a number of detectives guarding them, they were taken on an automobile ride in the city. Last night was chilly and several of the veniremen protested at the shortness of the blankets provided by the State. Their feet stuck out, they say. That will be remedied to-night by the addition of quilts from the county jail.

It was ascertained to-night that it is the intention of the State, provided the court will permit the introduction of the testimony, to get Ortie E. McManigal to tell the story of the attempted destruction of the Blackwell's Island bridge over the East River, New York, on the night of April 1, 1908, by loosening the guy ropes that held firm a ten-ton derrick of the Pennsylvania Steel Company. The derrick was on the top of a high temporary tower, and but for the fact that a watchman discovered the loosened guy rope in time the heavy derrick would have crushed the structure below it in falling.

McManigal's First Big Job.

This, it is said, was one of the first big jobs that McManigal attempted alone. He had, so he is said to have informed District Attorney Fredericks and the Burns Detective Agency, been ordered to dynamite the bridge, and would have done so, but lost his nerve at the critical moment. He will, if allowed by the Judge, tell that story immediately after relating how he and others dynamited the Boston Opera House.

It was 10:14 o'clock when court convened. H. S. Poppenbush was selected to fill the vacancy in the panel caused on Wednesday by the withdrawal of one talesman because of physical disability.

District Attorney Fredericks informed the court that he would like to withdraw his objection to the unanswered question directed to G. T. Nelson, one of the veniremen on Wednesday. The question was:

"With reference to the officers and men who direct the management of the affairs of labor unions, do you believe that the great majority of them are lawless men?"

Lecompte Davis, for the defense, at once asked the question of Mr. Nelson, who replied:

"I do not believe I can answer that question. I do not know anything about the officers."

"Well, what is your belief about them?"

"I don't know anything about them."

"You realize the defendant is on trial for a matter that concerns labor organizations, and you have no opinion about the majority of the officers being lawless men?"

"A great many are and a great many not."

"Don't you know, Mr. Nelson that you are prejudiced against officers of the labor unions?"

"No, I should say not so."

Argument of Counsel.

"This is the first juror," began District Attorney Fredericks, "and I doubt whether we will ever get a juror who has not formed some opinion on this case."

Court reconvened at 2:10 o'clock, and Judge Bordwell announced that the veniremen were excused until to-morrow morning, as the argument between opposing counsel concerning Nelson's competency as a juror would consume the remainder of the day, which it did without any decision respecting Mr. Nelson's fitness to serve being reached.

The first game of the series for the World's Baseball Championship will be played to-day. It will be described for readers of Sunday's Times by

REX BEACH,
the novelist, who is a famous athlete as well as a writer of "best sellers," and knows baseball from A to Z.

W. J. LAMPTON
whose cleverness as a baseball writer is available only on great occasions.

MARQUARD
the famous pitcher of the New York Club, who will give a critical analysis of the plays.

To be sure of obtaining these accounts of the game, order

To-morrow's Times
From your newsdealer TO-DAY.

AUTHOR MIGHELS DIES OF GUNSHOT WOUND

Lingered a Week After Fatal Accident While Hunting on a Western Ranch.

JUST BACK FROM HONEYMOON

Well-Known Novelist and Short Story Writer Only Lately Returned from Europe.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 13.—Philip Verrill Mighels, author and playwright, succumbed last night to a wound inflicted by himself while hunting quail near Golconda a week ago. He was unconscious toward the last, and made no statement. His wife was present at the end. It was thought for a time that the author would survive his wound.

Mr. Mighels was visiting on the Bliss ranch. He went out to hunt quail one morning about a week ago. He fired and wounded a quail, and as the bird was fluttering on the ground he struck it with the butt of his gun. The weapon was exploded and the entire charge of shot entered Mighels's right side.

Philip Verrill Mighels was born in Carson City, Nev., forty-two years ago, the son of Henry Hust Mighels and Lucy Ellen Verrill. He attended private schools in Carson City and the Carson City High School. He studied law and was admitted to the bar at the age of 21. Two years later he went to San Francisco and engaged in newspaper work. His stories and sketches soon attracted favorable attention, and he came to New York in 1894. From that time he devoted himself solely to writing.

Mr. Mighels was married soon after he settled in New York to Mrs. Ella Stirling Cummings, who had been a Commissioner from San Francisco to the Chicago World's Fair, and was herself an author of short stories. The marriage took place near Atlantic Highlands, in a little country church. In July, 1909, they were divorced in San Francisco, Mrs. Mighels alleging desertion. His earliest collection of poems called "Out of a Silver Flute" contains a poem in which the poet describes his courtship.

Mr. Mighels was married a second time a little more than a year ago. He went abroad with his bride, and only returned to America a few weeks ago. He stopped a few days in New York and then went on West. Mr. Mighels had previously spent four years in Europe, from 1897 to 1901. His New York home was at 201 West 104th Street.

Mr. Mighels's publishers, Messrs. Harper & Brothers, said that the author's most popular book was undoubtedly "Bruvver Jim's Baby," which he published in 1904. This story Mr. Mighels later dramatized. His other stories are "Nella, the Heart of the Army," "When a Witch is Young," "The Crystal Sceptre," "The Inevitable," "The Ultimate Passion," "Chatwit, the Man-Talk Bird," and "The Pillars of Eden."

NOT ILL, SAYS WISTER.

Author Off on Hunting Trip—Leaves Ranch for Here To-morrow.

RIGBY, Idaho, Oct. 13.—Owen Wister, the author, left his ranch in Jackson's Hole, Wyo., this afternoon for a short hunting trip.

Before leaving he said that rumors of his ill-health were unfounded, and added that he expected to leave Jackson's Hole for New York on Oct. 15.

SUFFRAGIST FOR ALDERMAN.

Socialists Nominate Miss Elizabeth Dutcher of Brooklyn.

The Socialist Party organization in the Forty-second Aldermanic District, Brooklyn, nominated a suffragist for Alderman yesterday. She is Miss Elizabeth Dutcher of 80 Pierrepont Street, well known in society. She has long been regarded as an ardent suffragist.

Miss Dutcher has also done a great deal to better the conditions of the working girl. She is a settlement worker and has worked in the Little Italy section of South Brooklyn.

PASTOR'S WIFE BANKRUPT.

He Had Left the Pulpit to Engage In Real Estate Deals.

Mrs. Martha W. Norton, wife of the Rev. Robert F. Norton, formerly assistant pastor at St. aMrk's M. E. Church and Beverly Road and Ocean Avenue, Flatbush, Brooklyn, who left the pulpit recently to engage in real estate development in Far Rockaway, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday in the United States District Court in Brooklyn, admitting liabilities of $90,852.61, and naming no assets.

It is said that Mrs. Norton's trouble was occasioned by the fact that she indorsed many notes of her husband's to enable him to carry on his real estate speculation. He has been unable to handle this, it is said, owing to its failure to move rapidly as he had planned.

Among Mrs. Norton's creditors are the First National Bank of Port Jefferson, the First National Bank of Islip, the First National City of Brooklyn, and the Bank of Lawrence. Judge Veeder appointed Charles A. Tipling as referee to take testimony on the petition.

Dr. Norton's former home, which he left last Spring to go to Far Rockaway, was a handsome residence at 950 Ocean Avenue, Flatbush.

REGISTRATION FAR BELOW LAST YEAR'S

Drop of 15 Per Cent. on First Day from 1910 in Manhattan and Bronx.

REPUBLICAN DISTRICTS HIT

An Actual Gain in Queens, Which is Building Up Rapidly—A Challenge List of 42,209 Names.

The first day's registration in this city for the election this Fall showed a big drop from the figures of last year, when leaders of all parties bewailed the poor showing made. The total was 159,415, a decrease of 18,358.

In Manhattan and the Bronx the decrease was 13,541 or nearly 15 per cent. Nearly ever district showed a drop of from 200 to 400 and some a good deal more. The falling off was especially heavy on the west side, which is normally Republican. The Fifteenth, where Albert Ottinger is leader, showed a decline of 1,300, the Seventeenth, Abraham Gruber's bailiwick, nearly 700, and the Nineteenth about the same. The Twenty-first showed a similar drop. The only district to report a gain was the Eleventh, where there was an increase of 60.

In Brooklyn the drop was 4,568. There were increases in a few districts, which was attributed to the shifting of population.

In the Borough of Queens, where the population is increasing rapidly, there was an actual gain of 136. There was a falling off of 112 in the First District and of 39 in the Second. These were overcome by gains of 51 in the Third and 136 in the Fourth.

In Richmond the decrease was 395.

FIRST DAY'S REGISTRATION.

Boroughs.	1911.	1910.	1909.
Manhat. and Bronx.	82,469	96,010	101,954
Brooklyn	61,283	65,851	69,931
Queens	11,928	11,892	13,941
Richmond	3,625	4,020	4,221
Grand total	159,415	177,773	190,055

Manhattan and the Bronx.

A. D.	1911.	1910.	1909.
First	1,557	1,870	2,227
Second	1,986	2,170	2,309
Third	2,344	2,588	2,865
Fourth	1,531	1,758	1,841
Fifth	1,859	2,377	2,412
Sixth	1,972	2,032	2,119
Seventh	1,753	2,051	2,183
Eighth	1,642	1,908	1,871
Ninth	1,633	1,866	2,091
Tenth	1,625	1,855	1,979
Eleventh	2,317	2,247	2,526
Twelfth	2,059	2,391	2,710
Thirteenth	1,857	1,969	2,304
Fourteenth	2,180	2,211	2,665
Fifteenth	2,560	3,870	3,652
Sixteenth	1,824	2,070	2,134
Seventeenth	2,449	3,115	3,571
Eighteenth	1,835	2,067	2,194
Nineteenth	3,295	3,925	4,155
Twentieth	1,950	2,268	2,527
Twenty-first	2,831	2,647	3,024
Twenty-second	2,056	2,371	2,486
Twenty-third	5,273	6,479	5,968
Twenty-fourth	1,530	1,578	1,559
Twenty-fifth	2,180	2,753	2,930
Twenty-sixth	2,030	2,344	2,508
Twenty-seventh	1,634	2,290	2,308
Twenty-eight	1,429	1,497	1,797
Twenty-ninth	2,174	2,933	3,095
Thirtieth	3,234	3,639	3,991
Thirty-first	2,698	3,257	3,473
Thirty-second	5,013	5,081	5,399
Thirty-third	2,578	2,947	3,200
Thirty-fourth	3,985	4,367	4,663
Thirty-fifth	3,928	3,988	4,267
Total	82,469	96,010	101,954

Brooklyn.

A. D.	1911.	1910.	1909.
First	2,239	2,622	2,894
Second	1,804	1,979	2,350
Third	1,811	2,032	2,458
Fourth	2,279	2,517	2,507
Fifth	3,136	3,384	3,437
Sixth	2,345	2,552	2,706
Seventh	1,930	2,122	2,249
Eighth	1,890	2,046	2,293
Ninth	3,629	3,609	3,986
Tenth	2,675	3,062	3,498
Eleventh	2,562	3,031	3,157
Twelfth	3,387	3,918	4,133
Thirteenth	1,852	1,902	2,005
Fourteenth	1,954	2,043	2,030
Fifteenth	2,154	2,089	2,200
Sixteenth	3,704	4,127	3,993
Seventeenth	2,919	3,272	3,435
Eighteenth	4,334	4,586	4,630
Nineteenth	1,906	2,013	2,226
Twentieth	2,458	2,565	2,818
Twenty-first	1,419	1,598	1,699
Twenty-second	5,310	5,347	5,698
Twenty-third	3,562	3,455	3,521
Total	61,283	65,851	69,931

Queens.

A. D.	1911.	1910.	1909.
First	2,419	2,531	3,212
Second	2,249	2,288	2,806
Third	3,849	3,798	4,238
Fourth	3,411	3,275	3,693
Total	11,928	11,892	13,949

Richmond.

A. D.	1911.	1910.	1909.
First	3,625	4,020	4,221

The falling off was not unexpected and was indicated plainly by the small number of voters who appeared in the early hours. The present is decidedly an off-year in politics, as there will be no State ticket and no city ticket to elect. The only State officers to be chosen are members of the Assembly, and the only city officials, members of the Board of Aldermen. In New York County only two officers are to be elected on the county ticket, Sheriff and Surrogate. There are also four Justices of the Supreme Court to be elected in this county. Brooklyn is to vote for county officers and for Justices of the Supreme Court.

The importance of the election, therefore, does not compare favorably with any of the last three years. There was a Presidential election in 1908, and the first day's registration reflected the interest of the voters. In 1909 there was an election for Mayor and other city officers, and the sharp three-cornered contest between Gaynor, Hearst, and Bannard brought out a big registration, but less than the year before. Last year the canvass was for Governor and other State officers. The registration again fell off, and it was the general expectation that there would be a further decline this year.

John R. Voorhis, State Superintendent of the Metropolitan Elections District, had provided the Inspectors of the various election districts with challenge lists in advance of the opening of the registration books. The aggregate of the names on these lists was 42,209. They were made up of deaths, obtained from the Board of Health, convictions of felonies from the court records, and removals. The removals were obtained by a house-to-house canvass. Formerly they were obtained from the Post Office, but this year any information from that source was refused. Armed with these lists, it was expected that the Inspectors would see that no floaters registered on the name of those no longer qualified to vote.

Voters who neglected to register yesterday will have another chance to-day, and the two final days for registration will come on Friday and Saturday of next week.

REGISTRATION IN THE STATE.

Confusion Over Recent Levy Law Decision—Strike at Ogdensburg.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The registration for the first day in Saratoga County is reported light in all the villages, showing a decrease from last year in practically every district. Consider-

Continued on Page 4.

JUSTICE HARLAN ILL.

Oldest Member of the Supreme Court Has Acute Bronchitis.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Associate Justice John Marshall Harlan of the Supreme Court of the United States is suffering from an attack of acute bronchitis at his home in this city.

Justice Harlan is 78 years old, and his condition is regarded as grave because of his advanced years. He is the oldest member of the Supreme Court.

150 SAILORS UPSET IN BAY.

Boats from Cruiser California Struck by Ferryboat from Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—A launch and its tow of three boats from the cruiser California, flagship of the Pacific Fleet, were struck by a ferryboat in San Francisco Bay to-night while returning from the Oakland Mole after the Oakland reception to President Taft.

About 150 officers and sailors were in the small craft, and many were thrown into the bay.

It is said all but one sailor were rescued.

SUES HUSBAND'S PARENTS.

Mrs. Stearns Asks $50,000 for Alleged Alienation of His Affections.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 13.—Edgar G. Stearns, Western selling agent for the United States Rubber Company, and his wife, Mary Pyott Stearns, were made defendants in a suit for $50,000 damages filed in the Circuit Court to-day by their daughter-in-law, Irene Corbett Stearns. The suit is for the alleged alienation of the affections of David Stearns, son of the elder Stearns, and husband of the plaintiff.

The suit comes as a climax to the runaway match of the younger Stearns and his wife, whose maiden name was Irene Corbett, two years ago. Miss Corbett was employed as a stenographer in the office of the elder Stearns.

Following the marriage the elder Stearns, it is said, threatened to separate the couple on the ground of his daughter-in-law's religion.

Mrs. Stearns's attorney states that the younger Stearns has not contributed to the support of his wife since last February.

ROCKEFELLER SEEMS WELL.

Attended to Business Abroad, It is Stated—Sails To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—William Rockefeller and Mrs. Rockefeller have booked passages by the Campania, which leaves Liverpool to-morrow.

Efforts to locate Mr. Rockefeller since his arrival in England by the Mauretania were unavailing. His presence on that vessel was known to very few passengers. Dr. Sydney Jones, the Mauretania's doctor, said that he never saw Mr. Rockefeller on the trip, and did not know he was aboard till Sunday.

Asked by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent if it was possible that a passenger could be seriously ill on the ship and be attended by a private doctor without his knowledge, he replied that it was possible, but highly improbable.

Standard Oil men here say they do not believe the reports of the serious illness of William Rockefeller, as they would be informed if he were really ill.

There were rumors in the financial district yesterday that Mr. Rockefeller was seriously ill abroad, and that his visit had been shortened on that account, but there was no definite information to that effect. These reports brought the following statement from a member of the family last night:

"The day before sailing for Europe on the Mauretania, William Rockefeller attended the regular Tuesday meeting of the Executive Committee of the Union Pacific. He attended to other routine business and did not appear to his business associates to be suffering. It is well known that Mr. Rockefeller occasionally had tonsil trouble. On the day of his father's departure for Europe, William G. Rockefeller stated to an inquirer that no special significance attached to the trip, and that he expected his father would return within about six weeks."

KILLS WOMAN HE'D ANNOYED.

Italian Shoots Her Down Near Her Home, Then Ends His Own Life.

As her son was running to greet her and her sister was waving to her from a window, Mrs. Annie Bowman was shot down and killed yesterday afternoon near her home at 1,113 Sixty-seventh Street, Brooklyn. Her slayer, James V. Sorrenti, who had been annoying her with his attentions for years, promptly killed himself.

Sorrenti was known among his friends as "the lady-killer" and he did his best to live up to his reputation. He first met Mrs. Bowman, who had a husband and three children, three years ago, and though Mrs. Bowman was eight years older than he, he began to make violent love to her. The Bowmans moved several times to be rid of him, but he always followed.

At last they came to Sixty-seventh Street, which had the advantage of being close to the home of Mrs. Bowman's sister, Mrs. Charles Leboe, at 1,113 Sixty-eighth Street.

In a little while Sorrenti came and this time took rooms next door. Bowman warned him that he had better clear out or he would have him arrested or would kill him, and the man did move just around the corner to the home of his brother, Peter, 6,511 Eleventh Avenue.

Mrs. Bowman told her husband at breakfast yesterday that she had a premonition of fear. Three days ago Sorrenti had met her and told her that he had drawn all his money and was going back to Italy. She must come with him, he declared. If she did not, he would surely kill her. Bowman, however, did not take the thing seriously, and went off to his work and his wife went downtown and bought a new hat.

After dinner she started to her sister's. The lots are not built up thickly in that district, and as she went she could see Mrs. Leboe in the window waving her hand, and she waved back. Paul, her son, 13 years old, was in his aunt's house and as soon as he saw his mother ran to meet her.

Then Mrs. Leboe saw a man creeping through some shrubs behind Mrs. Bowman and tried to warn her. Sorrenti sprang out behind Mrs. Bowman, and before she could turn fired at close range. The first shot pierced her heart. As she fell to the ground another shot struck her behind the left ear.

Children on the street saw the murder and fled in terror. Sorrenti cast one glance around, then put the revolver to his temple and pulled the trigger. As Paul reached his mother he fell on her and began to caress her. When he realized she was dead he turned on the Italian and kicked him. Bicycle Patrolman Roland Chataway came up quickly and summoned Dr. Cooke from the Norwegian Hospital. With great difficulty they dragged Paul away, and then they found that Mrs. Bowman was dead and Sorrenti dying. He was hurried to the hospital and died there at 6 o'clock.

PLAN BEHIND CHINA REVOLT IS REVEALED

Vast Scheme to Overthrow the Manchu Empire Silently Progressing for Years.

PEOPLE AND ARMY RIPE

Letters of Sun Yat Sen to British-American Bankers Tell Details in Seeking Funds.

MANIFESTO TO THE WORLD

Chinese Bankers Guarantee Offered—Five of Ten Army Divisions in Rebel Control.

REPUBLIC IS REVOLT'S AIM

Military Government First, to be Followed by Universal Suffrage and a President.

SUN YAT SEN FOR THE POST

May Have Got Funds Which Started Revolution in This Country—Rebel Success Grows.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 13.—Evidence of a remarkable character came to-day into possession of the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES showing that the Chinese rebellion is no mere sporadic outbreak, but the outcome of an organization secretly elaborated during the past three or four years by a body of most astute Chinese progressives under the leadership of Dr. Sun Yat Sen. This evidence is authoritative and conclusive.

Some of it I am at liberty to publish; the remainder I can only outline, owing to the delicate position in which its revelation would place the informants.

Documents amply prove that Dr. Sun Yat Sen and his associates have been making secret journeys to England and America, using every endeavor to raise a vast sum of money in the two countries to finance a Chinese rebellion. On more than one of these visits to London Dr. Sun Yat Sen has discussed his plans of campaign, and early this year he stated to a friend that he was going back to China, and that, if his disguise was not penetrated and he himself captured, the insurrection would begin in the early Summer. He still wanted further funds, however, and it was the fear that his mission might become known to the authorities, and that he himself might be done away with by means similar to those by which he was once kidnapped in London, that made it necessary for him to leave the country before he could convince the financiers whom he approached that the arms of the rebels would be crowned with success and a Chinese republic proclaimed.

Told Financiers in London.

For the best of reasons Dr. Sun Yat Sen did not disclose his full plans even to some of his most intimate friends. The latter were known to the Chinese authorities, and he felt that such knowledge would place them in a difficult position. But to a group of English and American bankers to whom he had applied for a loan he told the whole story of his projected campaign. In the early part of the negotiations Dr. Sun Yat Sen had stated that he had guarantees up to a large amount, and in reply to a request for information about these guarantees, the leader of the rebellion sent the following letter to the capitalists referred to. He wrote from New York, where he was working out the military part of his scheme.

New York.

Dear Mr. ——:

I am very sorry I have been too late to meet you in New York, as was arranged when we were at —— Club in London. In regard to the matter of getting a loan for a political object in China by the guarantee of Chinese merchants abroad, I have succeeded in bringing in a Chinese bank and three rice mills in Bangkok, Siam, and some merchants in Singapore and three mine owners in the Malay States who are willing to give such a guarantee. Their property, taken together, amounts to about $20,000,000, or about £4,000,000.

In order to make sure of our success we need a loan of £500,000 to perfect our organization, which will enable us to capture at least two rich provinces by the first surprise. After gaining this footing we will establish a provisional Government. Then we shall be able to give a substantial guarantee of a national character for a greater loan to further our movement to its completion.

We want you to find out for us positively whether there are any such capitalists who are willing to furnish us money; if so, under what condition,

and in what way the business may be transacted. As soon as I can ascertain this detail from you I will set to work to conform to the capitalists' wish.

Hoping to hear from you soon, with many compliments,

Very truly yours, SUN YAT SEN.

Confirmed Sun Yat Sen's Claims.

On receipt of this communication the firms to whom the project had been broached made inquiries of their own and secured ample corrobation of Dr. Sun Yat Sen's statement that the spirit of revolt was firing the Chinese and that an outbreak was not long to be delayed. They then wrote to Sun Yat Sen, in care of a firm of Chinese merchants in New York, his permanent address, stating that it was necessary for them to know the name of the Chinese bank to which he referred, and the names of the merchants at Singapore, Bangkok, and elsewhere to whom he also referred. They added that in their opinion there would be little difficulty in raising a sum of £500,000, providing this information were afforded them, and if the fullest particulars of the resulting situation bore out Dr. Sun Yat Sen's statement concerning it. They added that they would like from him a full statement of the position.

This request brought no reply from the rebel leader for some weeks, for, as he explained in a subsequent letter, he had been away from New York on a secret mission. Within two months of the dispatch of this letter, however, there came the following reply:

Dear ——: In reply to your questions, I beg to say that, firstly, in regard to support from the army and navy, the new divisions, now in the course of formation, of the Imperial Army, south of the Yang Tse River, are mostly commanded and manned by revolutionists, and will be ready to turn over to our side at the first chance the four completed divisions on the Yang-tse. The cities of Wu Chang, opposite Hankow and Nanking, are strongly pro-revolution. An understanding has been arranged with them that they will come over as soon as a revolutionary force has gained a footing in South China.

The seven divisions around Peking are the entire creation of the late Viceroy, Yen Shi Kai. Since he was degraded the loyalty of these troops to the Peking Government has greatly diminished. Though no arrangement has been made between them and us, we strongly believe they will not fight for the Manchu Government, and there is another division in Manchuria which is commanded by a revolutionary General who can be depended upon to co-operate against Peking when the time comes.

Thus, you see, there are in all twelve completed divisions of the new modern-drilling army. Five divisions are ready to give support to the cause, provided a fair starting could be made, and the other seven divisions are practically neutralized by the degradation of their late chiefs.

As to the navy, though hitherto no arrangement for its support has been made, an understanding can be easily concluded, if funds for the purpose could be sufficiently provided. The naval force of China consists of only four serviceable cruisers, the largest of which is only 4,000 tons, and the other three only 2,000 and 900 tons. Many of the officers and sailors are revolutionists.

Secondly, in regard to the prospects in provinces: The whole of South China is ready for a general uprising, as the recent intervention of the people of that region in the dispute over the Macao territory between the Peking Government and the Portuguese has clearly shown. Besides the readiness of all the people of South China to follow the movement, the revolutionists have enrolled the best fighting elements in the provinces of Kwang-Tung, Kwang-Si, and Hu-Nan. These provinces produce the best soldiers of China.

The present position of the revolutionary movement in China resembles a forest of dry wood. It needs only one spark of fire to set the whole mass into flames. This spark is the £500,000 for which I asked.

Thirdly, as regards the leaders' financial standing, I say that now no one is of great means, although some of them were; but all are men of ability equal to any of their kind in the world. And as regards the names of Chinese merchants abroad who would guarantee the loan, I could not tell you exactly, for, after I sent you my former letter, I got some more who were willing to give such a guarantee, and now I have to take a selection among them, which I will do when I get a positive answer from you that such a loan could be obtained under certain conditions.

When the selection of merchants is duly made I will tell you fully their names and financial standing. Since the loan is thus to be guaranteed by Chinese merchants of good financial standing, there will be no risk whatever of money, so any future agreement can only be made by consent of the guarantors.

If capitalists wish to have a greater profit, there is another way of carrying out the project. That is, the capitalists may take part in the movement by appointing their own man to contral finance and co-operate with our leaders. Thus, of course, the capitalists will have some risk to run, but when the movement succeeds—which will be pretty certain if we could get the necessary money to start with—they will reap the whole fruit of success without the interference of the guarantee party. I think we can repay the money many times over as soon as a city like Canton is captured, and, besides, other collaterals will be granted if the transaction is carried out between the revolutionary leaders and the financial party alone.

I wish you would find out for us whether any capitalists on your side would like to take up this matter, and if so under what conditions, and let me know all details; and if the loan can be settled under the second way which I proposed, what will you ask for compensation from our part?

I am going to start for California within a few days from here, but you can always communicate with me by the same address in New York. They will forward my letters wherever I may happen to be.

With my compliments, very truly yours, SUN YAT SEN.

Here, then, was Sun Yat Sen's view of the situation, and such his hope of triumph for the rebels. How far he was correct in his surmise and aspirations, telegrams from China during the next few days will show.

Bankers Not Convinced.

His account of the position was not sufficient to enable those with whom he was negotiating to come to a decision on the proposal. They therefore wrote him again, asking him to tell them in confidence the names of those who were backing his efforts by their money and influence. Before the answer to this question had time to arrive, a letter came from Sun Yat Sen. It was dated from another American city, was very brief, and led to the impression that he had been successful in raising his loan in another quarter.

It expressed the writer's hope for the success of his great enterprise and stated that the following proclamation had been decided upon by the revolutionary leaders as their manifesto to the nations of the world.

To all friendly nations, greeting.

We, the citizens of all China now waging war against the Manchu Government for the purpose of shaking off the yoke of the Tartar conqueror by overthrowing the present corrupt state of autocracy and establishing a republic in its place, and at the same time intending to enter upon a more close relation with all friendly nations for the sake of maintaining the peace of the world and of promoting the happiness of mankind, in order to make our action clearly understood, hereby declare:

First—All treaties concluded between the Manchu Government and any nation before this date will be continually effective up to time of their termination.

Second—Any foreign loan or indemnity incurred by the Manchu Government before this date will be acknowledged without any alteration of terms and will be paid by the Maritime customs as before.

Third—All concessions granted by the Manchu Government to any foreign nation before this date will be respected.

Fourth—All persons and property of any foreign nations in the territory occupied by the citizen army will be fully protected.

Fifth—All treaties, concessions, loans, and indemnities concluded between the Manchu Government and any foreign nations after this date will be repudiated.

Sixth—All persons of any nationalities who take the part of the Manchu Government to act against the citizen army of China will be treated as enemies.

Seventh—All kinds of war materials supplied by any foreign nations to the Manchu Government will be confiscated when captured.

This was the end of the negotiations, so far as the firm of London and New York bankers was concerned. The Chinese leader appeared no more in the matter, and the financiers were left to conclude that he had raised his money elsewhere, most likely in America and China. For a month or two the heads of the firm thought something untoward might have happened to Dr. Sun Yat Sen, for they recalled how he had told them that he was shadowed in England and that there was a price of £10,000 on his head in China.

Shadowed Even at Club.

"I was first introduced to Dr. Sun Yat Sen," said a member of the firm of bankers referred to, "at a social gathering in a well-known club. His host was a distinguished man whose name is very well known in connection with Chinese affairs. I was greatly struck with him. He was a charming raconteur, and in wonderfully good English, at once scholarly and idiomatic, he told us of the adventures of his eventful life.

"Particularly vivid was his account of how he was kidnapped and imprisoned in the Chinese Legation in London. He told how numerous attempts to assassinate him had been made in America, how China had put a heavy price upon his head, and how, in England, his footsteps were dogged. 'I was followed to this club. I am being shadowed even now,' he said. 'Look!' he said, as he took us to the club windows, 'don't you see there?' and as he spoke the figure of a Chinaman with the air of a furtive watcher passed by."

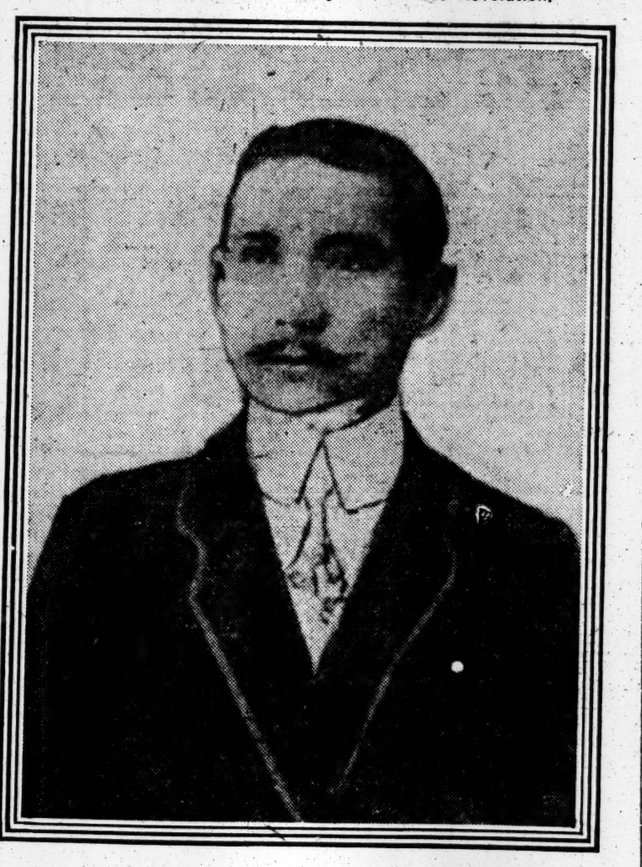
To another informant Dr. Sun Yat Sen declared that his aim, besides expelling the Manchu usurpers and restoring the national glory of China was to achieve a political change on the basis of freedom, equality, and humanity. A military Government would be established as preliminary to the achievement of this object, he said, China would be restored to the Chinese, a republic would be established, and a President elected by universal suffrage. Moreover, equal rights in land would be established on a Socialistic basis, abolishing all monopolies.

Slavery, foot binding, and the opium habit were to be suppressed, and at the end of three years, or earlier if conditions waranted it, the military régime would be replaced by a constitutional régime.

Self-government would be effected by means of a national assembly, with a President as the central figure of the civil authority. While the object of the revolutionary leaders was to preserve China for the Chinese, Dr. Sun Yat Sen said, there was nothing in the movement hostile to foreign residents in China or opposed to foreign trade with that country.

Sun Yat Sen

Who Planned and Got Money for Chinese Revolution.



RIOT AND FIRE IN HANKOW.

Many Manchus Slain—500,000 People in Flight—Business Stopped.

HANKOW, Oct. 13.—The rebels have been unable to maintain order and business has been completely suspended here and at Han-Yang and Wu-Chang. The working classes are without employment and are attempting to plunder. Fully a half million persons have fled to the countryside.

This city was a scene of desolation today. All night long incendiary fires burned throughout the native quarters and a night of terror for the populace it was. There was a massacre of Manchu families, which left large numbers of dead, and to add to the danger all the prisons were opened and the inmates released to wander about the town.

The revolutionary organization is making every effort to restore order, and it is announced that rioting hooligans wherever caught will be severely dealt with.

It is reliably reported that rebels are proceeding northward to meet the Imperial troops and that a thousand troops in the Province of Honan, adjoining the disaffected Province of Hu-Peh on the north, also are prepared to resist the Imperial forces.

The revolutionary army is strongly entrenched in Wu-Chang and Han-Yang, with guns mounted in commanding positions. Since the capture of the Han-Yang arsenal there has been no solicitude regarding the supply of ammunition, and the leaders declare confidently that they are in a position to cope with any opposition.

Parties of Government troops which are arriving here from time to time are met promptly by revolutionists, who endeavor to persuade them to join the movement. If they refuse they are allowed to withdraw beyond the limits of the city.

The American Consul General, Roger S. Greene, crossed the Yang-Tse River to Wu-Chang to-day, accompanied by the commander of the American gunboat Helena, The Associated Press correspondent, and two Chinese interpreters. The party went unarmed, and entered the gates of the city after they had been opened for a squad of rebel artillery to pass out. The party interviewed Col. Li, the rebel commander, who treated them with every courtesy, and assured them of their safety while in the city.

The Consul General gathered up forty-four foreigners who had not yet left the city, including Americans, Englishmen, and Italians, and took them back to Hankow. The missionaries were accompanied by 300 of their Chinese protégés. The party was unmolested on its way through Wu-Chang, being escorted all the way by a squad of rebel troops.

SUN YAT SEN'S CAREER.

Active for Revolution Since 1896, with a Price Upon His Head.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen, a slim little man with the air of a scholar about him, has been a thorn in the flesh of the Manchu Dynasty for many years. Since some time in the nineties there has been a price on his head, but he has slipped noiselessly about the world, escaping the nets of the imperial authorities and always active about the revolutionary propaganda on which he hopes some day to build the fulfillment of his dream—a Chinese republic for the Chinese. He was in New York as recently as last Spring.

Sun Yat Sen was educted in Honolulu, where his father was a Chinese merchant of considerable means. It was while a medical student in Hongkong that he was thrown in with countless numbers of his fellow-countrymen who had returned to China from all parts of the Western world and had brought with them much of the history and some of the spirit of the popular Governments in Canada and the United States. Out of this element was formed the China Reform Association, housed in Hongkong and back of one of the most daring plots in the history of the empire. And Sun Yat Sen was credited with conceiving the conspiracy.

One morning in 1896 a native chapel keeper in one of the Christian missions near the city gate at Canton received a note asking permission to store what purported to be a large consignment of cement barrels on the mission's premises. Unfortunately for the conspirators, uneasiness was already abroad in the land, and Christians had just been notified to remove their families to places of safety, so when the missionary saw the note he scented trouble and rushed it to the American Consul, who lost no time in getting word to the Viceroy. Meanwhile a message had arrived with the report that several thousand conspirators were leaving Hongkong by boat to arrive in Canton the next morning. Troops were called out, who broke open the barrels, to find that they contained ammunition of all sorts, the weapons for a plan that included the slaying of the mandarins and the call to an uprising of all the revolutionary clubs and organizations in Canton. The same troops met the incoming boat from Hongkong, and a few of the rebels on board were captured. As soon as it was discovered that Sun Yat Sen had devised all this trouble a large reward was offered for his capture, alive or dead, but he anticipated the action and left the country unobserved aboard a steamer for the United States.

He spent three months in San Francisco and few knew who he was as he moved quietly about Chinatown talking things over with the leaders of that world. Presently the China Reform Association began to appear in the form of branches in every important Chinese settlement in this country. Hundreds wore the badges of the society in San Francisco, but the prospectuses all dwelt on the remaking of China by peaceful means.

When Dr. Sun Yet Sen's identity became known in San Francisco he disappeared. He was next heard of in London and in difficulties there, for he was arrested and imprisoned in the Chinese Legation. In behalf of the Manchu Dynasty an effort was actually made to kidnap him and smuggle him to China, where he would surely have paid with his head the penalty for his activity against the throne. He managed, however, to pass a letter out from his place of imprisonment, and this fell into the hands of Lord Curzon, then Under Secretary of State. Dr. Sun Yat Sen declared he was a British subject and the Marquis of Salisbury was one of those who insisted upon his release. The upshot of the matter was that Sun Yat Sen did not go back to China. He was next heard of in Japan and in the early part of 1898 it was reported that he had at last fallen into the hands of the Chinese Imperialists and been condemned to death.

The wish may have been father to the thought, and there have since been several such thoughts. Every little while there would be a report that Dr. Sun had been officially located, but these reports never came to anything. At the time of the death of the Emperor and the Dowager Empress, wonder as to his whereabouts filled the Oriental press, and at Peking there was real anxiety on the subject. Two years ago he was established in comfortable quarters at Singapore, and from there his influence radiated. Ase recently as April 23 of this year he was in New York, speaking on that date at the Chinese Theatre, where he urged the taking up of arms against the Manchu dynasty, and he has been in England in the interval.

Dr. Sun's really fine Singapore residence was within a stone's throw of the house of the British Governor of the Straits Settlement. There he lived surrounded and protected by a small, compact following of Chinese, who were both a bodyguard and a group of advisers. From that house revolutionary pamphlets were issued and slipped into China in spite of all the efforts to keep them out.

Dr. Sun wrote and directed his forces from a book-lined room that seemed unlike the habitat of one who planned to shake an empire. There were books of all sorts, many of them English, for he speaks that language easily enough, and besides books on the philosophy of history and political economy there was much Napoleonic literature. Dr. Sun Yat Sen has studied Bonaparte.

He is described as a man slightly below the Occidental idea of medium height, erect, and of slender build. His hair is close-cropped and he wears a slightly upturning mustache.

More than two years ago he was quoted as saying at Singapore:

"The removal of the strong hand of the Dowager is in itself something. But even had she lived she could not have postponed the inevitable result—at least could not have prevented it. Each day makes for the growth of the independence propaganda. With us it is only a question of the psychic moment, and that will come soon.

"The history of China has been that, after every dynastic upheaval and change, there has been a period during which there was much strife among the victors for control. Perhaps there may be a repetition of this sort of contention among the Chinese victors over the Manchus, but the certain finality is a republic.

"The Chinese are lovers of peace, but they have fought some great wars in their history. They have made great progress in the last five years, and this has tended to show them that they have a right to a voice in their own Government. There can be no doubt that when the time comes, enough of them will be found to be ready for the danger of blood sacrifice if it is necessary."

When Sun Yat Sen summed up the strength of the Chinese Navy, he probably did not include the new cruiser just completed in England. When the cruiser Hai-Chi, the first warship flying the yellow dragon fly to appear in American waters, put in at this port a month ago, she was in the midst of a voyage that was to be wound up with her escorting the new cruiser to China. It was reported last December that the Imperial Government had ordered the construction of two cruisers in England, and at the same time, as a suggestion of revived naval interest in the empire, it was reported that plans were afoot to revive the Foo-Chow and Tien-Tsin Naval Colleges. The Hai-Chi had on board thirteen midshipmen who had been prepared for the sea at the Imperial Naval Academy at Chee-Foo.

Like Turkey, China has no modern battleships, but, unlike Turkey, she has no older battleships either. At the beginning of this year her naval strength was enumerated as one first-class cruiser and three second-class cruisers.

REBEL LEADER IN AMERICA.

Sun Yat Sen Said to be Expected in Chicago To-day.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, leader of the revolutionaries in China and in line for the Presidency there if the uprising is successful, will be in Chicago to-morrow and willl address his compatriots on behalf of the effort to overthrow the overnment in the mother country.

The announcement followed a declaration that Dr. Sun was in China, and that DeSiau, Secretary and head of the Young China Association here, had received a cable dispatch less than three days ago from the leader in Shanghai. Attempts were made to conceal the fatc that the revolutionist was in America, and to divert publicity from his movements.

Confronted by reports tthat Dr. Sun was known to be in America, however, Secretary de Sieu finally admitted his first declaration was untrue. He intimated that Dr. Sun was either in St. Louis or Kansas City to-day spreading the propaganda of revolt and seeking funds to finance the movement.

It was further asknowledged he was in Chicago within the last few days, and that he would probably be here for nearly a week, working from the local office of the Young China Association. He had urged secrecy concerning his movements and plans, however, and no information would be given out as to where he would appear here.

REPUBLIC IS PROCLAIMED.

Rebels Set Up New Government at Wu Chang—Big Battle Expected.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A special despatch received here from Shanghai says:

"A republic has been proclaimed at Wu Chang. A strong force of rebels left Hankow with the object of engaging the Imperial troops coming from the north, and a big battle is expected within two days.

"It is reported that a conflagration has broken out in the native city of Hankow and that the Government buildings and banks have been destroyed."

ITALY MAKES THREAT TO BOMBARD SMYRNA

Also Salonica, If Further Massacres of Italians Occur Like Those Reported.

ITALIAN LOSS REPORTED

Frankfurt Hears 1,600 Men Were Killed in Tripoli—Tripoli Occupation Will Cost $60,000,000.

ROME, (via frontier,) Oct. 13.—It is semi-officially asserted that Italy has notified the powers that she will send a fleet to attack Smyrna and Salonica if other massacres of Italians occur like those reported by Consuls to have taken place on the Hadjaz Railway, on the boundary line between Egypt and Syria. The Consular reports stated that thirteen Italian railroad laborers were massacred at Kerak, Syria, early in October.

Although the Government considers that the present expedition of 40,000 men will be sufficient for the complete occupation of Tripoli, the Ministry of War has prepared for an additional expedition in case of need. This is composed of six regiments of foot soldiers, including two from the regular infantry, two from the Alpine district, and two of sharpshooters, with a contingent of cavalry and artillery, numbering in all 15,000 men. This reserve force is prepared to reach Tripoli within forty-eight hours.

A report from Tripoli says that Gen. Caneva, Commander in Chief of the Italian forces in Tripoli, is awaiting the arrival of the final contingent of the first expedition before he begins an immediate march into the interior.

Gen. Vallerie has been intrusted with the entire work of organizing the occupation of Tripoli. It is stated that the estimates of the cost of the occupation will amount to $60,000,000. It is expected that the occupation will be in force at least twenty months before Tripoli can be intrusted to a civil administration.

In addition to eleven aeroplanes, two dirigible balloons will be sent to Tripoli to be used in scouting, and also to drop bombs in camps of the enemy. The bombs have been expressly manufactured for this purpose, and it is said their explosive force will cover a wide range. The foreign military attachés are taking a keen interest in the plans for aerial attacks upon the enemy, believing that they will demonstrate the practicability of airships in actual warfare.

The Albanians residing in Italy have addressed a note to the Italian Government, saying that they are trusting entirely to Italy's hospitality and do not consider themselves in need of the protection which Germany has offered to extend to all Ottoman subjects on the peninsula.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 13.—The Government to-day ordered the expulsion within twenty-four hours of all Italian correspondents in Constantinople.

A society has been organized to wage an economic war against Italy. All Ottomans are asked to sign a declaration undertaking on oath to cease all dealings with Italians. The newspapers indorsing this campaign advise Ottomans to inculcate the young with a hatred for Italy and Italians.

A prize court has been formed to deal with the captures of war, which, up to the present time, include two tramp steamers, a yacht, a motorboat, and a number of tugs, lighters, and steam launches.

FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN, Oct. 13.—The Frankfurter Zeitung's correspondent at Constantinople forwards a dispatch dated Tripoli saying:

"A fierce engagement occurred between the Turks and Italians on a hill in the neighborhood of the city. The Italians lost 1,600 kiled and wounded. The Turkish casualties were slight."

There is no confirmation of the dispatch which is at variance with recent Tripolitan news reaching here through other channels.

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 14.—The Constantinople correspondent of The Chronicle says that Italy, counseled by the powers, has made proposals to Turkey which are expected to bring about peace.

RUSSIA WARNS TURKEY.

Says Attempt to Confiscate Grain Cargoes Will Mean Heavy Responsibility.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 13.—The text of the Russian note to Turkey regarding the free export of Russian corn was made public to-day. In reply to a verbal remonstrance Turkey had said that she intended to act according to the declaration of London of 1909.

As this was considered unsatisfactory to Russia, this Government presented a written demand, wherein it was pointed out that Russia, basing her position upon the declaration of Paris of 1856 and Articles 24 and 33 of the declaration of London, considered that cargoes of corn were subject neither to arrest nor confiscation when addressed to Russian ports in the Black Sea or to Italian ports so long as the cargoes were not destined for the Italian field forces or Italian offical consignees. The note concludes:

"Any attempt to arrest and confiscate the above-mentioned cargoes Russia will regard as a violation of the rights of Russia, and the Government gives warning of the heavy responsibility Turkey will incur in such circumstances."

Turkey has not replied, but as the ships with corn have not been molested, it is presumed that the Ottoman Government intends to observe Article 34 of the declaration of London.

Article 24 of the declaration of London describes articles, including foodstuffs and grain, which may be treated as conditional contraband of war. Article 33 explains "conditional contraband" as articles liable to capture if shown to be destined to be used for the purposes of a war in progress. Article 34 sets forth that the destination referred to in the preceding article is presumed to exist if the shipments are consigned to an enemy or the contractor of an enemy, but where these presumptions do not arise the destination is presumed to be innocent.

TURKISH TROOPS SURRENDER

Italy Lands Guns at Tripoli—Populace Grateful for Food Supplies.

TRIPOLI, Oct. 13.—The landing of artillery ammunition and stores from Italian transports is being effected. Large numbers of Arabs are voluntarily serving as porters. To-day thousands of rations were distributed among the famishing populace, many of whom kissed the hands of the Italian officers and called down upon them the blessings of Allah.

Last night troops exploring the outskirts of the city encountered fifty Turkish soldiers who, when challenged, laid down their arms and said they desired to surrender. The officer in command of the Turks told the Italians that 2,000 Turks were encamped near the oasis of Beni Adum. They would fight desperately, he said, if attacked, but were prepared to surrender if assured they would be permitted to take a steamer for Constantinople.

Mrs. Croker Gets Separation by Default

Ex-Fire Chief Edward F. Croker did not defend the separation suit brought by his wife, Ella F. Croker, when it was called yesterday for trial before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum.

Mrs. Croker withdrew all her charges except that of abandonment.

After Mrs. Croker and her attorney, Edward S. Peck, testified to routine matters Justice Greenbaum announced he would grant her a decree. Mr. Peck said that an alimony arrangement was being made.

THRONE IN GRAVE DANGER.

Revolution Spreading Through Provinces of Vast Empire.

PEKING, China, Oct. 13.—China to-day faces an unprecedented crisis. With the spread of revolutionary activity, the opinion is gaining ground that the fate of the ruling dynasty hangs in the balance.

The revolution is no longer confined to the central provinces, a thousand miles away from the capital. Peking itself is threatened.

Members of the Cabinet admitted today that the garrison here is known to be honey-combed with the revolutionary sentiment. The same condition exists in the two great military posts which guard the capital, Pa-Ting-Fu and Tient-Sin.

There are still official attempts to minimize the gravity of the situation, but the reports reaching the capital give little basis for hope. Today's news included reports that Chung-King was in danger, that I-Chang had been taken, that Yo-Chow had fallen, and that communication between Hankow and Chang-Sha, the capital of Hu-Nan Province, was interrupted.

An edict published to-day offers pardon to all revolutionists "who were coerced into joining the rebellion." The pardon is conditional, however, on their expressing suitable repentance for their defection.

The Government to-day followed up its act of yesterday cashiering the Viceroy of Wu-Chang, by extending the same treatment to Gen. Chang Piao, the commander of the troops in the Wu-Chang district, where this week's outbreak began.

The revolutionists have informed the Consuls at Hankow that they will respect all treaties and loans and indemnities contracted by the Chinese Government.

A well-informed revolutionary sympathizer said to-day that the rebels would probably leave the capture of Peking and Shanghai to the last because of the danger of foreign complications. He said the utmost confidence seemed to prevail among the rebels. It is stated that they have been two years in perfecting their organization, and now have members in all the Government offices.

The National Assembly showed revolutionary tendencies last Winter, and the reassembling of that body in a fortnight is regarded with anxiety. The provincial assemblies almost without exception are anti-Government.

Eight trainloads of troops started today from Pao-ting-fu, Province of Chi-li, for the affected district.

All the available railway cars are carrying to the south troops, who will be used first to guard the line, and thereafter in an attempt to recapture the towns taken by the revolutionists.

It is reported that the rebels to-day allowed the weekly express to leave Hankow crowded with refugees. It is believed the rebels found over a million dollars in Mexican money when they raided the treasury at Hankow, and also obtained half a million dollars in the same coin from the Hankow merchants.

The authorities are taking steps to provide adequate defense for the capital of the empire. The programme for the Autumn manoeuvres in Kai-Fong, 400 miles south of Peking, where 30,000 troops were to have taken part in extensive drills, was canceled to-day, and the Sixth Division of the army was ordered to entrain this afternoon for Feng-Tai, a suburb of this city.

The Government in its reports on the situation is attempting to convey the impression that the revolutionists are without trained leaders or adequate organization. But the revolutionists have a reliable chief, well versed in military affairs, in Gen. Li Quan Heng.

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Season 1911-1912

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Mr. Dion W. Kennedy, *At the Aeolian Pipe Organ*
Mr. W. C. Woods, - - - *At the Pianola*

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PROGRAM

Ballade, Op. 23, - - *Chopin*
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The Rosy Morn, - *Ronald*
MRS. GOOLD
Accompanied with the Pianola
Tosca, Selection, - *Puccini*
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Autumn, Op. 32, No. 2, *Chaminade*
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Barcarolle, Op. 27, No. 1, *Moszkowski*
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Returning, leave North Philadelphia 30 minutes after game.
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WAIT ALL NIGHT AT POLO GROUNDS

Continued from Page 1.

day since last Thursday night with a large force of assistants to prevent speculators from getting the tickets and in an earnest effort to serve the public if the statement that we stood in with the speculators was true.

Any man who says that any official of the New York Club stood in with speculators in the sale of tickets for this world's series is just what I brand him, a malicious liar, and he can get $5,000 of my money when he proves he is not. This goes for them all now and hereafter. WILLIAM M. GRAY,
Secretary New York Baseball Club.

Crowds at Grounds Last Night.

Disappointed fans who heard of the statement were indignant, but that didn't prevent them from laying other plans to get seats. The one chance left remained at the box offices, at the Polo Grounds, which open this morning at 9 o'clock, and as early as 9 o'clock last night the crowd began to arrive to take up places in line and await the opening of the offices.

Fortunately it was warm, and before going home yesterday afternoon the Weather Man promised that to-day would be fair. A wait of only a few minutes, however, tired many of the men, and, with the prospects of twelve hours more of it, some of them slipped out of line to dodge across Eighth Avenue for refreshments. That was where the small boy of the neighborhood began to reap what by to-day will have been a harvest for him.

One youth after another began to arrive armed with campstools, kitchen chairs, and soap boxes. These sold anywhere from 5 cents to whatever they would bring, and presently the youngsters discovered another source of income. This was to sit on their own chairs or boxes and hold places for ticket buyers, who found pleasanter ways of spending the evening hours. Their offers were snapped up rapidly, but there were a few who decided not to sell out. Instead they planned to keep their places for themselves, buy a ticket and take their chances on selling it at a premium to some belated enthusiast on the morrow. Only embryo capitalist could indulge in this speculation, however, and their number was not large.

Expected Crush Not There.

All told the crowd that reached the grounds before midnight did not exceed 500, of whom nearly 150 were youngsters. Fifty policemen under Capt. Kreuscher of the West 152d Street Station were on hand to handle the big crowds that had been expected, and the failure of these to materialize caused comment among the police as well as those who had come to take a place in line. It augured, they said, that the public meant to rebuke the club for its ticket-selling methods by shunning the games.

But as you can't keep a fish alive out of water, so the baseball fan can't be kept away from a championship game, argued the club officials, and they have no fears for the size of the gathering to-day. It is only its sentiment which they dread, for a hostile crowd has lost more than one game before this.

A man who said he was William Gaynor, manager of a colored tenement at 256 West 156th Street, had perfect confidence in the size of to-day's crowd. He erected a grand stand on the roof of his building back of a huge advertising sign, and announced that seats would be on sale there to-day. A Building Inspector condemned the stand yesterday, but Gaynor said last night that he should offer tickets for sale, nevertheless.

Some who had no hope of a ticket even were it sold at its regular price mounted to the elevated structure as early as yesterday afternoon and took places there, prepared to stick till the game was called. They had their luncheons with them and camp stools to sit on, but the elevated employes soon drove them off and special policemen were stationed there to keep them from coming back.

The most careful preparations have been made also for handling the crowd to-day. Extra trains will be run on the elevated and the Subway, and Police Commissioner Waldo has detailed 625 men to care for the crowds.

Special trains will begin to run on the Sixth and Ninth Avenue elevated lines at 10 o'clock, and trains will enter the 155th Street terminal at two-minute intervals thereafter. Ten-car trains will also be run in the Broadway Subway at two-minute intervals. The surface cars also will run on a new and faster schedule.

With every preparation made, therefore, the New York Baseball Club, the Philadelphia Baseball Club, the National Commission, and the players on the championship teams of the two leagues have only to hope for clear weather and a friendly crowd. The first they are sure of, says the Weather Man. The last they may have or—they may not.

Fans Storm Club Offices.

Angry fans, demanding tickets or the money which had accompanied their applications stormed the office of the club on the sixth floor of the St. James Building, Broadway and Twenty-sixth Street, from daylight to dark yesterday. Four special policemen stood on guard outside the office of Secretary Gray, refusing admission to all, but condescending now and then to convey a note to those on the inside. In practically every case the answer was returned that nothing could be done. It was also announced that Secretary Gray was not there.

Men and women, manufacturer and laborer, proprietor and clerk, professional men and just ordinary fans who had trouble scraping together the two one dollar bills which they had hoped would buy a ticket—all met on common ground and discussed their grievances familiarly. Each felt himself the victim of a grave wrong, and as a result all were brothers in the common cause. That cause consisted in demanding an explanation from the New York Club regarding the whereabout of tickets or money. During the day the elevators kept busy carrying disappointed fans to and from the sixth floor of the St. James Building. The number of them ran far into the thousands. They got no more satisfaction than tickets.

Speculators Laden With Tickets.

Thousands of the tickets for which fans had followed directions and sent money orders last week, only to be refused, were dangling from the hands of dozens of speculators all over the city. Every ticket agency and hotel had a number for sale, and the army of scalpers, who secretly ply their trade on the streets and escort their prospective purchaser into some near-by store to complete the transaction, had hundreds more. It was possible to get seats in almost any of the stands, and whole blocks of seats, as many as desired, could be obtained in many cases. The speculators had been so successful and the average fan had failed so miserably in getting tickets that open charges of collusion between club officials and speculators were often heard.

As for tickets being obtained for to-day's game, you may buy all you want and almost in any spot you like—if your desire to be present overcomes the respect the average man has for his money. You can get the tickets, but you must be willing to put up prices such as never have been paid anywhere to see a baseball game. The club officials have nothing to offer you but the announcement that the tickets have all been sold. To whom? A walk through the bright streets of the city last night would have convinced any one that most of them found their way into the hands of speculators.

At the New York Club office the excuse was offered that it was impossible to keep the tickets from the scalpers. It can't be denied, however, that the speculators were enabled to profit by the club's refusal to honor the requests for single games.

Only Scalpers Had a Chance.

With four tickets allowed to any one person, it can be easily understood that all requests for less than that number came from legitimate purchasers. The speculators sent for tickets for three games, and the average fan did not learn that such a request was necessary until after the private sale had ended. Instead of honoring requests for one, two, or three, or even four tickets for the first game, the club officials turned down the applications and sent out tickets to persons applying for the limit number of tickets for all games. As a result, the baseball enthusiasts of small means have money tied up now, no tickets for the game they wished to see, and no positive idea of how soon their money will be returned.

Charges were made yesterday that a man high in New York politics had obtained a large number of tickets for the speculators, and it was frequently asserted that the New York Club sold seats to speculators in blocks. It is generally expected that the National Commission will have to investigate the ticket selling here, as it did in Chicago three years ago. It was reported yesterday that a well-known sporting man of this city, who is much interested in the testimonial to be tendered the Giants to-morrow night, had ten boxes, and disposed of them to a local ticket agency at a substantial profit.

The boxes, which were supposed to go to well-known patrons of the Polo Grounds, have not escaped the speculators. John T. Brush, President of the New York Club, had personal charge of the distribution of the boxes. Every one who obtained a box is known to the club officials, and they may be asked to explain from what source these boxes were obtained by the original holders of them for this series of games.

Boxes could be obtained last night, not at one, but several ticket agencies. One enthusiast displayed last night his ticket for a box for the three games, and announced that he had paid $450 for the bit of pasteboard. This was an exceptional case.

Boxes for $200 Ready.

At one of the most prominent ticket agencies on Broadway last night this conversation took place:

"Have you any box seats for sale?"

"Yes, I can furnish you with box seats if you have the money to pay for them."

"How much do you want?"

"I will get you a box for the three games for $200."

"Have you sold any boxes?"

"Yes, here is a box that I sold two hours ago," said the agent as he pulled out a ticket from an envelope bearing a man's name.

All the hotels received about as many tickets as they desired, and these were on sale yesterday at different prices. Tickets were on sale at the Breslin, the Manhattan, the Martinique, the Murray Hill, the Belmont, the Grand Union, the Waldorf-Astoria, and in fact at almost any hotel. The prices ranged from $4 to $8 for the $2 seats and from $5 to $10 for the $3 seats. Last night speculators were asking as high as $20 for single tickets, but the average price was about half this. Boxes were sold for the series and the other tickets for single games.

As the New York Baseball Club had ordered all money to be sent through the mails some disappointed fans complained to Post Office Inspectors. The Inspectors looked into the complaints and gave out the statement that no fraud had been committed.

No Tickets for Columbia.

Columbia students, who had followed all directions regarding the sending of money orders, applied for twenty seats for the opening game, and one of their number said that he had received positive information from an official of the club that the order would be filled. They did not give up hope until yesterday when they were told that no orders were considered unless for all the games.

A demand for the money which had been sent to the club according to direction, brought back the usual answer: "You will get that some time next week." This is a typical case.

All over the city fans who had followed directions in applying for tickets gave up hope yesterday after a long wait.

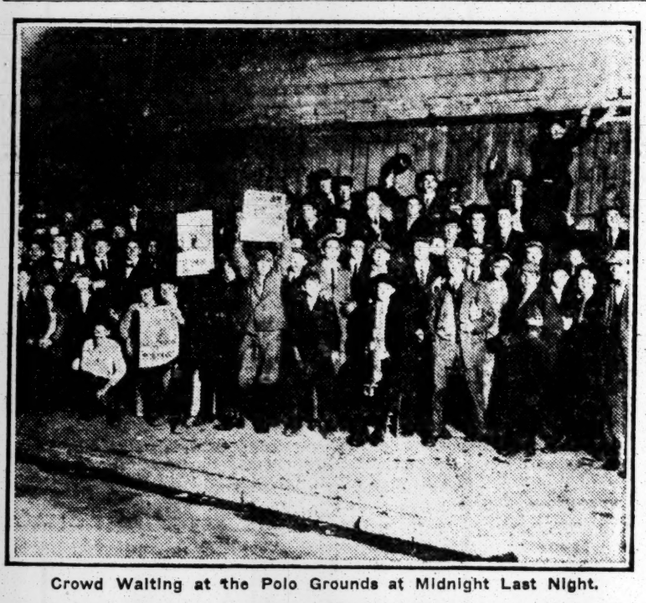
Many speculators openly boasted that they did not care particularly about selling seats yesterday as they were sure of getting top prices in the vicinity of the Polo Grounds to-day. They will be out in force to-day and plenty of tickets can be bought near the grounds. But they will command higher prices than yesterday.

District Attorney Whitman in speaking about the sale of tickets to speculators and the holding up of orders from the general public said:

"I have received no complaint about the alleged sale to speculators, although I am frank to say that I have been expecting one. No doubt I will receive one to-morrow, and if I do I shall take immediate action. If the law relating to speculators is to be enforced I think that it should be in this case.

"In regard to the alleged refusal of those at the head of affairs to sell tickets as advertised to those who sent money to cover their cost, but, in turn, kept both money and tickets, I have heard nothing. As soon as I receive a complaint I shall act at once, but, of course, I am not going to take the initiative."

The Winner of the World's Series.



Crowd Waiting at the Polo Grounds at Midnight Last Night.

ALL THE GIANTS ARE FIT.

Every One Accounted For Last Night and Not One Disabled.

In quiet Harlem hotels and in apartments on Washington Heights, where they live, the members of the New York team spent a quiet evening and retired early for a good rest before to-day's important struggle at the Polo Grounds. Manager McGraw said last night that he believed that his men were in good shape for the coming contest.

"I hope and believe that all my men are in the best of condition," said he, "and will put up a good fight. I never make claims regarding the outcome of any fight, but I feel that we will give a good account of ourselves against the Athletics. My pitchers are going great guns, and the balance of the club will be just as strong after the easy going we have had this week."

The Giants are fortunate in not having a badly injured player in the whole squad. Merkle, Meyers, Marquard, Devore, Snodgrass, and Doyle, who were more or less fatigued after the hard fight of the last few weeks of the season, have worked easily and rested during the past week, and Manager McGraw expects that they will go into to-day's game fit. The two boxmen on whom the Giants depend to carry them through the test, Mathewson and Marquard, along with the other pitchers, worked for a while yesterday to limber up their arms and try out their répertoire of curves.

Manager McGraw would not announce his pitcher for to-day's game, stating that the choice would not be made until shortly before the game was called at 2 o'clock. He will warm up his staff of five, and as both McGraw and Mack are crafty in baseball strategy, there will be much jockeying and guessing between them before they show their hands.

The Athletics came to the city last night on a special train and are at the Hotel Somerset. Manager Connie Mack is confident that his team will be two-time world champions when the series is over. From present indications it seems improbable that Jack McInnes, the phenomenal young first baseman, will be able to play. McInnes's injured right wrist has not improved as expected, and, although Mr. Mack would not say that McInnes was out of it, he said: "I have not given up hope that McInnes will play. He is far from being in the best shape, however. I am not making any predictions or claims, but if the Giants beat us they will know they have been in some ball games. There is no way to underestimate our team. It has shown that it is a winner, and will go into the series with every confidence."

Mr. Mack would not name his choice of pitcher last night. He said that he had not made up his mind. There is a strong supposition that Manager McGraw will send Rube Marquard to the firing line. Marquard, it is figured, could do better, in the face of a home crowd than he could in Philadelphia, and if he could pitch the first game here successfully, this would leave Mathewson for the first game in Philadelphia on Monday. Matty does not mind hostile crowds, and there is nothing in baseball that can rattle him. To battle with the Athletics successfully Manager McGraw believes that two of his pitchers must be in winning form, and he thinks that Marquard will have a better chance of winning here than in Philadelphia. If New York uses a southpaw it is not unlikely that Philadelphia will use Eddie Plank, the best left hander of the Mack staff. Then, again, if McGraw chooses Mathewson, the Athletics will probably use Bender. The choice of pitchers is indefinite, however, and the plans of the managers are likely to change at any time.

Mayor Gaynor will witness the game from a box and will be accompanied by Police Commissioner Waldo.

TICKETS IN PHILADELPHIA $10.

Small Scalpers Have Some for Less—Athletics Get a Send-Off.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 13.—Tickets for the world's championship baseball games between the Athletics and the New York Giants are plentiful at $10 apiece. Thousands of "fans" who sent checks to Shibe Park were disappointed to receive their money back with the information that the demand could not be supplied, but ticket speculators at the hotel newsstands and elsewhere stand ready to sell good seats if the right price is forthcoming.

The tickets in the hands of the speculators include admission, not only to the games to be played in this city, but to the New York games as well. In fact, there are more of the New York tickets available.

Those who can't afford $10 a seat can go to the small "scalpers" and strike a bargain. An elevator operator at one of the big hotels has a limited supply and is filling orders at from $5 up, according to the ability of the buyer to strike a bargain.

Ryan's ticket agency, in the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel, informed applicants today that their needs could be supplied at the market price of $10, with the single exception of the first game. No more orders for tickets for this game could be taken, it was said.

There was no need for despair, however, on the part of those whose hearts were set upon seeing the first game, for just across the street, in the Hotel Walton, the James Agency was ready to meet all "reasonable" demands. The prices quoted there were $10 and $11 for the first game and $9 and $10 for the second. These prices, it was explained, were for "any fair sort of a seat."

To the question of how many seats could be supplied the James Agency replied that a purchaser could get "all he wanted," "just let us know how many you desire and we will try to take care of you," the clerk said.

Cheered by hundreds who wished them victory in the first game for the world's championship, the Athletics left North Philadelphia station at 4 o'clock this afternoon for New York. At the sight of the boys who won two American League pennants in succession, and who will endeavor to do to the Giants to-morrow what they inflicted upon the Cubs a year ago, the "rooters" broke into loud applause.

BLEACHERS AT 9 O'CLOCK.

Gates Open So Long as Tickets Hold Out—Police Regulations.

Extensive arrangements have been made to handle the crowds which will congregate at the Polo Grounds to-day. The gates will be opened at 9 o'clock for the bleacherites, and as soon as the ticket supply is exhausted the gates will again be locked and people without tickets will be kept away from the entrance to the field. Sufficient police will be provided to prevent any congestion after the bleacher tickets go on sale. The New York Club yesterday sent out a notice requesting holders of reserved seats to get their places as soon as possible before 1 o'clock, otherwise they may have trouble getting through the crowds.

The police will not enter the Polo Grounds except in case of emergency. Commissioner Waldo was informed yesterday that 300 special policemen will be detailed inside the ball park to keep order, and that representatives of the Fire Department will be on hand to prevent the crowding of aisles.

The police arrangements are in charge of Inspector George W. McClusky. A squad of 250 patrolmen will be detailed outside the ball park, for a radius of several blocks. Fifty mounted policemen will look after the street traffic, and 100 "plain clothes" men will mingle among the crowds.

Machines going north on the avenue will keep on the west side, and will discharge their passengers before 155th Street is reached. The automibles will then return on the east side of the avenue, and will be allowed to congregate only in the side streets.

One block north of the north entrance of the Polo Grounds, on 154th Street, a police line will be formed, and pedestrians without tickets of admittance will not be allowed within a radius of a block of the ball park.

TAKEN FOR A SPECULATOR.

One Citizen's Experience When He Tried to Buy Four Seats.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having read in your paper the wonderful method adopted by the officials of the New York Baseball Club in keeping tickets out of the hands of the speculators, I would deem it a favor if you will register the following "kick" in your valued paper.

I went down to the St. James Building to get four seats, and after standing in line for about an hour, was refused. Not on account of all the seats being sold, simply because one of those wise ticket sellers thought I was a speculator; while, as stated in your paper, one speculator alone obtained 900 tickets and was not stopped.

If this is fair treatment to the public who support the New York baseball team and desire to see the games, then I cry quits.

Trusting you will enter my protest in your valued paper, I am, E. J.
New York, Oct. 13, 1911.

SURE IT WILL HURT THE GAME.

Disgusted Fan Says Many Will Leave Professional Baseball Alone.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Believing that THE TIMES is an exponent of all that is fair and just, I am writing you regarding the treatment accorded the patrons of the New York Baseball Club.

It was repeatedly stated in THE TIMES and in other newspapers that orders for the set of three games would have the preference and that when they were exhausted the orders for individual games would be filled. Relying upon this, many people—probably thousands—sent in mail orders with checks or money orders for single games. They were all sent in not later than Monday last. Speaking for myself, as well as many others, I can say that we have not received a ticket, nor have we received our money back.

This was not due to a lack of tickets. Thursday, three days after our orders were received, the club had a public sale of tickets, and the speculators had no trouble in getting all they wanted.

Baseball has been a clean sport, but it cannot long survive, any more than racing, in the hands of money vultures. Thousands of people, disgusted by this exhibition of rapacity, will leave professional baseball severely alone.

ALBERT M. FULTON, Jr.
New York, Oct. 13, 1911.

BOUGHT TICKETS YESTERDAY.

At the Club's Office, Too, Declares Fan Whose Order Wasn't Filled.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On Oct. 7 I mailed an express money order to the New York Baseball Club with the request that three $3 tickets be mailed me for the game of Oct. 14.

This morning, not yet having received the tickets, I went to the office of the club, got into line and in a few moments had the satisfaction of buying three $3 seats for the Saturday game.

Now, in view of the statements made that mail orders would be filled as long as seats lasted, and of the further fact that the public sale of tickets was discontinued yesterday morning after only three hours' selling because all seats had been disposed of, does it not seem curious that this morning there should have been veritable stacks of tickets to sell?

Speculators on the sidewalk and in cigar stores near the St. James Building had hundreds of tickets, also.

Where did the ball club get the tickets they sold this morning, after having been sold out yesterday?

How about the thousands of unfilled mail orders?

Is the dear public, as usual, being made the "goat," or what is the scheme?
New York, Oct. 13, 1911. G. W. L.

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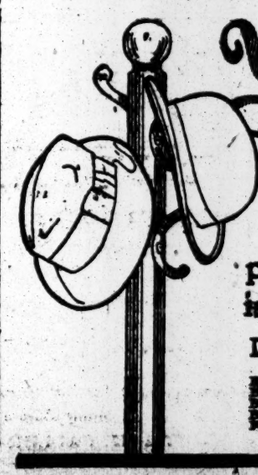
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Only Brooklyn Store, 362 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall

Andrew Carnegie's Article
— ON —
THE STEEL INDUSTRY OF THE UNITED STATES
is truly a masterpiece of information upon one of the world's great and most valuable industries.

This article by Mr. Carnegie is published over his own signature in the 1911 edition of the new Encyclopedia Americana.

This instructive yet interesting article by the one man in the world best fitted to write upon this important industry affords evidence that Frederick Converse Beach (Editor of the Scientific American and Editor in Chief of the Encyclopedia Americana) and his associate editors and contributors, numbering over 2,000, have provided with equal thoroughness for the treatment of all subjects in the Americana.

INDIA PAPER

THE publishers are justly proud of the convenient form of the new edition for purposes of quick and convenient reference. Instead of the usual cumbersome volumes, printed on ordinary paper and encased in stiff boards, the entire twenty-volume work is printed on India rice paper, which is thin and light, yet tough, opaque, and very durable, while the binding is in flexible leather. The result is that an 800-page volume is only about an inch thick; moreover the flexible covers may be bent back and the book held in one hand, making it about as easy to handle as a current magazine.

May we send you a copy of Mr. Carnegie's article on the "Steel Industry of the United States" together with full particulars of the Encyclopedia Americana and our limited-price distribution? If so, send your name and address to Department T.

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Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

FIND ELOPERS HERE; GIRL IN MAN'S SUIT

Too Generous Garments Arouse Detectives' Suspicion and Her Soft Voice Confirms It.

JUST PAWNED HER CLOTHES

Stamford Couple Fled In a Baker's Cart and Walked 14 Miles to a Railroad—Held by New York Magistrate.

When two young persons left a Third Avenue pawnshop at 140th Street yesterday morning, persons who saw them noted that one was broadshouldered and husky. His hands were large and his chin covered by a two days' growth of beard. The other was of medium height and very slender. The hands were delicate and small, and the clothes hung like draperies, so much too big were they. The voice of the broadshouldered youth was harsh, that of his companion soft.

In Third Avenue, near the pawnship, when the pair appeared were Detectives O'Neill, Tierney, Curley, and Doyle of the Alexander Avenue Station. The quartet looked at the two young people, and Doyle turned to O'Neill and said:

"I don't know, but one of these fellows looks like a girl to me."

O'Neill and the other detectives took a more critical look, and they, too, noted the feminine figure of the smaller of the two. The detectives decided to investigate, and Doyle walked up to the smaller one and tapped the shoulders.

"Certainly I am a man," came the reply to his query. "Aren't you awfully ashamed of yourself to ask such a shocking question?"

That was enough for the detectives.

"Well, we think you're a girl, all right, and I guess you and your partner had better come to the station house and answer a few questions," one said.

Then and there the smaller one broke down and admitted that she was Mary McDougall of 77 Gray Rock Place, Stamford, Conn., daughter of a widow and a second cousin of the Chief of Police of that city. Her companion said he was John Zeeman of 615 Main Street, Stamford, and that he was a driver for a baker in that city. Miss McDougall said that she was 22 and Zeeman said he was 20 years old.

It was a strange little procession that wended its way to the station house in Alexander Avenue, two blocks away. The girl hung to the arm of the man and a crowd of men and boys followed behind. The girl's trousers were nearly three inches too long, the coat was big enough for two of her size. The shoes were eights, whereas the size she wears is a three, and the big, black sweater she wore was, so far as size goes, in keeping with her other garments. That her hair had been cut recently was apparent.

"It was the worst hair-cut I ever saw," Detective Curley observed.

At the station house Miss McDougall said she and "Jack" had been in love for nearly two years, but that her mother would not permit "Jack" to visit her.

"Yesterday mother and I argued the matter again for about the thousandth time," the young woman said, "but mother was as stubborn as ever and said she would never consent to my marrying Jack. I am of age, and since I love Jack so dearly that I would stay in jail forty years for him if necessary, Jack and I decided to take the matter in our own hands and go to Newark and get married, after which we intended to go West, where he hopes to make a lot of money.

"We decided to leave Stamford yesterday afternoon, and about sundown Jack came along in the bakery wagon. I climbed in with the bread, where nobody could see me, and he drove to the shop and got $3 that was coming to him in wages. Then Jack drove the wagon to the stable, put up the horse, and I climbed out and we started for Bradford. We walked the whole fourteen miles. My, but we were tired when we got there! It was about 3 o'clock in the morning and we were so tried! Jack laid down and went to sleep on a lawn, while I stood guard over him."

"But where did you get that raiment?" one of the detectives asked.

"Oh, Jack gave these to me," the girl answered, "and I know they are an awful fit, but it was the best that the dear boy could do.

"And the hair cut, who committed that crime?"

"Jack did that, too," she answered, "but you must not upbraid him, for he was pressed for time, and it was his first lesson in barbering. You see, my hair was very long, and abundant, and as I was to be a boy until we could get married and were on our way West, I realized that if I was to get away with the deception my hair would have to go. Jack had brought a pair of scissors, and with them he cut my hair just as the sun was peeping over the hills yesterday morning."

Miss McDougall said that it was her clothes they had left in the Third Avenue pawnshop. These consisted, she said, of two skirts, a shirtwaist, a raincoat, and Jack's suit case. They had about $3 left when the police searched them. The police also found two gold lockets, a gold bracelet, a stickpin, and a gold breastpin. On the bracelet were the initials, "J. S. J.," and on one of the lockets the letters "J. F." Miss McDougall said that some of the jewelry belonged to her and that the rest was the property of Zeeman.

The police telephoned to Stamford and Chief Brennan started for this city at once, arriving in time to be present when the two were arraigned before Magistrate Appleton in the Morrisania Court, Miss McDougall still wearing Zeeman's clothes. On the way she rode on the seat of the patrol wagon with the driver, while Zeeman was inside with half a dozen men prisoners.

Chief Brennan said that the couple had been reported yesterday morning as missing, and that they were just beginning to search when the telephone message told that the runaways were in the Alexander Avenue Station. The couple agreed not to oppose a technical charge of disorderly conduct, and Magistrate Appleton held them for forty-eight hours while the Stamford police made an investigation to determine, among other things, the ownership of the jewelry found on them.

REGISTRATION FAR BEHIND LAST YEAR'S

Continued from Page 1.

able confusion was caused by the ignorance of Election Inspectors with reference to the requirements of the Levy election law. In some districts electors were required to fill personal identification blanks. Later in the day orders were issued that only the signature identification was necessary.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The city Registration Boards refused to organize at the usual pay, $4 per day. They demanded $7, asserting that they must do extra work under the Levy law. A compromise was finally effected at the rate of $6 per day, though this arrangement was unauthorized by the Aldermen. The registration was very small.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The recent decision of the Court of Appeals deciding as unconstitutional the provision of the Levy election law requiring personal registration of voters in rural districts was not accepted to-day by Election Boards of five districts, who declined also to abide by advice given by Republican and Democratic County Chairmen that they must register names presented, whether applicant appears personally or by proxy. Unless these boards change their decision both County Committees will begin mandamus proceedings to compel such registration.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Albany City's first registration under the new election law showed the smallest list of voters since 1906, the total registration being 8,816. Last year the first day totaled 10,356 and in 1908, 11,325.

FILLING UP LOCAL TICKETS.

Results of Adjourned Aldermanic and Assembly Conventions.

Adjourned Republican Assembly District Conventions held last night resulted in these nominations:

Sixteenth—William H. Daley.
Twenty-second—Barney Wayneck.
Thirty-second—Morris S. Schetor.
Thirty-fourth—Charles I. Fleck.

Adjourned Republican Aldermanic Conventions made these nominations:

Sixteenth—John P. Gallagher.
Twentieth—William P. O'Brien.
Twenty-second—Henry Otes.
Twenty-fifth—Emanuel S. Berge.

These were nominated at adjourned Democratic Assembly Conventions:

Seventeenth—Bernard C. McKenna.
Nineteenth—Harold A. Content.
Twentieth—Jacob Levy.

The Democrats also nominated these candidates for Aldermen:

Nineteenth—Daniel F. Sheehan.
Thirty-third—John J. Hickey.
Twenty-ninth—John F. Walsh.

RICHMOND DEMOCRATS

Name a Ticket with J. Harry Tiernan for County Judge.

The Democratic Convention of Richmond County met last night at Democratic headquarters at Stapleton and nominated the following ticket:

For County Judge—J. HARRY TIERNAN.
For County Clerk—JOSEPH J. O'GRADY.
For Member of Assembly—RALPH McKEE.

Mr. Tiernan is a Stapleton lawyer. Mr. McKee is a member of the Board of Education and Secretary of the Staten Island Club, and Mr. O'Grady is Deputy County Clerk.

NOMINATED FOR THE ASSEMBLY

KINGSTON, Oct. 13.—Andrew J. Cook was nominated to-day for the Assembly by the Republicans of the First District of Ulster County.

HUDSON, Oct. 13.—The Republicans of Columbia County to-day nominated John L. Grandell for the Assembly.

MONTICELLO, Oct. 13.—The Republicans of Sullivan County to-day nominated Gabriel F. Corning for the Assembly.

Named for Westchester Shrievalty.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The Republicans of Westchester County reconvened their County Convention at White Plains to-day, because of the death of Sheriff Scherp, and nominated Under Sheriff William J. Doyle of Bedford for Sheriff. The Democrats later in the day nominated former Assemblyman Marmaduke Burr Wright of Mount Vernon for the same office.

Bronx Lawyer Named for Fusion.

John Davis, a lawyer, was nominated last night by the Independence League as a candidate for Municipal Court Justice for the Second District. The meeting was held in Independence League headquarters in Tremont Avenue, near Bathgate, the Bronx. A committee was also appointed to call on the Republican organization of the district with the proposal that ex-City Court Judge Henry Botty, who was named for Municipal Court Justice by the Republicans on Thursday night, withdraw, and allow fusion on Mr. Davis. The Republicans made the same effort to bring about fusion on Thursday night.

WRIT BARS FLIGHT WITH SON

New York Teacher Makes Vain Effort to Possess Boy at Reno.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Oct. 13.—Foiled in his attempt to escape from the State with his young son, who has been in the custody of his mother since she obtained a divorce here several months ago, John Archer Silver, a teacher in the public schools of New York City, will to-morrow make a final effort to get possession of the boy.

Mr. Silver, who failed to defend the suit for divorce, yesterday took the boy from the public school where he is a pupil. When about to step aboard the Overland limited last night with his son he was served by a Deputy Sheriff with a writ of habeas corpus in a suit by the child's nurse.

Silver appeared in court this afternoon at the time named for the return of the writ. More time was asked by the attorney representing Mrs. Silver in order that she might be present at the hearing. She is now in California.

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ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY DOZEN PAIRS in a special shipment for today makes one of many extraordinary Hose values that men will find here.

They are of ingrain pure thread silk with mercerized soles and tops in black, white and twelve of the most desirable plain colors.

All are made with spliced heels and toes and are exactly the class and quality of Hose which sell regularly at a dollar a pair. Special today, 50c. a pair.

Main Floor, Elm Place.

On a Main Floor Table Today

Women's Silk Hose, $1.10. Values to $2.

AS WE UNPACK THIS SILK HOSIERY it seems more astonishing than ever that it is possible to sell it for the price.

Any woman who desires to buy Silk Hosiery of good style, that will give perfectly satisfactory service, at very low figure, will surely not let this occasion go unnoticed.

Black lustrous ingrain pure thread silk Stockings with mercerized tops; also with double silk tops. They are well made and reinforced and Hose with all the character and quality of regular $1.50 and $2 silk Hose, for ..... $1.10 a pair

Women's $1 Silk Stockings at 79c. Black pure thread ingrain silk Stockings with mercerized garter tops and soles.

Main Floor.

White Shetland Finish Veils

At 29c., 49c. and 69c., Values 49c., 69c. and 98c.

FOUR HUNDRED OF THESE STYLISH VEILS join today in the lowest priced Shetland finish Veil offering of the season.

They are all of this season's making and they come in the most attractive of octagon, fancy, spiderweb and broken meshes as well as a number of filet mesh styles with the dainty figure patterns.

All are 1½ yards long, and they are all in white only, and Veils which have formerly been marked at 49c., 69c., and 98c., for 29c., 49c., and 69c. each.

$1.50 Silk and Velvet Hand Bags, $1

THE MOST FAVORED STYLES, and every one of them marked at a price that will discover owners for them very quickly. They are of black velvet and corded silk and black velvet in the large square envelope shapes. All fitted with purse and finished with the long cord handles. One-fifty values for $1.

$2 Leather Hand Bags at $1.50.
Black morocco and the soft colored suede Bags in the full round Kyle bottom style, lined with silk and fitted with purse. Long cord handle.

$2 Black Seal Grain Hand Bags, $1.50.
The flat envelope shape Bags lined with moire and fitted with small envelope purse to match. Long strap handle.

$2.98 Leather Hand Bags, $1.98.

Main Floor.

Sale of Ostrich Plumes.

Black and White.

TWO WEEKS AGO, for our Anniversary celebration, we made an offer of black and white Ostrich Plumes—and the entire stock was sold before the day was over.

Today we shall be able to make *just as good an offering again.* The Plumes are of the lustrous, long flues, the very kind that are in greatest demand for hat trimming.

On account of the very low prices none will be sent C. O. D., exchanged or credited.

$3.25 Plumes, 14 inch, at $2.25.
$4.50 Plumes, 16 inch, at $2.85
$5 Plumes, 18 inch, at $3.39.
$6.50 Plumes, 20 inch, at $4.50.

Second Floor, Elm Place.

Genuine Gun Metal Guard Chains

$1 Jeweled Styles for 50c.

THE GUARD CHAIN has established itself in considerable favor with women of fashion, and today we shall have a quantity of regular dollar styles to sell for 50c.

They are of fine links mounted with twelve sparkling crystals or amethysts, each stone being faceted and set in tiny metal band, and four inches apart, in center of chain.

Main Floor, Fulton Street.

TAFT URGES TREATY TO HELP HONDURAS

He Says Central American Trade Will Be Valuable if Countries Are Aided Financially.

PLAN OF NEW YORK BANKERS

President Makes First Important Speech in California at Sacramento —Now in San Francisco.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 13.—President Taft's first important speech in California was delivered here to-day from the steps of the State Capitol Building. The President spoke in behalf of proposed treaties with Nicaragua and Honduras and vigorously defended the policy of the Administration, which he said "muckraking journals" have labeled "dollar diplomacy."

Broadly speaking, Mr. Taft said, the proposed treaties with these countries would secure for them a financial agent in the United States which would settle their existing debts on a just basis and which would point the road to peace and prosperity to two republics rich in natural resources but torn by strife and revolution.

Mr. Taft pointed out the efficacy of a similar arrangement with Santo Domingo, where this Government collects the customs and sees that foreign debts are paid, exercising a beneficent supervision that Mr. Taft said has accrued to the upbuilding of Santo Domingo.

Objection to the treaties in the United States Senate, the President said, was based largely on the proposition that they would make entangling alliances with republics in this hemisphere for the promotion of a banking contract since the money for the payment of the debts of the two republics would be furnished by American interests.

Another objection discussed by the President was that the Monroe Doctrine was sufficient bond between the United States and the Latin-American republics.

"It is objected that this is 'dollar diplomacy,'" said Mr. Taft, "and that we ought to have none of it. Give a dog a bad name and you know what follows. To call a piece of State craft 'dollar diplomacy' is to invoke the condemnation of the muckraking journals whose chief capital is the use of phrases of a lurid character."

The President said further:

"We have heard a great deal during the past six months in favor of general arbitration treaties for the promotion of the peace of the world. I believe there has been of late more genuine expression of sentiment among all the people of the earth for peace than ever before in the world's history. The craving for some effective means of promoting peace grows not so much out of actual war as out of the desperation with which the great nations are increasing the stupendous burden of armies and armament, making Europe an armed camp, with the growing menace of bankruptcy.

"In Honduras there have been seven revolutions in fifteen years. Its territory reaches from ocean to ocean, and its neutrality is rarely preserved when its neighbors are at war. These conditions necessitate the keeping up, at great expense, of its army. General arbitration treaties can have little influence over countries subject to these conditions. The shifting of Government from one group to another would weaken greatly the practical binding force of such treaties, and the unsettled condition of the population makes it necessary that a more effective method to secure tranquillity and quiet must be found, and thereby the forces among these peoples making for civilization and progress must be given full opportunity to achieve their beneficent ends.

Importance of Custom Houses.

"Our experience with Santo Domingo, once a volcano of revolution constantly in eruption, suggests a possible and practicable method of meeting the same difficulties that are presented to these Central American republics. A study of the revolutions shows that their first object is the seizure of custom houses through which import taxes are collected. The custom houses are the only sources of revenue at such times, and provide the sinews of war for the professional revolutionist. With these as a basis of operation he moves into the country and ultimately and for the time being secures control of the whole republic.

"The lesson of Santo Domingo has suggested a similar solution of the difficulties of Honduras, Nicaragua, and some of the other countries in Central America. There have been, as I say, seven revolutions in fifteen years in Honduras. Her debt, the principal of which was originally $26,000,000 in bonds, has increased by accrued interest to $124,000,000, and her military expenditures each year are $900,000. The Government has no money with which to make improvements, to build roads, to do any of the things necessary to progress and civilization. Her people are poor and on the verge of starvation in a land that ought to be blossoming with prosperity, and she has turned to us as a philanthropic guardian of the small countries of our continent to assist in the adjustment of her foreign debt, to improve the collection of her taxes—in a word, to follow the course taken in Santo Domingo. The treaty we have concluded with Honduras provides that we will help her to secure a financial agent in our country who shall settle the existing debt on a just basis, for every one admits the fraudulent character of part of the debt and its inequity, because so little of it really inured to the benefit of the country.

"By the treaty the Government of Honduras undertakes to make a contract providing for the refunding of its present internal and external debt for the adjustment and settlement of claims liquidated and unliquidated, and for the placing of its finances upon a sound and stable basis.

New York Banks Interested.

"A contract for the loan has been made between the Government of Honduras and four of our prominent banking firms —Pierpont Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City Bank, and the First National Bank of New York—and the Guaranty Trust Company of New York has agreed to act as the fiscal agent of the loan. Under this arrangement the old debt of the republic, of about $26,000,000, is to be redeemed by the issue of bonds to the amount of $4,500,000. The whole loan is to be $10,000,000, and is to cover this payment of bonds. About $2,500,000 is to be used for internal improvements. The only obligation the United States assumes is to exercise its judgment in recommending Collectors of Customs, and it reserves the right to protect such Collectors. The contract of loan has been examined by the State Department and by experts employed by it to see whether it is fair to the Government of Honduras. The rate of interest for the bonds is 5 per cent., and the price at which they are to be sold is 88. This is not as high as the Dominican bonds sold under the contract, because when that contract was made the experiment had been actually made and there were already several millions of dollars on deposit in the bank in New York awaiting distribution in liquidation of the debt.

"The fear of action by the United States, when it has a right to act under such a treaty as this, will reduce the necessity for sending the gunboats we have heretofore had to send every time there was a disturbance in a Central American country. Honduras, stretching from one side of the isthmus to the other, has been a common camping ground for the revolutionists of the Central American republics. If we can by such a simple arrangement as this, and by the assumption of such a light responsibility as I have described, put Honduras on her feet, so far as her debts are concerned, and can give her a breathing space in which to develop the wealth which nature has lavished upon her, we can be certain of promoting peace and thrift in a part of the world where peace and due process of law are now unknown.

"Nicaragua is a country lying adjacent to Honduras, and its circumstances have been similar to those of Honduras. The treaty with Nicaragua is practically the same as that with Honduras. The approval of these two treaties and a successful administration of the loan contracts will lead to adjustments of the national debts of the other Central American republics on a basis much more favorable to them and with even less responsibility on the part of the United States.

"San Salvador is one of the Central American republics that has had less revolution and disturbance than any, and its credit has, therefore, been better. The minute, however, that the Honduras treaty was made and the loan effected, subject to ratification by the Senate, the Minister of that country advised Mr. Knox that the prospect of putting Honduras on a sound and peaceful basis had enabled his country to reduce its army, thus lessening the cost of its government and increasing its ability to meet its financial obligations.

Objection in the Senate.

"There is a very decided objection in the Senate to the approval of these treaties. I doubt if I can fairly state these objections.

"The United States did not enter into this treaty for the promotion of its own banking business or that of any of its citizens. It was thought advisable to favor a contract with American bankers rather than with foreign bankers, because such a contract would tend to keep trade in America, rather than divert it to European markets—I mean the trade of these countries. As it is now, a large part of the Honduras trade, both export and import, is with the Gulf ports of the United States. Peace and prosperity will largely increase this trade, and with an American loan and our protection of the contract we are sure to retain this trade, which will increase, instead of its going to some other country. This is the correct object and purpose of diplomatic negotiation. Trade is not the chief purpose of the contract, for, as I have already explained, it is to promote peace in this part of the world, a part of the world so near the Panama Canal as to give us an additional geographical reason for desiring to eliminate revolution and warfare. As a matter of fact, it will reduce our naval expenditures by diminishing the number of gunboats we have to maintain in all this region. An examination of our expenditures on this account during the last five years will show that this is considerable."

SAN FRANCISCO'S WELCOME.

Dinner on Friday and Exposition Ceremonies To-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 13.—President Taft found the heartiest welcome of his trip awaiting him here to-night. He had spent the entire day in the State traveling from the northern border, where Gov. Hiram W. Johnson and a party of officials met him.

Gov. Johnson is the insurgent Republican leader in the State. He used few words and invariably referred to Mr. Taft as "The President of the United States."

At the State Capitol, Sacramento, Mr. Taft spent twe hours and spoke from the Capitol steps.

Gov. Johnson did not attend the dinner in honor of the President to-night, pleading a previous engagement, but will speak with him to-morrow at the ground-breaking ceremonies of the Panama Pacific International Exposition to be held in celebration of the formal opening of the Panama Canal in 1915.

Mr. Taft will remain here until Sunday night.

Man Revives at Undertaker's.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—While being carried into an undertaker's shop on the west side, David Easley of La Grange, Ill., who was thought to be dead, suddenly regained consciousness and shouted, "Take me out of here; I'm not going to die yet!" He was taken to a hospital for treatment and may recover from injuries received when he was struck on the head with a rifle while quarreling with Roscoe Holtz.

GOVERNMENT WINS THE BATHTUB SUIT

Court Holds That Patents Apply Only to Thing Invented, Not to Product.

ENAMEL WARE UNPROTECTED

License to Use Wayman's Patent Dredger Gives No Right to Restrain Trade, Says Judge.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 13.—In the United States Circuit Court here to-day Judge John C. Rose gave a decision in favor of the Government in its dissolution suit against the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company and others, the so-called "Bathtub Trust." Judge Pritchard concurred with Judge Rose, while Judge Goff dissented.

The decision is most sweeping. Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant to the United States Attorney, and United States District Attorney John Philip Hill of Baltimore, who conducted the case for the Government, stated that to-day's decision supports the Government's contention on every point.

The action was brought under the Sherman anti-trust law. In case of an appeal, it will go direct to the United States Supreme Court.

While this decision is in a separate case from the criminal action against the alleged trust, at Detroit, the proceedings concern the same subject matter and are aganst the same defendants.

Under the court's ruling Edwin L. Wayman, patentee of an enamel dredger, who issued licenses of the patent to the defendant concerns, is held as much subject to the laws governing monopolies as any other man, and while he still has the right to exclude all others from making use of his patents, "he cannot have the right to sell indulgences" in violation of the Anti-Trust act.

It was on the patent holdings of Wayman that the fifty defendants in the case upheld the right of their action in the combine, but the Government maintained that this was only a subterfuge.

Judge Goff's opinion in dissent was very brief. He held that "the facts established by the testimony, considered in the light of the law applicable thereto, compel me to conclude that the allegations of the petition have not been sustained."

Judge Rose said that the evidence shows that two of the individual defendants—Bert Tilden and George W. Franzheim, Secretaries of the Colwell Lead and the Wheeling Enameled Iron Companies, respectively, had no part in forming the combination, and that as to them the petition should be dismissed.

According to the court's opinion the enamel ware put out by the concerns, although manufactured by means of the automatic dredger of Wayman, is absolutely unpatented, and any one may sell it as freely as a loaf of bread.

"If agreements in this case are not violations of the Sherman act," says the ruling, "similar agreements among all the bakers of bread, the refiners of petroleum, the grinders of snuff, will be legal provided that somewhere in the process of making bread, refining petroleum, or grinding the snuff a patented tool has been used."

Further on the opinion recites:

"A patentee is as much subject to the laws of the land as is any other man. From one special application of one class of laws he is exempt. At common law and by statute monopolies are unlawful. At common law and by statute a man who invented a new and useful thing might be given a right which would enable him for a limited time effectually to monopolize it. The courts have said that this right to monopolize what he invented cannot be taken from a patentee by State laws. They say it has not been taken away by Congress. All men know that Congress never intended when it passed the Sherman act to change the patent law. It did not do so. The patentee may, in spite of that law, monopolize for the term of his patent the thing which he or his assignor invented. Neither at common law nor in this country by statute has he ever had the right to monopolize anything else.

"As to anything not validly claimed in his patent he is as other men. If by the common law or the statutes of the State or by the enactments of Congress men are forbidden to restrain trade or to monopolize it, a patentee may not restrain trade or attempt to monopolize it in anything except that which is covered by his patent. A patent is a grant of a right to exclude all others from making, using, or selling the invention covered by it. It does not give a right to the patentee to sell indulgences to violate the law of the land, be it the Sherman act or another."

In support of the ruling Judge Rose gave a wealth of authorities, and in conclusion exempting the two defendants named above, (Tilden and Franzheim,) said:

"Against the other defendants, corporate and individual, the Government is entitled to injunctive relief substantially as prayed for. In view of the pendency of the criminal case all characterization of what the defendants have done not necessary to the effectiveness of the decree should be omitted from it. The Government may submit a draft of a decree to the counsel for the defendants. If an agreement cannot be speedily had we will upon application fix an early day for its settlement."

The injunctive proceedings of the Government have been in progress in many cities since August, 1910.

DETROIT, Oct. 13.—The criminal cases against more than a score of firms and individuals alleged to be in the "Bathtub Trust" probably will come up at the November term of the Federal court here. All the defendants have pleaded not guilty.

Cold Bay Where Boiling Lake Was.

SEWARD, Alaska, Oct. 13.—There have been three distinct eruptions of Bogoslof, the celebrated Aleutian volcano, this season. Deputy United States Marshall Hastings of Unalaska, who arrived here today, passed Bogoslof on Sept. 10. Bogoslof Island had completely changed its physical appearance. There was no longer a boiling lake in the centre. In its place was a bay of cold water, the side of the island having been blown off.

BOY KILLS FELLOW CLERK.

He Aimed Revolver at Victim in a Spirit of Bravado, Witness Says.

Charged with having shot and killed Charles McGuire, 17 years old, a clerk in the office of the German-American Fire Insurance Company at 104 Greenwich Street, George Gilhooly, 19 years old, of 547 Ninth Avenue, a shipping clerk in the employ of the same company, was sent to the Tombs yesterday, in default of $1,500 bail, to await the result of the inquest. He is charged with homicide.

Mrs. Annie Gilhooly, the mother of the boy, has been seriously ill at her home with blood poisoning for the past two weeks. The family have kept from her the news of McGuire's death, fearing it would have a fatal effect upon her. They told her, however, that her son had been arrested and was accused of having shot McGuire slightly in the arm. The news that her son was a prisoner had a bad effect on the woman, and last night her condition became much worse.

The shooting occurred yesterday morning on the third floor of 104 Greenwich Street, where the German-American Fire Insurance Company have a printing supply house. The office is in charge of C. P. Chapman, the manager, and his assistant, H. S. Milligan. The two principals in the shooting were well in the rear of the room, and were hidden from the other occupants by tall shelves littered with books and pamphlets.

Milligan said that when the report of the shot was heard that both Chapman and he thought one of the electric light bulbs in the place had burst until Albert Hassmer, a clerk, ran to them with the news that McGuire had been shot. They carried him downstairs to the drug store of Dr. Louis Spingarn on the ground floor, where Dr. Spingarn treated him until the arrival of an ambulance from the Volunteer Hospital in charge of Dr. Healy.

Dr. Healy found the bullet had penetrated the boy's neck, severing the jugiar vein, and fracturing the upper part of the spine. The bullet had forced the boy's collar button into the flesh of his neck. McGuire died in the ambulance on the way to the hospital.

Albert Hassmer said that Gilhooly in a spirit of bravado had been flourishing an unloaded revolver in the office. McGuire, he said, was attending to his work. When Gilhooly aimed the gun at him, Hassmer says, McGuire laughed. "It isn't loaded, and you couldn't hit anything with it anyway," he said jestingly. Gilhooly then, according to Hassmer, inserted a cartridge in the revolver, and pointed it at McGuire. Hassmer did not see the revolver explode.

After the shooting Gilhooly was taken to the Greenwich Street Station by Patrolman Innis. He had first denied that he had done the shooting, but later under the grilling of the detectives, admitted that he shot McGuire. He said it was accident.

The police were unable to find the revolver after the shooting. After a search they found it hidden behind the woodwork of a washstand in the rear of the room.

Referee to Hear Upton Sinclair Suit.

Upton Sinclair's suit for divorce against Meta H. Fuller Sinclair will be tried before William T. Kelley, who was named referee by Supreme Court Justice Pendleton on the joint application of Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair. Harry Kemp has been named by Sinclair as co-respondent.

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AUTHOR ARRESTED ON HOTEL COMPLAINT

Kellogg Durland, Social Worker, Accused of Giving a Bad Check at The Hermitage.

SIGNED BY HIS WIFE IN BLANK

Managers of Hostelry Say They Furnished Cash in Return—"Affinity" Earle One of His Friends.

Kellogg Durland, social worker, was arrested just outside the Explorers' Club in the Engineering Societies' Building in West Thirty-ninth Street at noon yesterday on a warrant issued by Magistrate Herrman on Wednesday, charging him with having violated the Hotel act.

Durland is accused of having obtained $358 worth of board and lodging at the Hotel Hermitage, on Seventh Avenue, between the months of February and July this year, without paying for it.

When Durland was arraigned late in the afternoon in the West Side Court Lawyer George C. Norton, counsel for the Hotel Hermitage Company, told Magistrate Herrman that the charge against Durland might be changed later. He said Durland, after being repeatedly dunned by Messrs. Thomas and Edward Carroll, proprietors of The Hermitage, last July, filled out for their benefit a blank check bearing the signature of his wife, Genevieve G. Durland. The check was for $600, and Durland's bill at The Hermitage at that time amounted to $358. Nevertheless, according to the lawyer's statement, the Carroll brothers good naturedly, at Durland's request, advanced him $120 in cash on the strength of the check, which was drawn on the Hudson Trust Company.

When the Carroll brothers presented the check for payment it was returned to them with the statement that there were not sufficient funds to Mrs. Durland's credit to meet it.

Durland, who is a nattily dressed young man, with an artistically trimmed blond beard, first came to the Hotel Hermitage last February. He spent a lot of money there, according to Edward Carroll.

"He showed me several books he had written," said Mr. Carroll, "and told me he knew many prominent social workers and writers and J. G. Phelps Stokes and Ferdinand Pinney Earle, the 'affinity' man of Monroe, N. Y. I understood from him that his wife was at that time living near the Ferdinand Pinney Earles at Monroe, and that he himself was keeping six horses there. He said he expected to make about $1,000 from literary work that he was doing for Hampton's Magazine and other periodicals. He dictated a good deal to the hotel stenographer. When he offered us the check bearing his wife's signature he assured us that there were funds in the bank to meet it."

Durland, after his arrest, was taken to Police Headquarters, where he said he was 30 years old, married, a writer, living at 107 Waverley Place. In the West Side Court he asked for an adjournment until Sunday. He raised somewhat of a discussion about the amount of the alleged debt, and also about his bail. The Magistrate held him in $500 for examination Monday morning. He was taken back to Police Headquarters again and locked up.

He declared that the charge against him was an error.

Durland is the son of J. H. and Eunice Lavinia Cox Durland, and was born in this city thirty years ago. He was educated at Harvard (1900,) the University of Edinburgh (1901,) and l'Ecole des Hautes Etudes Sociales in Paris (1902.) He worked as a coal miner in Scotland during four months of 1901 "to study mining conditions," and made a special investigation into child labor abuses in the Pennsylvania coal mines in 1902. He was head of the Tech House in Boston, 1903-4, and head worker in the University Settlement here in 1904-5. As a disguised immigrant he studied the American immigration question in 1905, and traveled in Russia during the revolution of 1906. He has contributed magazine articles to Collier's, Harper's Weekly, and The Review of Reviews. While traveling in Russia he was arrested and imprisoned. He is a Trustee of Hartley House, the social settlement in West Forty-sixth Street; a member of the Explorers', Ends of the Earth, Chicago Press, and National Press Clubs and the National Geographic Society, and the author of "Among the Fife Miners," "The Red Reign," "Lone Stories of Living," and a drama entitled "Buchanan of the Times," which he wrote in collaboration with Genevieve Greville.

According to Chief Inspector Hughes of the Detective Bureau, Durland is one of the "references" whose names were recently found by Chief Magistrate McAdoo on the pistol permit which Magistrate Corrigan issued to "Boston Charlie" of Chinatown.

CONTESTS $500,000 ESTATE.

Grandson of Wm. C. Lesster Disputes Will in Which He Was Not Named.

Under an order from Surrogate Cohalan, who is hearing a contest of the will of William C. Lesster, devising an estate of more than $500,000, brought by his grandson, William C. Lesster, 2d, George Gordon Battle, attorney for the grandson, took the testimony yesterday of Grace Felix Lesster, the widow and principal beneficiary under the will. If the grandson, who was the son of Edward Lesster, a deceased son of the testator, succeeds in overthrowing the will, the widow will receive only one-third of the realty, and the rest of the estate will be divided into three portions, one for the grandson and two to Lesster's infant children. The grandson has a suit pending in the Supreme Court to set aside several transfers of realty made by Lesster to Mrs. Lesster.

Mrs. Lesster said yesterday that she and her sister, Mamie C. Lesster, also named in the will, which was made in October, 1910, omits any mention of the contesting grandson, were daughters of K. E. Felix, a marine painter. She met Lesster in 1904, only a few months before he married her. At their marriage he told her that he was 55 years old. It is the contention of the contesting grandson that he was really 75 or 76 years old at that time. Mrs. Lesster said that after the birth of their first child, a son, in July, 1907, her husband confided to her that he was 65 years old. Her daughter was born in 1910, and Mr. Lesster died in the latter part of that year.

Mrs. Lesster explained yesterday that her husband's gift of the office building at 147 West Twenty-third Street, and other realty on First Avenue, and on 107th Street had been prompted by his satisfaction at the birth of these children. She said she knew nothing of his will, which gave her a large share in his estate, and left a part estimated at between $200,000 and $300,000 in trust for his children, until he telephoned to her in regard to it from his town house to his Summer home at Lyons, N. J. The will provides that the trust shall be kept intact until the little girl becomes 25 years old, when, with the exception of $25,000, which is given to the mother, it is to be divided equally between the son and the daughter.

Mrs. Lesster told of her husband's death, following an operation at St. Augustine, Fla., shortly after the will was executed. She said he had been hurt in an accident before the trip to the South, but had recovered his health. Here sister also testified, and showed great emotion in speaking of his death.

CHANGED VOTES TO LORIMER.

Senator Womack Tells of Democrats Who Suddenly Shifted.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—With more than a dozen members and ex-members of the Legislature waiting to go on the witness stand, the United States Senate committee which is investigating the Lorimer case had a busy day. Among the witnesses were State Senator John Broderick of Chicago, State Senator Edward J. Glackin of Chicago, and State Representative Robert E. Wilson of Chicago.

W. S. Lawrence, a Fairfield (Ill.) real estate dealer, was asked to tell of his business relations with State Senator James A. Womack of Equality. Lawrence testified that Senator Womack told him he had been offered $1,000 to vote for Lorimer.

State Senator James A. Womack, under interrogation by United States Senator John W. Kern, testified that "if he had trained with the Lee O'Neil Browne crowd in the Legislature he believed he would have been offered money to vote for Lorimer."

Womack related a story of the Democrats who changed their votes from Stringer to Lorimer without warning.

"I was amazed when Senator D. W. Holstlaw and Senator Albert E. Isley voted for Lorimer," said Womack. "One sat at either side of me in the Senate chamber and both were from Southern Illinois, my section of the State, and were close friends of mine.

"But neither told me before he cast his vote what he had made up his mind to do. Neither sought to have me vote for Lorimer.

"My suspicions were aroused from the time of that roll call."

BANK INQUIRY HALTS PENDING ELECTION

Not Consistent to Go On Now with Investigators Running for Office, Says Van Tuyl.

DEPOSITORS ARE INDIGNANT

District Attorney Clarke, However, Will Continue to Present Evidence to Grand Jury.

State Superintendent of Banks Van Tuyl suspended the Union Bank investigation yesterday until after election, giving as his reason that political capital was being made out of the inquiry. This unexpected action was deeply disappointing to those who had planned to make much of the bank inquiry in the county campaign. But although public hearings before Special Deputy Bank Examiner Dodge have been halted, District Attorney Clarke said yesterday that the inquiry as to probable criminal responsibility would be continued in the Grand Jury room.

It was thought in Brooklyn that Mr. Van Tuyl's action had been inspired by Gov. Dix. There were rumors that John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings County, upon hearing that such action was to be taken, made an attempt to have Supt. Van Tuyl change his mind, but that he had moved too late. Last night, however, Mr. McCooey said that he had not heard of the matter until he read of it in the afternoon newspapers.

The hearing before Mr. Dodge had just about started yesterday when Louis Goldstein, who has been presenting the evidence, made it known that the inquiry had been halted. This letter was read:

Oct. 13, 1911.

Mr. Edward Lane Dodge, Special Deputy Superintendent in charge of Union Bank of Brooklyn, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I have learned from newspaper reports that Mr. Cropsey, who has been assisting Mr. Goldstein, our attorney, in the investigation of the affairs of the Union Bank of Brooklyn, has been nominated for the office of District Attorney of Kings County.

Mr. Goldstein, himself, has been renominated for the Assembly, and, of course, is engaged in the conduct of his own campaign.

I do not deem it consistent with the dignity of this department or with a calm and judicial inquiry into the affairs of the institution that this investigation, which has thus far been conducted for the purpose of ascertaining the truth and promoting justice, should be made the football of politics or become a mere annex to a political campaign.

You will, therefore, announce at the close of the hearing to-day that further hearings are adjourned until Friday, Nov. 10, 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Kindly instruct Mr. Goldstein, our attorney, to be prepared to proceed with the investigation vigorously and expeditiously at that time, and request the committee of depositors to present any further facts that may in the meantime come to their knowledge to the representatives of the department.

Very respectfully yours,
GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr.,
Superintendent of Banks.

Mr. Van Tuyl's order aroused much indignant expression among the depositors.

The trial of former President David A. Sullivan of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank on an indictment charging forgery in the third degree, which was to have begun on Monday, was postponed yesterday by Justice Garretson so that Max D. Steuer, Sullivan's attorney, might appear in court on Oct. 23 to argue for a change of venue.

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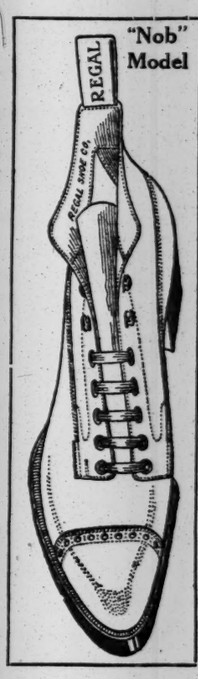

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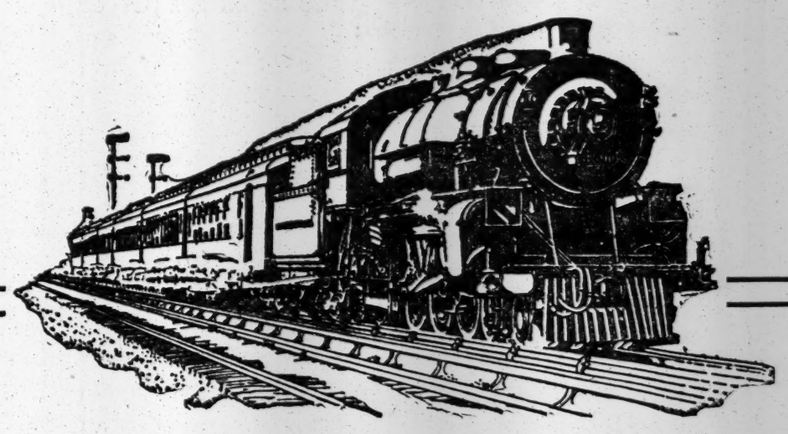

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CONNAUGHT SWORN IN AS CANADA'S VICEROY

Quebec Is Gayly Decorated for the Reception of the Duke and Duchess.

PROUD OF HIS HIGH OFFICE

In Speech of Thanks the Duke Is Reminiscent of His Early Associations with the Dominion.

QUEBEC, Que., Oct. 13.—The Duke and Duchess of Connaught, who are to occupy Rideau Hall at Ottawa as representatives of King George for the next few years, arrived at Quebec last evening and landed this morning. They were accorded the reception to be expected from loyal Canadians to members of the royal house. The streets were gayly decorated for the occasion and everywhere was manifested the liveliest interest in the reception to the new Governor General.

The Duke was received by the Deputy Governor General, the members of the Dominion Cabinet, the Inspector General of Militia, the Director of the Naval Service, the Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec, the Prime Minister of the Province, and the members of the Provincial Cabinet.

As he stepped from the boat the band played the National anthem and cheers came from the thousands who had assembled to do honor to the representative of Great Britain's ruler. A salute of twenty-one guns was fired and as the guns boomed and the band played his Royal Highness was escorted to the carriage which was to convey him to the Parliament building.

The ceremonies of installation took place in the Legislative Council room and were impressive. At the appointed time Capt. Pelletier entered the chamber and intimated to the under Secretary of State the arrival of the royal party. On the entry of the Duke and Duchess and their suite the assembly rose. Then Mrs. Borden came forward and presented the Duchess with a bouquet.

The Duke was formally sworn in, and upon taking his seat a royal salute of twenty-one guns was fired announcing the installation of the new Governor General.

After Lady Gouin had presented a bouquet to the Duchess, Sir Lomer Gouin read an address of welcome, followed by the Mayor of Quebec with an address from the citizens.

To Sir Lomer Gouin's address the Duke replied:

"Mr. Premier and Gentlemen: I thank you for the hearty and loyal welcome which, in the name of the Province of Quebec, you have extended to the Duchess and myself. Your province, rich in historical memories, is usually first to welcome the new Governor General and bid him godspeed at the end of his tenure of office. Thus first and last impressions of Canada are fraught with the atmosphere of prosperity and progress which characterizes your beautiful land. In days gone by it was the fusion of French and English races which made the greatness of England. Here again history repeats itself and it is their memory which makes your own greatness.

"From Saxon and Norman England drew qualities of courage, perseverance, and strength, which raised her to her proud position among nations. Here under the wise rule of statesmen, sometimes of British and sometimes of French descent, Canada has achieved an era of development which is the envy of the world.

"I am proud and happy to have been selected by my King to fill the high office of Governor General and to thus be in a position to follow and promote the remarkable progress of your country. That this progress, under Divine Providence, may be continued and be ever increasing is my most heart-felt wish, and I am glad to have the opportunity of expressing it to you on my arrival."

Replying to the address of the citizens, the Duke said:

"I thank you from the bottom of my heart for your cordial welcome. In the name of the Duchess I also thank you for the graceful expressions with which you have greeted us on arrival on Canadian soil. I shall have pleasure in submitting to the King and Queen your assurances of loyalty and attachment to the Crown. Our stay in Quebec is necessarily short, but we hope to spend a portion of each year in your beautiful city.

"Many years have passed since my first visit to Canada. Here long ago I came as a soldier at the outset of my military career to which I have devoted my life.

"It will be a great pleasure to renew the associations of my youth. Although the country may have changed. I know Canadian hearts have not changed, and I rejoice to think that in coming here I shall find among you some old comrades of my time as a subaltern, with whom I passed many happy hours."

ESCAPES FROM BANDITS.

Rescue Party's Fight with Them Frees Cuban Held for Ransom.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Oct. 13.—Jennings S. Cox, Jr., General Manager of the Spanish-American Iron Company, and Pedro Aguilera, a mining engineer and official of the same company, were held up today by bandits on the road from El Cuero to Santiago, in the vicinity of the Nima Nima River. The bandits demanded $2,000 from the men, holding Aguilera as a hostage, releasing Cox in order that he might obtain the money with which to release Aguilera.

Mr. Cox proceeded to Santiago and returned with a party of armed men, who overtook the bandits and exchanged shots with them. During this fight Aguilera escaped from the bandits uninjured. A strong detachment of Rural Guards is now pursuing the outlaws.

SAYS SPANISH LOST 400.

One Fight with Moors So Resulted, Says Paper—Tribesmen Repulsed.

MADRID, Oct. 13.—The Moors in the Riff country are attacking the Spaniards at every opportunity, usually sustaining losses greatly in excess of those inflicted. The Moors assaulted the camps at Imarufen and Izhafen on the night of Oct. 10. They left 30 dead on the field. Two of the Spanish soldiers were wounded.

El Correo publishes a letter from its correspondent at Melilla, Morocco, in which the losses of the Spaniards in the fight of Oct. 7 are estimated at 400 dead and wounded.

MEXICO'S NEW CABINET.

Madero's Appointments Out — De la Barra Is Foreign Minister.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 13.—The following is an authorized list of the personnel of President Madero's Cabinet: Minister of Finance, Ernesto Madero; Fomento, Rafaelo Hernandez; Instruction, Jesus Flores Magon; War, Gen. José Gonzalez Salas; Foreign Affairs, Francisco L. de La Barra; Communication, Manuil Bonilla; Justice, José Vasquez Tagle, and Minister of Interior, José Pino Suarez, (probably.) bly.)

The last appointment is the only one regarding which Madero is doubtful.

Señor de La Barra will not take immediate charge of the Foreign Office, but will carry out his commission to visit Italy as special Ambassador to convey the thanks of the Government for the participation of Italy in the centennial of 1910. He will remain in Europe several months.

FOUR TAKEN FOR MURDER.

Brother of the Dead McBreen Identifies One of the Prisoners.

Charged as accomplices in the murder of Patrick McBreen, better known as "Paddy the Priest," in his saloon at 771 Tenth Avenue, on the morning of Oct. 4, four men were arrested at 100th Street and Park Avenue last night after a struggle and taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station. They were John Muraney, an ironworker, of 116 East 109th Street; Charles Salty, a plumber, of 214 East 106th Street; John J. Dowling, a carpenter, of 300 Morris Avenue, the Bronx, and John Weithe, a laborer, having no home.

McBreen was shot by one of two men who entered his saloon while he was counting the day's receipts and talking to friends. The assailants escaped and McBreen was removed to Flower Hospital, where he died the next day.

Peter McBreen, brother of the murdered man, pointed to one of the prisoners who had been placed in line for identification, and said:

"There is the man who killed my brother." The man designated let a cigarette he was smoking drop from his trembling fingers and clutched at the railing in front of the Lieutenant's desk. His lips twitched, but he did not speak.

According to the police the man pointed out by Peter McBreen answers the description given by his brother before he died.

Jail for French Female Spy.

LEIPSIC, Germany, Oct. 13.—Mlle. Renee Thirion, a French teacher who was arrested as a spy, charged with having obtained from a German army officer the secret mobilization plans of the German Army, was to-day convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

NAME CITY OFFICIAL IN ALBANY SCANDAL

Public Safety Director Cantine Was to Place Insurance on Resort's Furnishings, Detectives Say.

DISTRICT LEADER UNDER FIRE

Coons's Only Fear Was the Investigation—Says Detective McClelland Tried to Bribe Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 13.—For the first time since the State Senate Committee began its investigation of Albany conditions the name of E. B. Cantine, the Director of Public Safety, was mentioned in the testimony at the hearing to-day. The Director of Public Safety is an important cog in the City Government of Albany, and also in the Barnes machine. In the city administration he has control over the Police Department, the Fire Department, the streets of the city, and of public health.

In private life Mr. Cantine is an insurance man. He deals in life insurance and also in casualty insurance, is agent for surety bonding concerns, and does a fire insurance business as well. His position as head of the Police and Fire Departments, it would appear, has not hurt his private business enterprises any.

It was when Robert S. McClelland, the New York detective, and the women assistants he hired for the purpose of acting the various rôles in connection with his disorderly house trap, were being examined this morning at the hearing that Mr. Cantine's name went down on the record. It is known that James W. Osborne, chief inquisitor, regards him as one of the important figures in Albany's "system," and it is not denied that he may be called as a witness and submitted to a grilling before the investigation comes to a close.

Miss Mary Berger, the woman detective who as "Mrs. MacWilliams" had been cast for the housekeeper's part in the Red Light drama staged by Mr. Osborne, was on the stand, and was telling about the visit of E. S. Coons, the Republican district boss, to the resort which Detective McClelland had opened, under instructions from Mr. Osborne, when he asked her:

"Was anything said about insurance at that visit?"

"Yes," the witness replied. "It seems that those who had occupied the house before we came had had a fire—a curtain or something caught. Mr. McClelland talked to Mr. Coons about insurance."

"What did Coons say?"

"He said he would send a man whose name was Cant-something down, and he would fix it up all right."

The witness could not remember the full name, but Detective McClelland made up for the deficient memory of his woman colleague.

"Coons told me," he said, when summoned to the stand later by Mr. Osborne, "that he would send Cantine's man down to see me, and that I did not need to worry about the premium, as he would leave his money in the house."

E. S. Coons, the district boss, a man who looks his part, had been subpoenaed by Mr. Osborne and was in the Senate Chamber, where he occupied a conspicuous place, in order that he might be readily identified by the detectives who had done business with him. He heard this testimony, but it did not seem to affect him any. He joined in the general laugh that the testimony of the detectives provoked.

MIDSHIPMAN A SUICIDE.

C. D. Price Shoots Himself on the New Orleans in the Philippines.

MANILA, Oct. 13.—Charles Denniston Price, a midshipman of the cruiser New Orleans, attached to the United States Asiatic fleet, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself in the head. The New Orleans is lying off Cavite, having recently returned from a cruise in Chinese waters.

Price was appointed to the Naval Academy at Annapolis from Pennsylvania on July 27, 1905. No explanation of what led to a demand for his resignation is given here.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Midshipman Charles D. Price, who committed suicide aboard the cruiser New Orleans to-day, had been ordered by the Navy Department to take a re-examination for his promotion. Having failed on a previous examination, it is believed at the department that he preferred to resign rather than to stand the test. The Navy Department was awaiting the arrival of the New Orleans at the Mare Island Navy Yard before accepting the resignation.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13.—Midshipman Price was a son of Charles B. Price, a well-known Republican politician of Pittsburgh. He was graduated from Princeton before entering the navy, but his friends say he was not strong physically. His family and friends here know of no reason why he should have taken his life.

LEISHMAN AT NEW POST.

Presents Credentials to von Kiderlen-Waechter as Our Berlin Envoy.

BERLIN, Oct. 13.—The new American Ambassador, John G. A. Leishman, arrived here this morning and presented his credentials to Foreign Secretary von Kiderlen-Waechter at noon.

Mr. Leishman is staying with Secretary Laughlin, whose guest he will be until the embassy quarters are ready for his occupancy.

Sentenced for Carrying a Revolver.

Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday sentenced Antonio Ceniglia of 177 Chrystie Street to not less than three or more than seven years in Sing Sing, after he had pleaded guilty to carrying a revolver in violation of the Sullivan law. Judge Foster read several letters received by Biggio Cassessa, proprietor of a moving-picture show at 178 First Avenue, demanding money, and said it was very evident that Ceniglia was a member of the Black Hand. The letters were all written in Italian, and demanded sums of money ranging from $25 to $1,000. Ceniglia denied that he had written them, and said he was carrying the revolver to protect himself from the very same people who had written the letters to Cassessa.

$2,500,000 TO AID PORTUGAL UPRISING

Brazilians Send This Sum to the Monarchists—Another $2,500,000 Asked.

ANITA STEWART AS QUEEN?

Secret Deal Between Manuel and Miguel Makes This Possible if ex-King Dies and Revolt Succeeds.

LISBON, (via Frontier) Oct. 13.—It has been ascertained that Capt. Couciere, the leader of the Royalists, has made another appeal to the Brazilian Monarchists for $2,500,000, which he says is necessary for the purchase of additional arms, ammunition, and provisions. In his appeal Capt. Couciere assures the Brazilians that the last money they forwarded was well employed, and that this fact will be apparent whether the Royalists are victorious or suffer defeat. The Brazilians are sending their money to the Royalists through British bankers.

The newspapers to-day print the following copy of a letter written by Capt. Couciere:

"I have received from the Monarchist Committee in Brazil £500,000 ($2,500,000,) which I shall repay on re-establishing a monarchy in Portugal, or with my life."

It is known that a secret arrangement exists between ex-King Manuel and the pretender to the throne, Dom Miguel of Bragganza, whereby, if the Monarchists are victorious, general elections shall be held throughout Portugal to decide whether Manuel or Dom Miguel shall be King. In case Manuel is chosen, the decree banishing Dom Miguel's family will be revoked and they will return to Portugal as Royal Princes and receive an aggregate income of $100,000 annually.

Moreover, in case of the death of Manuel, it has been agreed that, his uncle, the Duke of Oporto, being childless, the eldest son of Dom Miguel, Prince Miguel of Braganza, who married Anita Stewart of New York, shall succeed to the throne. A further provision of the agreement is that if Dom Miguel is elected King a heavy indemnity shall be paid to Manuel.

Anita Stewart was married to Prince Miguel of Braganza at Dingwall, Scotland, on Sept. 15, 1909. She is a daughter of William Rhinelander Stewart of New York and Mrs. James Henry Smith, who married Mr. Smith after she divorced Mr. Stewart. Mr. Smith, who was known as "Silent" Smith, died in Japan several years ago. In his will he bequeathed a half million dollars to Miss Stewart.

Nicoll The Tailor
ESTABLISHED 1857

Do you stand in the *middle* of your overcoat? If it's "ready-made," it droops and drags to one side. If it's one of mine—the "Carlton" Raglan, for example, $35 to your measure—it drapes with the precision of perfection.

down to $25
up to $60

If you can't come to *me*, I'll go to *you*. 'Phone 4818 Madison.

TWELVE-FORTY-TWO BROADWAY
Near Thirty-First Street

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS.

17 Minutes Grand Central to Hoyt St. Direct.

English Overcoats in Men's Clothing Store

English Models, Irish Fabric, American Tailoring.

FOR SOME TIME PAST Overcoats, Topcoats, and Raincoats of English manufacture have been a special feature of the excellent ready-to-wear service of the A. & S. Store for Men, and their fair prices have given them a deserved popularity. Occasionally, however, a well merited criticism on the tailoring has been heard in comparison with American made garments, and justly so, as it is a conceded fact that nowhere in the world has the art of tailoring attained the perfection it enjoys in America.

The vogue of the rich, rough, "warmth-without-weight" fabrics, produced at their best in the British Isles, will probably reach high-water mark this season, and so that our patrons may choose between English and American made garments, we have IMPORTED DIRECT from the celebrated Kilkenny Mills in Ireland a number of styles of their famous FLEECE COATINGS in a variety of the popular colorings, and have had the Coats MADE IN AMERICA over the authoritative English models, reproducing every line in detail, affording a combination of best fabrics and best tailoring WELL UNDER THE PRICES THE GARMENTS WOULD HAVE TO BRING IF MADE ABROAD. There are five distinct models, as follows:

Medium Length Walking Coat, with plain shoulder and split sleeve, or with raglan shoulder, $25.00.
The "Guards" Coat, with belt and inverted plait in back, $27.50.
The Albion, high flat collar and kimono raglan sleeves, $25.00.
The Oxford, long double-breasted coat, with belted back, $27.50

The man who has planned to have an English Coat this season will do well to give these garments careful consideration.

Men's Suits, $12.50 to $35.00

ENGLISH IDEAS reflected here also even in what might be termed strictly American models. Narrow shoulder coats, with a suggestion of shaping at waistline; high cut waistcoats and narrow cut trousers are being worn, and are shown here in an excellent variety of designs and colorings, in proportions suitable for ordinary, stout, or long figures; and at prices well under the usual.

RAINCOATS, for October storms, $9.85 to $25.00.
ALL WINTER OVERCOATS ARE NOW READY.
Second floor, Men's Building.

Men's $4 Reindeer Gloves, $2.75

MIGHTY CONVENIENT is the Men's Glove Store just inside the Fulton Street entrance to the East Building, and with elevator service to the A. & S. Subway Station. All the Gloves wanted at lowest possible prices. Cadet or men's sizes, and every style of Glove for boys up to youth's size.

REINDEER, CHAMOIS SHADES, is the REAL THING for dressy wear this season, as the style books will show—and the Gloves others are charging $4.00 a pair for may be had here at.....$2.75
Dent's new colorings and new embroideries, walking weight Gloves, $2.00 a pair

Fownes saddle sewn, spear back cape.....$1.50
Adler's new embroidered, smart shades of tan.....$1.75
Meyer's Walking Gloves, correct colorings.....$1.50
P. X. M. gray castor.....$1.50
Embroidered gray castor.....$1.75
Hand-sewn English Gloves, none better.....$1.50
Main floor, front, East Building.

Men's Plaited Shirts at 98c.

BRAND NEW FALL SHIRTS, plaited bosoms, cuffs attached; excellent assortment of new designs; chiefly light effects; they are correctly made; fine quality fabrics.

Men's White Plaited Shirts, 98c. The most comfortable white Shirt for business wear; 3 different size plaits; made coat style and cuffs attached.
Men's New Neckwear at 48c. New open end Four-in-Hands, with black satin borders; exceptionally good value; 10 different colorings and 6 patterns.
Men's Domet Pajamas, $1.48. Extra good Domet Pajamas neatly trimmed with white braid around edge of coats; neat designs in the best colorings.
Men's Sweater Coats, $2.75 to $6.98. Complete stock of Men's Coat Sweaters, different weights and weaves.
Main floor, front, East Building.

Equipment for the Hunter.
Guns, Knives, Drinking Cups, Etc.

"THE HORN OF THE HUNTER IS HEARD ON THE HILL"—the game season is here.

Parker double barrel Shotguns, V. H. grade, 12 gauge, hammerless, $37.45
L. C. smooth double barrel Shotguns, O. O. grade, 12 gauge, hammerless.....$25.00
Ithaca Field Guns, hammerless, 12 gauge.....$22.95
Knickerbocker No. 6 double barrel Shotguns, 12 gauge.....$15.95
Double barrel Shotguns, 12 gauge, $11.00 and $13.95
Iver Johnson single barrel Shotguns, $5.00
Winchester single shot and repeating Rifles.....$3.50 to $18.90
Remington auto loading Rifle, $25.00
Remington Repeater, .22 caliber, $9.50
Remington single shot, .22 caliber, $3.45
And several other makes of Rifles, $1.35 and upward

A large assortment of Shells, Cleaning Rods, Hunting Knives, Huntsmen's Dog Whistles, Duck and Snipe Calls, Money Belts, Compasses, Drinking Cups, etc.
Fourth floor, West Building.

Clothing for the Hunter.

WARM, comfortable togs that will make life out in the open a real joy.

Fine Corduroy Coats, sheep lined, fur collar.....$8.95
Fine heavy corduroy Coats, sheep lined.....$5.45
Corduroy Coats, reversible corduroy on one side and leather on the other, $8.95
Norfolk corduroy Hunting Coats.....$6.25
Waterproof Hunting Coats.....$4.25
Other styles of Hunting Coats.....98c. and upward
Leather Vests, sheepskin lined.....$2.75
Corduroy Pants.....$3.45
Khaki Pants.....$1.65
A large assortment of Gun and Rifle Cases.....98c. and upward
Canvas Leggings.....49c. and 75c. a pair
Leather Leggings.....$1.98 and $2.25 a pair
Fourth floor, West Building.

For Men and Women for Dress Wear

Holeproof Silk Hosiery

3 pairs guaranteed to wear 3 months.

When we say silk hosiery we mean just that. Pure thread silk, rich, sheer, and gauzy. So attractive in appearance and good fitting that they'll grace a ballroom, yet so durable that they will stand the hardest wear. We'll replace with new ones any that do not wear three months.

For Men, box of 3 pairs, $2.00. For Women, $3.00.

And Holeproofs for Regular Wear.

6 pairs guaranteed to wear 6 months.

For Men, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3.
For Women and Children, $2; Women's Silk Lustre, $3.
Agents for New York City. Mail and Phone orders promptly filled.

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BROADWAY, at 49th St. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125TH ST., at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., West of Broadway.

Experts to Cover World's Series for the Globe

¶Two famous baseball experts will cover the World's Championship Series between the Giants and Athletics exclusively for The Globe—Hal Chase, the brilliant manager of the New York Americans and Capt. Adrian C. Anson, winner of half a dozen pennants in the National League. This great service will be supplemented by that of The Globe's own baseball experts.

¶During the World's Series The Globe will present a complete news and feature service never equalled in any big sporting event.

¶Men of rare judgment in analyzing critical plays, men who glimpse things under the surface that are hidden from the average fan, will present every detail of the big games together with live news and gossip of the series. No angle of it will be neglected. By engaging Chase and Anson, The Globe gets the expert opinions of men who are without partisanship. They want to see the best team win and their reports will be uncolored by prejudice.

HAL CHASE

POP ANSON

Look for Their Articles Each Day in The Globe

Public Interest Centers on GIMBELS Today By Reason of a Score of Surpassing Attractions

Hundreds of thousands of people have most important purchases to make today—some have decided, some are still undecided, where to go to make them. GIMBELS is the store of NEW THINGS, of Fine Things, of Most-Wanted Things, and they are always certain to be fairly priced.

The Magnificent Autumn and Winter Stocks Are NOW at Top-Notch Fulness

But there are many very SPECIAL FEATURES, of broad interest for today:

This Is the LAST DAY of "La Promenade des Toilettes"
The most elaborate, as well as the most authoritative Exhibition of Fashions that takes place in America.
The Public and the Press have been most enthusuastic in expressions of praise. Those who have seen it will want to view it again.
Those who HAVE NOT SEEN IT will be here SURELY.

The "BON MARCHE" Glove Sale Continues—
Those who know, confirm the fact that this is the most important offering of fine new fashionable gloves that has ever been made in New York.
It is not only the time to save money on Christmas gifts, but the gloves will be nicely boxed, and part of your holiday work will be over.

The Presentation of CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS for MEN
comes just at the moment when hundreds of thousands of men are seeking the best in quality and style, at its fairest price.
No man does justice to either his appearance or his pocket-book who makes these important purchases without an inspection of Gimbel stocks.

The Important Event in Women's NECKWEAR and VEILINGS
will interest every woman who claps her eyes on the beauty-things that cost so little.

The Assemblage of Women's Dresses, Suits, Coats, Furs, Blouses and Millinery—is conceded that position that the public has now come to expect from

"The HOUSE of FASHIONS"

And there is the same **Incomparable Variety in GIRLS' APPAREL.**

Saturday in BOYS' CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS—
at Gimbels will be an occasion of pleasant surprises to parents who inspect these exceptional stocks.

The Special Movements in RUGS and UPHOLSTERY—
will bring delight to housekeepers; much remarkable merchandise is shown at unusual economies.

The SUBWAY STORE Has Wonderful Economy Attractions
that will appeal to thrifty people, who may here avoid the chance of sacrificing quality insurance when paying a low price.

Men's Fine $2, $2.50 and $3 Shirts at $1.45

Over 1,500 Shirts bear this new price. Cause: the readjusting of our own stock and that of one of the largest and best makers of Men's Shirts. The event is of the highest interest to all those men who have not yet laid in their Fall and Winter supply.

Materials are finest imported and domestic madras, such as usually find their way into custom-made shirts, and are never seen in low-priced styles. Mostly with plaited bosoms, coat style, with cuffs attached, various sleeve-lengths; sizes 14 to 17.

It's a bit odd to buy such high-class shirts as these at $1.45 each.

"Simply Ripping"—These Silk Rep Neckties at 35c

The man who figures that 50c is enough to pay for a good Necktie will be delighted with these at 35c. Made of plain-colored all-silk rep, in the most desirable folded four-in-hand shape. About forty smart colorings. Scarfs of this quality have never before been offered for so little. **Main floor**

Here is the Newest "VICTROLA" No. VIII, $40

Like the popular No. IX, this latest "Victrola" has the enclosed top and the small doors in front by which the volume of sound can be controlled. It is equipped with the same two-spring motor as the No. IX. It has a 10-inch turntable, which, however, will take 12-inch records comfortably. Handsome golden oak case.

In view of the great demand for these splendid new machines, our limited quantity of them will doubtless be quickly claimed. So, to avoid delay in getting your new Victrola, it is best to be prompt.

A full stock of Victrolas in other styles, from the No. IX at $50, to the No. XVI at $200. Also all the new Victor Records, any of which we whall be glad to play for you on request in the Gimbel Talking Machine Rooms. **Fourth floor**

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

MAGAZINE SEEKS TO ENJOIN HITCHCOCK

Review of Reviews Doesn't See Why It Goes by Freight While Others Take the Fast Mail.

ESPECIALLY THE OUTLOOK

Though It Wouldn't Intimate That Roosevelt Is One of the Personal and Private Reasons It Objects To.

The Review of Reviews Company, which publishes the American Review of Reviews, began yesterday in the United States Circuit Court an equity proceeding in which it charged that Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock is showing an undue preference against it in compelling it to use for the distribution of its magazine fast freight trains, whereas other publications of a like nature are permitted still to use the regular mail train. It mentioned in particular The Outlook and the Literary Digest, and also declared that Mr. Hitchcock had discriminated in favor of a number of other publications "for no valid public reason, but for personal or private reasons."

The magazine company points out that it aims to publish each month comment on current events up to ten days from the date of publication. For this purpose it is essential that it should be delivered on the regular date without fail, and that it should be delivered simultaneously throughout the United States.

On Aug. 26 the Postmaster General made a regulation that after Sept. 1 periodicals issued monthly, semi-monthly, biweekly, or at longer intervals, when sent over railroads in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Missouri, should be withdrawn from the regular mail service and sent by fast freight instead. This, the magazine company alleges, has injured a circulation of approximately 200,000 and a valuable business and good will.

The complaint makes the allegation that the Postmaster General has wrongfully divided the second-class mail matter into two classes and lays special stress on the exemption of The Outlook and Literary Digest, which it declares are its principal competitors in the field of comment on the current news. It makes extended reference to The Outlook, and alleges that "the difference in the case of The Outlook is very slight, since The Outlook publishes a monthly magazine of comment on current events, which is sold at 15 cents a copy, and in the other weeks of each month a very much smaller pamphlet, which is sold at 5 cents a copy."

Consequently the magazine company asks for a temporary injunction against Postmaster General Hitchcock and Postmaster Morgan and such general relief as the equities of the case may require.

It was learned yesterday that altogether seventy-nine publications have been exempted from the regulation objected to, and many of these are of a trade character. Among theme are the American Brewer, the American Hatter, American Hay, Flour and Feed Journal, American Silk Journal, Best's Insurance News, Blackwood's Magazine, Brewer's Journal, Cold Storage and Ice Trade Journal, Dry Goods, Edinburgh Review, Ice Cream Trade Journal, Invited Guests, Mission Gleaner, Moody's Magazine, Pharmaceutical Era, Plumbers' Trade Journal, Soap Gazette and Perfumer, Sunshine Bulletin, Toilettes, the Nineteenth Century, and the Westminster Review.

"We do not object to the regulation in itself," said Charles B. Lanier, the Secretary and Treasurer of the Review of Reviews Company. "We are in favor of anything that will save the Government money on its second-class mail matter, but we believe that to nineteen out of every twenty magazines, which are either included or exempted from the new regulation, it will make no difference one way or the other, but in our case it is different.

"Theoretically the difference in speed of delivery by fast freight over the regular mail trains is to Chicago two days and to Seattle five days. But you know what freight trains are and how they have to give way to everything else. I believe it will mean as much as from eighteen to twenty-five days delay at Seattle, according to conditions. As a matter of fact some of our October magazines have not been delivered yet, and there have been many complaints from subscribers. How then are we to keep up our comment to within ten days of the day of delivery?

"Does that clause about personal or private reasons have any reference to Col. Roosevelt and The Outlook?" Mr. Lanier was asked.

"I would not even make such an intimation," he replied.

At the office of The Outlook, William B. Howland, the Treasurer, pointed out that the Review of Reviews Company was wrong in saying that The Outlook published a monthly magazine. All it did was once a month to issue a somewhat enlarged edition, as newspapers publish a special Sunday number. The Outlook, he said, knew nothing at all about the matter. It had never applied for exemption from the regulations of the Post Office Department, as it did not consider that this particular one had any application to it. It had gone right along sending its copies by mail train, and he assumed that it would do so.

It is understood that if the courts grant the injunction to The Review of Reviews a number of other magazines of a like character may take similar action. Among those mentioned in this connection yesterday were The World To-Day, one of the Hearst magazines; World's Work, and Current Literature.

BUYS BIG RIVER-FRONT TRACT

Jay St. Terminal to Expand Its Dock Facilities in Brooklyn.

A big realty deal was effected yesterday by the Jay Street Sterminal, Brooklyn, representing the interests of John Arbuckle and William A. Jamison, sugar refiners, in the purchase of a tract of land along the water-front of the East River, taking in a large area between Catharine and Fulton Ferries, Brooklyn. The property formerly belonged to the New York Dock Company, which controls most of the water-front land from Fulton Ferry to Red Hook Point.

The Jay Street Terminal was organized six years ago by the Arbuckle and Jamison interests. It has several million dollars invested in lands, railroad yards, piers, float bridges, tracks, and facilities for conducting a large terminal business. The land controlled by it before this new purchase extended along the water-front between Adams Street and Hudson Avenue, and thence to John Street, where the Arbuckle refineries are located. Besides taking care of the shipping of the Arbuckle interests it affords facilities in that lone for other factories and storehouses in the neighborhood.

The additional property now under its control will enable the company to develop facilities that will eventually help to make that part of Brooklyn an important manufacturing centre. It is said that the company contemplates spending a large sum of money in building improvements. New piers, float bridges, and other terminal accommodations form part of the developments contemplated.

William N. Dykman, speaking of the purchase, said:

"This will add greatly to the business done in Brooklyn and to the realty values. The Jay Street Terminal proposes to put in new bridges and extend the railroad tracks to be operated with the present plant of the terminal, giving shippers and receivers of freight of the Second Ward and other parts of Brooklyn naturally tributary to the terminal extended and additional railroad facilities."

AUTO SETS GARAGE AFIRE.

Big Crowd in Times Square to See a Quick Job by Firemen.

A fire in the garage of the Times Square Auto Company at 1,710 Broadway stirred up a lot of excitement just before 9 o'clock last night, tying up traffic for twenty minutes. The fire started in an automobile which one of the employes was cleaning. In jumping to a place of safety he tipped over a can containing gasoline. This fed the flames, which shot up to the second floor and ignited a pile of waste. The firemen dragged the burning car out of the building and then soon extinguished the flames. The automobile, owned by the company and valued at $2,000 was destroyed.

Little other damage was done.

The Century Co.'s New Fiction

JUST PATTY

The New Book by JEAN WEBSTER, author of "When Patty Went to College," "Jerry Junior," etc.

Patty is the most delicious imp of mischief put into a book for many a day; and this is the record of her pranks at that most select of boarding schools, St. Ursula's. Jean Webster's telling makes the most of all the fun.

There are thirteen clever full-page illustrations by Relyea to add to the enjoyment. 12mo, 342 pages. Price $1.20 net, postage 12 cents.

FLOWER O' THE PEACH

By PERCEVAL GIBBON. A piece of fiction far above the ordinary. The scenes are set in South Africa. The story turns upon an unusual phase of the race question, and is a strange and gripping one.

12mo, 400 pages. Price $1.30 net, postage 11 cents.

THE BLIND WHO SEE

By MARIE LOUISE VAN SAANEN. The story of a blind violinist, his beautiful wife, and the Other Man, who played with fire. The skill and sympathy of the telling hold the reader closely to the dramatic ending.

12mo, 400 pages. Price $1.20 net, postage 11 cents.

"Exquisite in color and perfect in drawing."

THE SICK-A-BED LADY

The New Book by ELEANOR HALLOWELL ABBOTT, author of "Molly Make-Believe." Stories of whimsical, searching tenderness; of quaint, delightful phrasing; of bubbling humor. One must read them to gain any real idea of the alluring charm, the heart-searching pathos, the radiant joy of these stories, in which smiles and tears lie close.

Nine full-page pictures. 12mo. 371 pages. Price $1.30 net, postage 11 cents.

TODDIE

The Love Story of a Woman-Hater by GILBERT WATSON. A rare blend of laughter and tears, rich in the same mellow wit and sentiment that charmed in "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," "Sentimental Tommy," and "Wee MacGregor."

Frontispiece in color by Vosburg. 12mo, 374 pages. Price $1.20 net, postage 12 cents.

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By the author of GRAUSTARK

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A Captivating Romance

By **George Barr McCutcheon**

Attention! Readers of Detective Fiction.

A remarkable story of a strange crime, a cunning criminal, and a wonderful detective by

Anna Katharine Green,

who has written a greater number of successful detective stories than any other American author.

"The author has shown her power and ability to write amazingly interesting stories in the past, but in this book she is at her zenith."—*Boston Globe.*

Brimming with the sentiment, the humor, the kindly sympathy, and the breathless rush of story-telling which have won several million readers to the author's former books.

"Our compliments, George Barr McCutcheon, you have written a BIG STORY."—*Chicago Inter Ocean.*

"Mary Midthorne is a story of real people, real emotions and REAL STRENGTH"—*N. Y. Evening Sun.*

Already one of the leading new novels.

INITIALS ONLY

By the Author of The Filigree Ball

DODD, MEAD AND COMPANY
PUBLISHERS NEW YORK

The kind of book one likes to read in a dinner gown after the guests have gone.

A GARDEN OF PARIS

By ELIZABETH WALLACE

THE intimate home life of a typical French family is set forth in Miss Wallace's little book in the most charming way imaginable. It is like a series of pictures from Thackeray. Madame, the Hostess, la petite Grand'mere, Philippe, the sister Placide, all become living personalities and the reader is taken into their circle as one of them. And the Garden! Where are there such gardens as in Paris? Miss Wallace is known to a wide circle through her connection with the University of Chicago, and her little book cannot but add to her reputation.

With Dainty Line Drawings. $1.25 net

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October 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th.
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An extensive collection of Old Bibles, 1483-1904. Egyptiana, Liturgic Literature, etc., etc., and a 15th Century Illustrated Book of Hours and other Manuscripts.

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CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY'S New Novel

"As the Sparks Fly Upward"

Is Now Ready.

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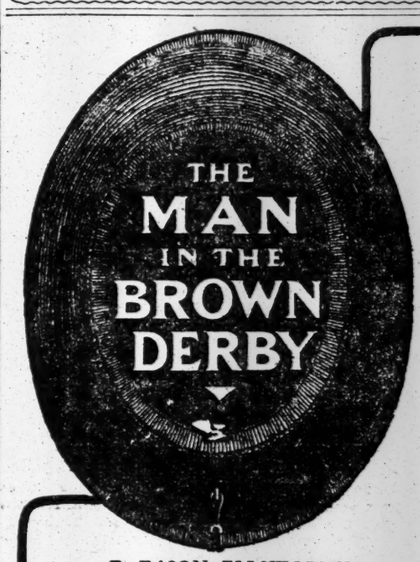

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NEWS OF BOOKS

THE Hon. John Bigelow, in spite of his 94 years, is exhibiting his great natural vigor in making a complete recovery from his illness last Summer. Mr. Bigelow is still at his country home at Highland Falls, New York, and is engaged part of each day on his work, "Retrospections of an Active Life." Three volumes of this book have already been published by The Baker & Taylor Company. A fourth volume Mr. Bigelow has now made ready for press, and he is working on a fifth volume, a large part of which he has already completed. These two later volumes will derive especial interest from the disclosures of political and diplomatic occurrences which have not been hitherto published and will throw light on certain important developments of the past thirty years.

What are the favorite books of the popular authors of to-day? If answers to this question could be obtained generally there is no doubt but that they would throw new light on the fiction of to-day. When the question was put to Richard Washburn Child, the author of "Jim Hands," he replied, "I think I am very much more interested in the best French fiction and in Thackeray than I am in most of the English novelists. Balzac and Thackeray make me forget that I am reading a book; Dickens and most of the Englishmen make me positively remember." In striking contrast to this is the affirmation of Edmund Lester Pearson, the author of "The Believing Years," that Mark Twain's "Huckleberry Finn" is his favorite book, while his favorite characters in fiction are Sherlock Holmes and Bildad the Shuhite. Perhaps the most formidable list of all is that of Edna Turpin, author of "Honey Sweet," who, it is authoritatively stated, was brought up on Prescott, Hume, Scott, Burns, Hood, Goldsmith, and the Central Presbyterian. Moreover, as a child Miss Turpin worshipped them all.

Charles Francis Adams, the author of "Studies: Military and Diplomatic," which was published last week, was born in 1835, educated at Harvard and Princeton Universities, where he obtained the degree of A. B. and LL. D. respectively. He was admitted to the bar in 1858, and served in the Union Army through the civil war, first as Lieutenant Colonel, then as Colonel, and finally as Brigadier General. After the war he became identified with railway interests, serving on several important commissions and bureaus. Since 1895 he has been overseer of Harvard University, also President of the Massachusetts Historical Society, Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and a member of the American Philosophical Society. Among his books is "A Biography of Richard Henry Dana," whose most famous story is to be published Oct. 18.

Edmund Lester Pearson, whose new story "The Believing Years" was published last week, is a young Harvard graduate who, since he left college in 1902, has been engaged in library work and in an editorial capacity on The Boston Transcript. The way in which Mr. Pearson's new book came to be written is quite unique. An earlier volume entitled "The Old Librarian's Almanack" was published several years ago. It was designed as an imitation of the eighteenth century almanacs and as a good humorous satire on a much discussed personage, the old fashioned librarian. It purported to be the work of one Jared Bean. While the typography of the old almanacs was skilfully imitated, or at least suggested, and while there was a cleverly reproduced fac-simile title page and solemn bibliographical preface, it was not intended to deceive any one who should give it five minutes' examination, and yet, much to the author's surprise, it was accepted as genuine by the leading periodicals of this country and England. When the hoax was discovered one or two persons felt themselves aggrieved, though most of the reviewers took it good naturedly and one, Hamilton W. Mabie, became through it so interested in Mr. Pearson that he searched him out and urged him to write something for The Outlook. This something proved the kernel out of which "The Believing Years" has grown.

Sir A. Conan Doyle, whose two latest books, "The Last Galley" and "Songs of the Road," have just been published, is fond of telling incidents regarding Dr. Joseph Bell, the distinguished Scottish surgeon, from whom his character of Sherlock Holmes was drawn. The recent death of Dr. Bell recalls a story of one of his most remarkable achievements of observation. Dr. Bell was lecturing his class in surgery, of which Doyle was one, when in regard to the subject he remarked: "Of course this man has been a soldier in a Highland regiment, and probably a bandsman." The man had the soldier's swagger, but was too short to be anything but a bandsman, the doctor explained. The man vehemently denied this and said he was a shoemaker. Dr. Bell, still confident that his powers of reasoning and deduction had not led him astray, had the man stripped, and on the left side of the man's chest found a little blue "D" branded on the skin. The doctor then declared to his class, "This man was a deserter. This is the way they were marked in the Crimean days, though it is not permitted now."

The return of Mary Anderson to her native country is sure to awaken a host of theatrical recollections among older playgoers. In her own book, "A Few Memories," she relates an amusing incident. "My last appearance on the Old World side of the ocean was in Dublin, where we were joined by Mr. and Mrs. William Black, and where for a frolic we inveigled the author of 'The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton' upon the mimic scene. Once before, on his native heath, Scotland, we had induced him to appear as a mute, masked guest in the ballroom scene of 'Romeo and Juliet.' On that occasion, I remember, he went to the theatre as soon as any of the actors, to dress for his part, though his costume consisted only of a domino and mask. When the scene opened and he was discovered among a throng of guests he was struck by a violent attack of stage fright that nailed him to the stage and kept him there after the others had departed—an unwilling witness of the tender glances of the Veronese lovers. Finally, Tybalt, without Shakespeare's permission, returned to the scene and led him off. In Dublin he was disguised as an ancient peasant in 'The Winter's Tale,' and the manner in which he strolled about, conversing in his own—not Shakespeare's—language and ferociously waving a long staff, was more alarming even than his petrification in 'Romeo and Juliet.'"

David Bispham has just secured the singing rights to Arthur Stringer's Irish poem, "Of My Ould Loves," as set to music by Gena Branscombe, and will use the piece in his répertoire this coming season. This makes the fourteenth musical setting for different lyrics in Mr. Stringer's little volume of "Irish Poems."

James Oppenheim, whose new novel, "The Nine-Tenths," has just appeared, was born at St. Paul, Minn., where his father was President of the Board of Education. He attended Columbia University, and has recently lived in New York. Mr. Oppenheim has been interested in social settlement work, has filled editorial positions on several magazines, and is the author of one novel, two volumes of short stories, and two volumes of verse.

When Molly Elliot Seawell was asked the other day how she came to write "The Jugglers," the novel which is to be published next week, she replied: "The characters had long been floating in my mind. They took possession of my house like a swarm of uninvited guests and I had to provide for them. One day, in December, 1910, I suddenly remembered a story I had read about the Paris Commune. A young man with a wife and children was condemned to death by the Communards. In the next cell to him was a priest, who said to him that no effort was made to identify the condemned and if he, the priest, let his beard grow he could easily pass for his neighbor, and offered to die that the young man might be saved to his family. This sublime offer was refused and in the end both escaped, but it seemed to me that it would be more dramatic if the sacrifice could be made unknown to the one meant to be saved by it. The power of the situation appealed to me. I said to myself, 'That is why all these people have descended upon me—they certainly mean to do something startling.' 'The Jugglers' was begun that very day."

Ellis Parker Butler received one of the postal cards sent out by his publishers over the first aeroplane mail route starting from Nassau Boulevard, Garden City. Neatly making a parody on the wording of the aeroplane greeting, Mr. Butler, in due course, sent a reply to Doubleday, Page & Co. at Garden City. In one corner of his postal card, where on the aeroplane card had been a picture of a soaring monoplane, was a clever drawing of a turtle. In another corner was a picture of a snail, and his reply read: "This is one of the first acknowledgments of one of the first pieces of mail ever sent by aeroplane. I suggest that you save it. Your postal card dated September 28th, 1911, reached me on October 2d, 1911, at 10:00 A. M. 'Haste makes waste.' Ellis Parker Butler. P. S. Hereafter please send bills by aeroplane route; checks by regular mail." Doubleday, Page & Co. sent the card to Postmaster General Hitchcock as a souvenir, for Nassau Boulevard is less than twenty miles from Mr. Butler's Flushing home.

TO-MORROW

Contents of the Review of Books Published with The New York Times Oct. 17.

History in Rag-Time.
Scene—England; Time—From the Beginning Until Now. Book by C. R. L. Fletcher. Music by Rudyard Kipling.

This King Was a Real "Apache."
Affonso VI. of Portugal Set a Fine Style of Murderous Roystering in the Streets.

In Africa with Bible and Rifle.
Experiences of a Missionary with the Uganda Tribes—and with an Elephant!

George III. and His Light o' Love.
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Asiatic Turkey in American Eyes.
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BOOKS REVIEWED

Among the books which will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS are the following:

THE BRIDE OF TWO KINGS: A Forgotten Tragedy of the Portuguese Court. By Edmund B. d'Auvergne. Imported by D. Appleton & Co.

UGANDA TO KHARTOUM. Life and Adventure on the Upper Nile. By Albert B. Lloyd. With a preface by Victor Buxton. With fifty-seven illustrations. Charles Scribner's Sons.

THE FAIR QUAKER: Hannah Lightfoot and Her Relations with George III. By Mary L. Pendered. With fourteen illustrations. Imported by D. Appleton & Co.

ISLAM AND MISSIONS. The Lucknow Conference Report, 1911. Edited by E. M. Wherry, S. M. Zwemer, and C. G. Myirea. Fleming H. Revell Company. $1.50.

THE SONG OF RENNY. By Maurice Hewlett. Charles Scribner's Sons.

THE ROMANCE OF THE OXFORD COLLEGES. By Francis Gribble. Illustrated. Little, Brown & Co. $1.75.

THE CAMBRIDGE HISTORY OF ENGLISH LITERATURE. Edited by A. W. Ward and A. R. Waller. Volume VII. Cavalier & Puritan. (Putnam.)

AROUND THE BLACK SEA. Asia Minor, Armenia, Caucasus, Circassia, Daghestan, The Crimea, Roumania. By William Eleroy Curtis. Hodder & Stoughton. $2.

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Translated by Hereward Carrington

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SCIENTIFIC PROGRESSIVENESS IN THE HIGHER EDUCATION

Methods Have Changed and Are Changing with a Rapidity That Even to Leaders of the Last Generation Would Have Seemed Incredible.

Written Expressly for The New York Times

By HARRY BURNS HUTCHINS, LL. D.
President of the University of Michigan.

THE dominant note of the present is undoubtedly progressiveness. This is emphatically true of the American people. And to a degree this has been true of us from the first. Indeed, it was the spirit of progress in the form of a determination to think and to act unhampered by tradition and unrestrained by class distinctions and hereditary authority that with us gave birth first to the State and later to the nation. The State and the nation, creations of the people and governed by the people, became possible through the progressiveness of the fathers. But never in our history has the spirit been so all-pervading and so generally dominant as at present; never has it reached and influenced in so many ways and so powerfully as now the every-day interests of the people. During what may be called the formative period in the life of the nation it was concerned principally in originating, developing, and regulating governmental agencies. It was exemplified chiefly in the constructive work of our statesmen and of our Supreme National Tribunal.

While this was a period that must always stand out as one of great intellectual activity, and as one of substantial material growth as well, when attendant conditions are considered, yet the spirit of progress had not, as it does at present, influenced, so as to characterize them in a marked degree, the industrial, the business, and the professional interests of the country. Our industries, to be sure, were getting a foothold, and, indeed, in some respects were beginning to manifest the stability and the strength that are the ordinary concomitants of maturity; yet they still needed protection and encouragement, and they were, as a rule, conducted with little regard for economic efficiency and progressive scientific methods. The day of the efficiency engineer and of the technically educated superintendent, with a corps of trained assistants, had not yet come. Moreover, the industrial world was not as yet alive to the fact that large and far-reaching results may be accomplished through combination and concurrent effort.

What was true of the industries during the formative period was true of the business interests of the country, though in a varying degree. Business, as a rule, was done along established lines and in accordance with methods that usage had sanctioned. They may have been antiquated and unsuited to the then present conditions, as undoubtedly many of them were, but, if such were the fact, it apparently had but little influence upon the ordinary business community. The period was one of substantial, but, as compared with the present, not of remarkable business growth. Scientific tests, as applied to business conditions, were unknown, but if they had been known it is doubtful if they would have been recognized to any considerable extent in the business world, particularly where their application would have resulted in radical changes of method. For notwithstanding the presence of a degree of progressiveness, the conservative attitude was undoubtedly the dominant one both in the industries and in business. It was not alone dominant, however, in these fields. It goes without saying that until within a comparatively recent period it characterized professions as well. Within the memory of persons still living medicine was as yet largely empirical and the law in its application fettered beyond reason or necessity by methods of pleading and procedure that had become archaic.

But all this is changed. To-day the air even is vibrant with progressiveness. In all lines of activity the people who are really doing things worth while are in the grip of an unconquerable and impelling force that is constantly pushing them on to greater achivements. With such, present conditions are always regarded as largely introductory to something better. The man, whatever his calling, who is content with what he has accomplished ceases to be a directing force; he is speedily relegated to the ranks of the negligibles. It is common knowledge that the industry or the business whose head refuses or neglects to take advantage of the results of modern discovery or modern progress in its particular line cannot compete with progressive neighbors, or even continue for any considerable time to be "a going concern."

And so it has come about that, through what may be called scientific progressiveness, methods have changed and are changing with a rapidity that even to the leaders of the last generation would have seemed incredible. Every industry that is more than merely local in its scope must, if it is to meet successfully the competition of the day, maintain what may be termed its scientific department, in which present processes are continuously and thoroughly tested and new and improved ones sought, all with a view of constantly pushing forward the standard of economic efficiency. Through such instrumentalities the principles of science are to-day, as never before, brought to bear upon industrial problems of all grades and kinds, with results of prodigious importance both to the industrial world and to the people generally.

But this is not all. The business of to-day, be it industrial or in other lines, in which things are doing in a large and effective way, is necessarily progressive, and to be progressive it must, under present conditions, be conducted in accordance with scientific principles. It must enlist in its service, and it constantly does, ability of the highest order, men of thorough scientific training who have not only the necessary knowledge, but what is more rare the ability to apply scientific methods to business conditions. Science has surely come to its own not only in the realm of speculation and theory, but in the practical affairs of life as well. If further evidence of this were necessary it could be found in the remarkable results that have been realized from its application by progressive men in the practical field of agriculture and in the numerous scientific bureaus that are now conducted at public expense.

Even a cursory examination of present conditions and tendencies must lead one to conclude that the propelling influence in the industrial, the business, and the agricultural activities of the day is scientific progressiveness. This, indeed, it is that has brought to the country generally its remarkable material prosperity. With all this evils have come that call for drastic remedies; the good, however, even to-day certainly predominates. But the influence of scientific progressivenss is not limited to particular fields. In a greater or less degree, sometimes directly and sometimes indirectly, it has given new life and power to practically every form of modern activity and to every calling. In the professions, for example, its presence manifests itself in no uncertain way. The lawyer, the physician, the engineer, the teacher, the preacher, every one, indeed, whose calling is essentially of the professional type, knows as does the man of affairs that if he is to do the things that are really worth while in his particular field, he must recognize and get into touch with the progressive and scientific spirit of the day. With progressiveness so general a characteristic of the activities of the times, and with the scientific method so generally in favor, one would naturally expect that our schools and universities would be stirred into new life and become important factors in the remarkable development that is going on about us. And such is certainly the case.

A careful study of modern activities and of the forces that are stimulating them must reveal the fact of a close and increasingly important connection between the schools and modern progress, and particularly between the higher institutions of learning and the numerous progressive enterprises of the day that require for their successful management a grade of service that only trained intellect and informed judgment can furnish. The demands of modern life and the scientific awakening that so characterizes the present have made progressiveness in education, and particularly in higher education, a necessity.

That higher education under the old régime was in many, perhaps in most, respects unfitted for the more general and the more practical demands of the present, is now ordinarily recognized. The typical American college of the early days was in its methods and aims but little in advance of being mediaeval; it was out of touch with the world and with its activities, and was dominated not infrequently by unyielding and bigoted conservatism. Hampered by traditions and blinded by prejudices, its faculty clung tenaciously to the historic curriculum as the only one that could properly form the basis of a liberal training. Subjects, the study of which would bear directly upon the life work of the student, were regarded with favor as instruments of education only when they happened to fall within the circle that custom had fixed as the proper boundary of the academic field. The purpose of higher training in those days was very largely to fit young men for the ministry, although what was termed general culture and preparation for the other so-called learned professions were kept in view. Such being the atmosphere surrounding the early higher institution of learning, and such the purpose of the institution, it is apparent that it was essentially monastic, walled in by a conservatism that would in a large measure shut out the light of modern progress. It was not and could not be, under such conditions, a broad human institution, furnishing opportunities for training in many fields and touching and influencing life in many directions.

The awakening in higher education in this country undoubtedly began with the recognition by some of our colleges and universities of other subjects than the traditional ones as worthy of places in the scheme of study and as being equal in importance from the educational point of view with the subjects that had theretofore pre-empted the field. The significance of the movement is marked in this connection because of the fact that these subjects were, as a rule, of a kind that appealed directly and intensely to those who desired to fit themselves for the more practical callings that the progressive tendency was fast bringing into prominence. As early as the middle of the last century the authorities of Brown University recognized that there was a real demand for a broader undergraduate curriculum, and, under the leadership of President Wayland, whose "Report to the Corporation" upon the subject was a notable one, a modernized plan of study that was essentially an elective plan, was introduced. In this an attempt was made to "adapt the course of instruction to the wants of the whole community," by the introduction of new and practical subjects which the student might elect. But although the departure met with considerable popular support and favor, and for a time resulted in a marked increase in attendance, the "new system," as it was called, did not have the unanimous and cordial support of the Faculty, and, particularly under the succeeding administration, it failed to receive the encouragement necessary for its successful development. Although the more practical subjects were continued to some extent they were in a measure discredited. The environment was not as yet favorable for a vigorous growth in the new direction, although it should be said that lack of funds was a serious obstacle in the way.

But more successful and more far-reaching in its results and influence than the movement at Brown was a similar one undertaken a few years later in a new State university of the West. Before the election of its first President, Dr. Henry Philip Tappan, the University of Michigan, although a university in name, had been essentially a college of the traditional type. With the beginning of Dr. Tappan's administration, however, views upon the subject of higher education that were then considered advanced were announced as in accordance with the future policy of the institution. The seed fell upon ground that was ready to receive it, and the harvest therefrom has indeed been plentiful. No account of the progressive movements in higher education in the country, without at least a brief reference to the Michigan plan and to what the first President of the university did in the way of bringing to the front and putting into actual operation new educational ideas that were beginning to challenge recognition, would be complete.

In its early days Michigan was fortunate in having among its public men several who were fitted by nature and by training for constructive leadership in matters of education. Prominent in this work were Isaac Edwin Crary and John Davis Pierce—men to whom the State owes a debt of gratitude that can never be fully paid. Both were college-bred and both intensely interested in the growing cause of education. The former was the author of the educational article of the first Constitution of the State, and the latter, as the first Superintendent of Public Instruction, the inspiration of the educational acts under that Constitution. It is a fact worthy of note that their views upon the educational problems with which the new State was confronted were profoundly influenced by the reading of M. Victor Cousin's report on the State of Public Instruction in Prussia, a single copy of which, that "found its way into the oak openings of Michigan," declares a recent historian, "produced results, direct and indirect, that far surpass in importance the results produced by any other educational volume in the whole history of the country."

By the merest accident this copy came to the hands of these leaders in educational work and was read and studied by them with the deepest interest, with the result that the so-called Prussian principles of education, through their efforts, became in a large measure the dominant ones in the educational scheme of the young commonwealth. These men sketched with a bold hand the lines along which the whole subsequent educational movement in the State proceeded. The history of that movement need not be given in detail. Suffice it to say that they and their successors in public educational work devised a plan which, in its perfected form, was so comprehensive in its scope and so prophetic of what the future would require, that, without essential change, it has served to this day as a basis for such departures as new conditions have made necessary. It provided for a university in the real sense of that term, to be developed as an inseparable part of a system of public instruction. But what is probably most important from the point of view of higher education, the scheme, in its final form, by a constitutional provision emancipated the university from legislative control, so far as the handling of its funds and the management of its internal affairs were concerned, and left it free to be developed by its governing board under the advice and direction of its President and Faculties. By the provision the university became a constitutional institution and thereby gained an independent position that has contributed largely to its growth and general prosperity.

But progressiveness in higher education has manifested itself along other lines than those mentioned. Quite as important from the practical point of view as the introduction of the elective system has been the modern development in engineering and in technical education generally as well as in scientific agriculture. Modern engineering in its varied and constantly increasing branches touches life on the material side in a most general and intimate way. The spirit of the profession is that of progress continually stimulated by the highest ideals. In all departments of constructive activity the trained engineer must be the great executing agent. His informed judgment and intelligent direction are necessary to every enterprise, be it private or public, that requires for results the application and control of power. And that the modern demand in this direction might be met our universities, particularly the State universities of the West, have been rapidly developing departments of engineering of the broadest scope and of a high degree of excellence. In no field of liberal training has the spirit of progress been more in evidence than in this, and in none has it contributed more directly to the material development that characterizes the times.

Turning to the professional schools of medicine and law, we find that the spirit of progress has influenced conditions in a marked degree. But the change that it has wrought here has been principally in methods and in advancing the requirements both for admission and for graduation. In medicine the formal lecture, wherever possible, has given place to the laboratory method. The medical student now does things for himself, under the guidance of the instructor so far as necessary, instead of being simply told how to do them, as was the case under the old régime. He must, moreover, be well grounded in the fundamental sciences in order to do successfully the work of investigation that is exacted. The course of instruction, instead of extending over but two university years, usually of six months each, as was formerly the case, now covers four years of nine months each. In place of practically no requirements for admission, which was the rule under the old order, even in university schools, we find to-day in schools of recognized standing either the requirement of a college degree or at least of two years of college work. Moreover, graduation in medicine is now followed in most cases by a period of hospital service before independent practice is begun. In the law schools the progressive spirit has manifested itself in no uncertain way. The law student is now sent to the sources for his material, and, under the direction of the instructor, he must in every instance develop therefrom the governing principle.

Instead of being told what the principle is, he is now expected to find it, as it has been applied in judgments in actual cases. In other words, instead of having the investigation and the thinking done for him, as was very largely the case under former methods, he must now do his own investigation, under such directions as the instructor may judge to be necessary, and deduce his own conclusions therefrom. In place of a continuous performance by the professor, the classroom exercise now consists very largely of discussions by students and professor, based upon previous investigations, which result, if properly conducted, in careful revision and correction, if necessary, of conclusions reached, and of the reasoning upon which they have been based. The student is thus, during his preparatory career, made familiar with the use of legal sources, and with the approved methods of legal investigation and legal reasoning. As in the schools of medicine, the course of instruction has been very generally lengthened, it being now in the leading schools a course of three years. A movement in the direction of better preparation for the study of law has resulted in some of the university schools requiring an approved degree as a prerequisite for legal study, and in a very general requirement among such schools of either one or two years of college or university preparation.

It is quite apparent that the progressive movements in higher education have, to a very large extent, met the popular demand for opportunities for liberal training that would enable the student to fit himself for his life work, whatever the field of his future activity. The movements have added enormously to the necessary financial burdens of our colleges and universities. But the funds have generally been forthcoming either from private benefaction or from public appropriations. The liberality of men of wealth in this field and of State Legislatures is a matter of world-wide comment. It shows a very general appreciation of the benefits that flow directly and indirectly from higher institutions of learning. But while the progressive movements described have been in response to popular demand, have been liberally supported, and are to be commended, we should not lose sight of the fact that they have been largely along practical and essentially material lines, and that unless special efforts are made to foster the disciplinary and the cultural, subjects that have proved to be of great value as educational agents may drop out forever from the university curriculum. It is certainly to be hoped that the pendulum will in the future swing so far in the other direction that humanistic studies as a preparation for practical and particularly for professional careers may gain a more general recognition than they at present enjoy.

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCT. 14, 1911.

SENATOR BOURNE'S YARDSTICK.

Senator BOURNE of Oregon is to be congratulated on the spirit of the statement given out by him as the President of the National Progressive League. The Senator recognizes that business is retarded, confused, and injured by the uncertainty that prevails as to the application of existing law to the operations of business combinations. He sees that the courts are having no end of trouble in arranging the terms on which the law shall be applied in specific cases, and that the prospect of getting at any general principle that shall be clear enough to be followed readily and shall be just and practicable is poor. And he looks with distrust on the results of the action of the courts, set in motion as they must be in great degree by the will of the President and the initiative of the Attorney General. In the situation as it is, there is far too much doubt on the one hand and far too much official discretion on the other for the best interests of business, which means for the interests of the whole vast population of the land.

The remedy, he believes, is in right legislation, that is to say, in the amendment of the anti-trust law. He suggests that such amendment can and should be attained through the patient and candid hearing of the representatives of all classes of interests from the trust magnates to the workingmen and the consumers. Possibly the situation is not so bad or at least so hopeless as he intimates, since there is now going on a process of readjustment and winnowing through the operation of the courts that has had some good results and may have better. But in any case it is well that a prominent leader in the Progressive movement should recognize the need of an adequate hearing on all sides and of action only on the discussion of what such hearing may bring forth. The temper of many of those active in that movement has been too much like that of the Quèen in "Alice in Wonderland," whose prompt verdict on any one who differed from her was "Off with his head!"

THE CHINESE REBELLION.

There are two points in the news from the Chinese rebellion that are especially interesting. One is that the insurgents have undertaken to establish within the limits of their control something like a representative form of Government. The other is that the insurgent forces have so far respected the persons and property of foreigners, and their commander has issued an order proclaiming death to those who shall attack foreigners.

It would be easy to exaggerate the importance of these features of the rebellion, because the intelligence from the seat of disturbance is meagre, and the temper of Chinamen once engaged in combat is exceedingly uncertain. But it is significant that there should be even a tentative approach to the policy indicated. Heretofore the movements against the Manchu dynasty have been intensely reactionary, and especially have been animated by bitter opposition to foreigners in every direction. That in this case the leaders should deem it expedient to profess, and at the beginning to practice, respect for the rights of foreigners shows an obviously different spirit among the people to whom they address themselves. And the adoption, in the province which is the present centre of active operations, of a practically republican form of temporary Government is of like significance.

The area of the insurrection is spreading remarkably. It now embraces the chief provinces of the Yang-tse-Kiang Valley, and the insurgents have captured a considerable store of arms and ammunition in the arsenal of Han Yang. Large numbers of the regular troops are said to have joined them. If it be true, as reported, that the Southern provinces, and especially that of Canton, will join the movement, that it is also spreading northward, the Imperial Government will have great difficulty in contending with it. The Imperial army is weak and ill-fitted.

The provincial armies vary, some of them being in fair condition, but most of them of little value for serious fighting and of doubtful loyalty. So rapid has been the development of the insurrection that the Imperial Government, which on Thursday was reported to be dispatching troops under the Secretary of War to Hankow, is now bending all its energies to provide for the defense of Peking. What would follow the breaking up of the empire and the Manchu dynasty, which, though autocratic in theory and form, is in reality a loosely organized Government with many elements of discord in its councils, is a matter of great uncertainty.

MISMANAGEMENT AND EXTORTION.

Baseball is in the way of becoming a National disgrace rather than a National glory. Many revelations of the tricks of the game have been made lately, while the treatment of the public, which supports baseball so generously, in the matter of disposing of the tickets for the world's championship games in this city has been exasperating. It is said that a very large number of checks sent in letters to the committee in charge of the sale, with the understanding that orders would be filled according to precedence, are to be returned to the applicants. A great crowd was attracted by the announcement of a public sale of seats at fair prices, but many of the eager persons on the long line went away unsatisfied or dissatisfied. Yet many tickets were in the hands of speculators in the forenoon of the day of the sale, and it is said that one enterprising operator secured 900 seats in a block. These, like all other tickets secured in this way, were offered for sale at large advances on the advertised price. Seats were on sale yesterday in many places at extravagant prices. Bartenders seemed to be particularly well supplied with tickets worth $2 and $3 which they were willing to part with at a profit of from 300 to 500 per cent.

It is a pity that the repute of a sport of such wide popularity should be damaged by sharp practice. The people's interest in the concluding games of the season is eager, and it is a normal and wholesome interest. But mismanagement and cupidity have already cast their blight on the world's championship series of 1911.

WELCOME, ARNOLD BENNETT.

Mr. ARNOLD BENNETT is entitled to a cordial word of welcome. He comes hither to travel the length and breadth of the country and record his impressions for Harper's Magazine, which will be a gainer by his contributions. For Mr. BENNETT observes closely and writes clearly; he feels, knows his history books, and comprehends. Mr. BENNETT is, just at the minute, almost the most conspicuous figure in English light literature, so far as this country is concerned, for though he has been writing well fifteen years or more, and the late WILLIAM L. ALDEN picked him out for critical preferment in his entertaining letters to THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW a dozen or more years ago, he has only lately been taken up by this public. He has been taken up with avidity. His ingenious "Buried Alive" has been no more popular, seemingly, than his somewhat sombre, minute studies of common life in rural England. "Anna of the Five Towns," "Helen with the High Hand," "The Old Wives' Tale," "Clayhanger" have been fairly devoured by the multitude. All his old potboilers have been in demand, too, and his essays in criticism and ethics have satisfied a growing taste for belles-lettres.

With it all, Mr. BENNETT comes as a stranger to a strange land, wearing, as he declares, a suit of American clothes bought in a London department store, with open eyes, a natural prejudice in our favor, and a desire to find us worth while. By all means, we ought to make him welcome.

EARL GREY.

It is a happy coincidence that the Governor General of the Dominion lays down his commission on the day of the meeting of the International Waterways Commission, which was arranged with his good-will and the active co-operation of Premier LAURIER. The fact in a way makes it compulsory to utilize the opportunity to recognize the great services of these statesmen to the cause of good neighborhood and the peace of the world. Not only the United States but the cause of general arbitration owes a debt for the services done by the Governor and the Premier, for the waterways treaty is more than its name implies. It provides a method for the arbitration of any controversy whatever which may arise between the United States below the border, and the united states above it, and commits both confederations to resort to it. In principle it differs little from the general Anglo-American treaty of arbitration which the Senate refuses to confirm after having already provided a precedent for the doing of what the Senate now declares is impossible of performance. It is thus little to say that the Governor General is returning after having assisted in the settlement of the numerous possible causes of irritation between peoples each of such high temper. It is much to say that he is returning after having assisted in making any serious causes of future difference almost impossible, and to provide for their friendly adjustment if such an unfortunate and unexpected contingency should occur.

There is a personal as well as a public reason why Earl GREY should receive the hearty farewell he has so amply earned from Americans as well as from Canadians. One of his earliest acts on this side of the ocean was to make a most ingratiating speech in this city, and to forecast his good-will, since so amply proved. It was in this city that he restored to the United States the portrait of FRANKLIN which in some way not known reached England shortly after Major Gen. GREY, later the first Earl, returned from the quarters he occupied in the Franklin residence at the time of the Revolutionary War. The heirloom had hung in the seat of all the Earls GREY for a longer time than the century of unbroken peace between Canada and the the United States. He thus stated his reasons for returning it:

> Because I love the American people, because my sense of equity tells me that there are higher laws than the law of possession, and because I believe that neither England nor America can fulfill their high mission to themselves or to the world unless we approach the consideration of every problem affecting our relations to each other not from the narrow selfish and provincial standpoint of what England and America can each of them do for themselves alone, but from the higher standpoint of what we all can do for England, America, and the world.

To allow a gentleman of such generous gifts of mind and heart, and such full approach, in performance, to his own ideals, to depart without "Godspeed" would be poor recompense, and would belie the appreciation which it is a pleasure to express. He does not return to the good King who commissioned him, but he can take back to the son of that King a message that EDWARD would have delighted to receive and which it is a pleasure to send to GEORGE. When the Earl has his audience he has a right to say that all is well between the branches of the race on this side the ocean, and that he has assisted as much as any of his office to make it so. When he delivers this message his sovereign as in duty bound will say "Well done!" Than that there can come no higher reward to those who serve in high station.

THE MEXICAN VICE PRESIDENCY.

It seems likely that the election of Vice President of Mexico will devolve upon the Senate. At least four candidates have been voted for, and a fortnight after the elections the returns are incomplete. It is claimed by the leaders of the Progressive, or Madero, party that Mr. PINO SUAREZ, its candidate, has received 60 per cent. of the vote. If that is true his election is assured. But the claim lacks verification. His vote may not be more than half the total vote cast. Mr. DE LA BARRA, the Provisional President, and Dr. FRANCISCO VASQUEZ GOMEZ, Minister of Education in his Cabinet, are the principal opponents of PINO SUAREZ. Mr. DE LA BARRA, who refused the nomination, and was put forward by the Catholic Party without his consent, probably received the next largest number of votes. He has recently published a statement that he will decline to accept the office, even if elected. There is some doubt about his privilege to do this, as a citizen, but it is not likely that the Senate will override his wishes. He has already taken passage for himself and family to Europe, and will abide by his intention to keep out of Mexican politics while MADERO is administering the affairs of the nation. The choice of the Senate, therefore, will be between PINO SUAREZ and VASQUEZ GOMEZ, and there is little doubt that the former will be chosen.

The Vice President will fill an important place in the Cabinet, and occupy the Chief Magistrate's place in case the President dies before his term expires. Because of the influence wielded in this office by RAMON CORRAL, who was very unpopular, its importance seems magnified in Mexican eyes. The uncertainty about the Vice Presidency seems now to be the only excuse for political annoyance in Mexico.

THE BINET TEST IN SCHOOLS.

The Children's Court witnessed the other day an example of what the new scientific tests of deficient mentality in children can do. By the examination of Dr. MAX G. SCHLAPP, the neurologist for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, it was determined that one lad, aged 14, was unable to answer satisfactorily questions beyond the group which, after thousands of examinations conducted by Prof. BINET of Paris, was standardized for children of 9 years. His mentality was found to be that of a boy of 9. The Judge paroled the child in the custody of his mother, who promised to send him out West in a new environment. We understand that the Binet tests for children up to the fifteenth year are being introduced into the schools, with the result that the children who should go into the "backward classes" are more easily discovered and classified, while some attempts at diagnosing the causes of their mental deficiencies at commitment to institutions or to medical care are being made.

Many cases of feeble-mindedness are hereditary—not all of them. Even hereditary cases may ultimately respond to treatment. Recent medical research has determined that a chief cause of idiocy or of unbalanced mentality may be looked for in the improper or deficient secretion of certain specialized glands, such as the thyroid, the pituitary body, the super-renal capsules, or the glands of the digestive organs, so that they fail to supply the blood and tissues with chemicals needed in a delicately adjusted equilibrium. Cretinism, for instance, is a well recognized form of idiocy occasioned by the improper functioning of the thyroid; it responds admirably to treatment. Unfortunately, a large proportion of the physical causes of mental deficiency are incurable, and some of these defectives, if they are not early segregated and placed in institutions, are liable to become criminals.

It is estimated that fully one-half of the crimes committed in the community are incidents of insanity and defective mentality. They are primarily the concern, not of the police and the courts, but of the physiological chemist, the biologist, and the psychiatrist. The great work of preventing crime, for which this century should be distinguished, will be performed by specialists in these three branches. Dr. HENRY H. GODDARD, who has qualified many teachers in his training school at Vineland, N. J., to administer the Binet tests, is doing the needed work on the psychological side of this question. But the ascertainment of the causes of deficient mentality has hardly more than begun.

We segregate those who are afflicted with infectious diseases. Those who suffer from mental diseases are permitted to wander abroad unhindered and untreated. The work of prevention should begin by the examination of children in the schools. Those who fail in the tests should be promptly reported to a State Examining Commission of experts, which should diagnose their different ailments and register their cases, making it compulsory upon parents to give them proper medical and institutional care. Cases occurring in impecunious families would, of course, become proper subjects for free treatment in the State's institutions.

Sometime, perhaps not next week nor the week after; somehow, probably not by the light of reason but through some flash of revelation from external sources, our esteemed neighbors The Tribune and The Evening Post will learn that THE TIMES is not concerned about the city's rate of growth, considered as a phenomenon standing by itself. The point we have tried to make and enforce is that we are spending money and making long-time financial commitments just as if we were now enjoying, and for decades to come were going to enjoy, the old percentage rate of increase in population, which was much larger than that during the last decade. As it is forbidden to hope for any more decades showing the former 50 or 60 per cent. increase, THE TIMES has felt that it were well to sound a word of caution against a scale of expenditure based upon expectations of increment in realty values that cannot be realized.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Tried to Beat the Game.

From the part of this large city that used to be called the City of Churches there comes, with a clergyman for sponsor, a curious tale accompanied by an even more curious warning to other clergymen and philanthropists in general.

The tale is to the effect that, thanks to a conversation overheard in a street car, this particular clergyman was put on his guard against an attempt that would be made by certain women card players, more skillful than honest, to take part in a big progressive euchre party held for the financial benefit of the allied societies of his church. Thus notified, he was able to exclude the darksome ladies when they applied for admission and to prevent them from winning by their evil arts the handsome and valuable prizes that lent interest to the occasion—and brought in lots of entry fees.

The warning is that the clergy and others engaged in raising money for pious purposes should know that the conspiracy thus foiled has in the past been often successful and that it will be as often successful in the future if like care be not taken to protect the virtuous from the wicked.

We have called both the tale and the warning curious because of the difficulty we have in understanding why the narrator cannot see that it emphasizes, not the well-known fact that card sharpers are ever eager to join in the games of players less sophisticated and adroit than themselves, but the much more remarkable fact that at this entertainment, conducted under churchly auspices, the gambling was for stakes sufficiently high to make it worth the sharpers' while to take a hand.

Not all of us, indeed, are filled with deep horror or consuming rage at the very thought of playing euchre for money or money's worth, but without any question at all it is gambling, and, when conducted as was this affair, and as are numberless others of the same kind, it is public gambling of the sort mentioned with stern and threatening reprehension in the Criminal Code.

The police might be painfully puzzled if requested to explain why they hunt down—more or less—some groups of gamblers and allow others to do business merrily and with impunity, and why they do not view all lotteries as provocative of action. So no such request shall be made. Even a mild and amateur moralist can see, however, that in all probability the women against whom warning is issued were led into their evil ways through participation in the winked-at lawbreaking.

Temptation Must Be Resisted.

Judging from its name, Fond du Lac, like so many other Wisconsin towns, has a neat little lake close at hand. Now, far be it from us to advise the more mannerly inhabitants of Fond du Lac to seize their Mayor, to carry him down to the lake, and dip him therein some six or seven times, prolonging each submersion for about half a minute. On the contrary, we strongly advise against the adoption of any such course, and can give several good reasons why the thing should not be done.

As, for example: The Mayor wouldn't like it. Also, he might slip from the hands of the ducking party and get drowned. Again, it would spoil his clothes. Moreover, the water in Wisconsin lakes is cruelly cold at this season. Besides, that's no way to treat a Mayor, whatever he does; it would be nothing less than lynching, and the inevitable tendency would be to waken a spirit of lawlessness and disorder, to unchain somebody or something, and then there really might be trouble.

But in one way or other the people of Fond du Lac ought to make clear to their Mayor (1) that he should treat the President of the United States with decent respect, and (2) that when he—the Mayor—loses his temper and indulges in what would be insolence, if it were not so absurd, he should on recovering his equanimity and sense make due and explicit apology for his mistake. The Mayor of Fond du Lac didn't do that. After he had told the President to go to Oshkosh and stay there if he wouldn't give Fond du Lac two hours and a half, he cooled off and sent another message. The other message was better than the first, but it wasn't good enough, for it was, in effect, merely, "Oh, well, come along, and go as soon as you please!"

That's no way to talk to the President, and especially is it no way to talk to a President who is big enough to pay no attention to petty annoyances by petty people. But though the President didn't care, the people of Fond du Lac should do so, and, as they have a convenient lake—it's queer how the thought of that lake does occur, even after it has been dismissed as suggestive only of evil and the injudicious.

"Blackwell" Does Well Enough.

While not sharing to the full the enthusiastic admiration expressed by one of our correspondents yesterday for "Blackwell's Island," we are ready to admit that the reasons for preserving it are of considerable weight, and we cordially agree that, as a substitute for it, "Hospital Island," if not absolutely the worst that could be suggested, is so bad that its official acceptance would be something very much like a crime.

The one objection made to the present name is that connected with it are unpleasant associations and the prison taint which it no longer deserves to bear. There is something in that, but not much. Both the associations and the taint would soon be forgotten—by those of us who have been lucky enough to escape confinement there—and the name would recover its respectability as fast as the new uses of the island became known.

"Hospital Island" is utterly commonplace, and we all have hopes that some day it will be as inaccurate as commonplace, for to be a park is the manifest destiny of the island. It is, indeed, a good place as well as a convenient one for hospitals, but in time it will be worth more as a playground and beauty spot for the whole people, and then "Hospital Island Park" would never do.

Probably the island had an Indian name once. That should be revived.

THE "EQUAL PAY" FALLACY.

"Inequality" Is Made by Nature, Not by the Legislature.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Equal pay" is a transparent fallacy, but it seems again to need light behind it to show it to be so.

Educators in general feel that the schools need men in certain positions, and a certain proportion of men teachers anyhow, not because they are "superior" to women, but because their point of view, and therefore their influence, is different. If these men are to be men worth having the city must pay them what such men could earn in other professions, i. e., wages that will permit a man to support wife and family. On the other hand the city has to pay its women teachers such wages as will induce the kind of woman wanted to prefer teaching to some other profesion, i. e., wages that will support a single woman. This is, with a few exceptions, the normal situation. And here at once is the "inequality" made by nature, not by the Legislature.

The business of the city is to get good women, where women teachers are needed, and pay what is necessary to get them, and to get good men, where men are needed, and pay what is necessary to get them; and not to attempt to establish, at huge expense to us all, an arbitrary equality of salaries, to soothe the pride of the women teachers.

The perennial plaint of the "woman taxpayer" is absurdly beside the mark. She notices that she pays taxes because she makes out a check for a certain sum. Other women don't notice it, because their husbands make out the checks, but it comes out of the money that they would otherwise share. Here, as in other matters of our democratic country, taxpaying has nothing to do with the case.

Can we not discuss the schools, the great hope of the Nation, simply with a view to making them do their best work, without having the issue confused by the sex-antagonism and sex-assertion that is the fruit of the agitation for suffrage?

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.
Albany, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1911.

Reducing Men Teachers' Salaries.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Mayor will conduct a hearing next Monday at 11 A. M. on the Equal Pay bill. This bill gives the women equal pay by reducing the salaries of the men. Considering the increase in the cost of living since 1900, when the present salaries were fixed, it is easy to see the injustice of the measure.

If the parents of this city want the right kind of men in the upper grades of the elementary school and in the high school, they will surely oppose the unfair distribution of the money for increasing teachers' salaries.

ROBERT H. KEENER.
New York, Oct. 12 1911.

"Mount Tacoma."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many acres of forest land have been denuded in order to furnish the paper on which have been printed the voluminous and sometimes acrimonious discussion as to the meaning of the word "Tacoma." Edward S. Curtis, the Indian authority, who has been highly commended by THE TIMES thus disposes of the question in the seventh volume of his great work, "The North American Indian":

> The word Tacoma is of Salishan origin. In the Thompson River dialect skom is a mountain; in Wenatchee tkomma is a snow peak; in Snohomish Tkomba is the name of Mount Baker; in Nisqualli Tkobed, in upper Chehalis Tkomen, are names for Mount Ranier, (Mount Tacoma.) An old Nisqualli says that Tkobed signifies "waterer," the reference being to the fact that several rivers have their sources on the slopes of this mountain. This is the most plausible etymology, although three others are possible, as Mr. James Teit, the student of Salishan dialects, has pointed out. These three possible roots signify respectively end, referring here to the source of a stream; a rounded protuberance, referring to the peak itself; "up country," referring to the location of the mountain.
>
> Whatever the correct etymology, it is clear that the word tkomma, in one form or another, was used by several Salish tribes as the specific name of Mount Rainer, (Mount Tacoma,) but by others was applied specifically to other peaks, and by some as a common noun to any snow peak.

CHARLES RICE.
New York, Oct. 12, 1911.

Abyssinians' Italian Arms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Everybody must heartily indorse the impending transfer of Tripoli to a Christian power—which Italy still is, several matters to the contrary notwithstanding. But the Italian people are hardly forgetful of the fiasco in Abyssinia, and they seem just a little chary of Tripoli.

A curious fact in connection with the Abyssinian failure is that the native army which in 1895 inflicted such an unlooked-for defeat on the invaders were armed with guns which the Italian Government itself had sold to them twenty-five years previously, and which were even then utterly out of date. They were the spoils of war, being none other than the arms of the Papal troops which were surrendered to Italy in 1870. They were adorned with tiara and keys, and it was surely the greatest irony that they were found userul against the Italians themselves.

Perhaps some Turkish statesman could secure them from the Abyssinians and let the Tripolitans use them, and try the effect on the invaders of letting it be known that they had them.

ROBERT P. GREEN.
New York, Oct. 11, 1911.

FARMERS ON COST OF LIVING.

Suggest Closer Relations with Consumers to Solve the Problem.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 13.—Closer organization of the farmers for the purpose of relegating unearned profits and putting the producer and the consumer nearer together, was advanced as the only possible solution of the high cost of living problem at the opening of to-day's session of the Farmers' National Congress here.

Emphatic appeal was made by many delegates for the adoption of resolutions memoralizing Congress to provide a parcels post and establish a Federal Good Roads Bureau.

Strong denunciation was made of tariff abuses, and a movement started to have Congress take action against the Tariff Commission.

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Willet M. Hays, who has been studying country life development, suggested a change in the constitution of the association, which would establish a federation similar to the German Agricultural Society, a powerful factor in German rural life. The plan contemplates a body made up of delegates from all State federations and farmers' associations, together with representatives of colleges, experiment stations, and National organizations in any way associated with the improvement of conditions of farm living.

It is asserted that the representation of colleges, stations, and other public departments in the federation will prevent it from being drawn into political lines.

KEEPS UP POTATO TRUST WAR

Indianapolis Mayor to Continue Retailing Them at 75 Cents a Bushel.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 13.—Mayor Shank is preparing to continue his war on the alleged "Potato Trust," if he has to send 500 miles to get his supplies for the local market. The Mayor announced yesterday that he had been advised he could obtain all the potatoes he desired in Minnesota at prices that would permit him to continue retailing them here at 75 cents a bushel.

Mayor Shank has been getting his supplies from Michigan, but the price there has gone up because weather conditions have not permitted potato digging for two weeks. Momentarily the City Executive was afraid he would have to back down. Then he received a letter from the Superintendent of the State Agricultural High School at McIntosh, Minn. The school chief wrote that he was in a position to sell the Mayor several carloads of potatoes at from 40 to 50 cents a bushel, to which would have to be added the cost of sacking and freight.

A Brainerd (Minn.) man also wrote that plenty of potatoes were to be had in that locality at 45 cents a bushel. The Mayor expects to receive two additional carloads to-day that he bought at 68 cents a bushel, free on board, Indianapolis.

REPAYS $5.04 IN 70 YEARS.

Ex-Postmaster of Bridgewater, Mich., Finally Collects from Government.

MORRICE, Mich., Oct. 13.—August Wilcox, the oldest resident of Shiawassee County, who for nearly seventy years has been trying to collect $5.04 from the Government, has at last succeeded—minus the interest.

Mr. Wilcox was Postmaster at Bridgewater, Mich., under President Tyler, and some time after he was succeeded in the position he learned he had some money coming to him. Recently the proper identification papers reached Washington and the check came back in a hurry.

RIVALRY FOR IMMIGRANTS.

It Is a Bad Sign If Better Classes Avoid Our Shores.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article on "Rivalry for Immigrants" it is said qualifiedly that Commissioner Billings's statement that future immigrants into the United States will probably diminish in number yearly is welcome. In one sense this is true. A very large part of the population of this country holds the opinion that we could get along very well with a much smaller number of immigrants than we are actually receiving. But in another, and more profound sense, it is far from true. If Commissioner Billings's prophecy is accurate—and time alone can settle any doubts on that point—it should be a signal for deep consternation rather than for congratulation.

If it is true that from now on the stream of immigration to this country is to be a diminishing one, irrespective of any increased stringency in the matter of selection and admission, it can mean only one thing—that the United States no longer enjoys such a position of economic, social, and political superiority to the other nations of the world as to make it worth while for foreigners to take the trouble to come here. Gen. Francis A. Walker long ago said that immigration of the lowest class "will not be permanently stopped so long as any difference of economic level exists between our population and that of the most degraded communities abroad." Modern authorities agree that the volume of immigration responds directly to the conditions of economic prosperity in this country.

At the beginning of its National life the United States enjoyed such natural advantages as made it worth while for the citizens of the most advanced of the older nations to try their lot in the New World. Many of these advantages are already gone, and, as stated in your article, the better classes of immigrants are now seeking other lands. Argentina gets the North Italians, while the South Italians come to us. Canada, while encouraging and soliciting immigration from Northern and Western Europe, discriminates frankly and effectively against natives of the southern and eastern portions of that continent. In our own case, the so-called "new" immigration vastly outnumbers the "old." And there are still plenty to come. Barring any further legal restrictions, they will continue to come from ever lower and lower sources until conditions in the United States so closely resemble those in the most unfortunate foreign country that it is no longer worth while to make the effort.

In passing, it may be permissible to add a word of emphasis to what you have to say as to the importance of better distribution. As long as immigrants continue to come, the best efforts of all interested in the welfare of our Nation should be bent to securing a more satisfactory and rational dispersal and assimilation of our alien neighbors.

HENRY P. FAIRCHILD.
Yale University, New Haven, Conn., Oct. 12, 1911.

Aldermen and Smoking Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Aldermen of New York manifest a proper spirit in their effort to prevent females from smoking in public places. Would it not be well for them to go further, and secure legislation against males smoking, chewing, drinking, &c., in public places? There is infinitely more that is offensive to the sight done by them than by women, and it would surely be lamentable if the City Fathers should strain at a gnat and swallow a camel.

A TIMES READER IN CENTRAL NEW YORK.
Utica, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1911.

TO-DAY.

Oh, say,
The world stands still to-day!
The wheels of motion stop,
The wings of action drop,
The ceaseless whirl of life
Puts on the brakes of strife,
The beating pulses throb
No longer on their job,
The earth's activities have quit
And motionless they sit,
The universal laws
Of movement hit a pause,
And everywhere
The feel of stoppage fills the air.
Oh, say,
The world stands still to-day;
The world stands still to-day
While Giants and Athletics play.
P. S.—Unless it rains.
What? W. J. LAMPTON.

JUSTICE IN THE LAW A PERPETUAL QUEST

New Adventures Constantly Arise in This Living Science, Says Sir Frederick Pollock.

GIVES HIS CLOSING LECTURE

Declares That the True Advocate's Duty Is to Help the Business Through the Best Way.

Sir Frederick Pollock brought his lectures on "The Genius of the Common Law" to a close at Columbia University yesterday with an address which he called "The Perpetual Quest." The lecture was in the nature of a valedictory, urging the servants of Our Lady the Common Law to the perpetual quest of justice. The lecture, as were the others, was attended by a large number of lawyers, Judges, and law students. Sir Frederick said:

"What shall be the attitude of a good lawyer and a good citizen toward the problems among which the lot of the common law is cast? He will recognize, in the first place, that they are alive and not to be solved out of a digest and that the work is never finished. If it ever seemed to be finished the law would have ceased to be a living science, and would be fit for nothing more than to be petrified in an official corpus juris. For principles, even the most certain, are capable of infinite application, and the matter is always changing. The Knights Errant of our Lady the Common Law must be abroad on a perpetual quest; no sooner is an adventure accomplished than a fresh one is disclosed, or arises out of that very achievement. There is no strife in the past which has not some lesson for the future.

"Courts have to be guided, legislators have to be warned. Not a word shall be said here in derogation of an advocate's duty to take every point that can fairly be taken for his client. Still, there is a higher and a lower kind of advocacy, including work out of court, without any prejudice to the client's interest.

"Not long ago a learned friend of Lincoln's Inn was talking with me of a late eminent English conveyancing counsel whose pupil he had been. Other men might be as learned, said my friend, but I worked much with him, and whoever worked with him might be sure that he wanted to put the business through. That is, in plain words, which no rhetorical expansion could better, the spirit of the law and the true lawyer. Ask yourself at every doubtful turn what will best help the business through, and you will have a good professional conscience and grateful clients.

"We shall not think the less of the common law for not being infallible and invincible. Some say she is a hard mistress. It is true that she will not be content with any offering short of man's best work; she would not be faithful to herself if she were. Some call her capricious. It is true that she does not undertake to command world success for her followers; earthly fortune may be added to them, but is not the reward she promises. There are some who call her arbitrary. True it is that we have to learn her speech, but when we have learned enough of it to speak it freely, we know that open discusion and unfettered criticism are the very light of the law.

"Some complain of her tongue as barbarous. Well, the Latin of Roman law falls short at best of classical perfection, and when one gets below the surface of our mediaeval books, French and Latin, one finds them at least as human as The Digest and far more living and human than Justinian's Institutes and the glossators. Rather we may praise our Lady the Common Law in the words of a poet who was not a lawyer, words not written concerning her, and nevertheless appropriate:

> Our lady of love by you is unbeholden;
> For hands she hath none, nor eyes, nor lips, nor golden
> Treasure of hair, nor face, nor form; but we
> That love, we know her more fair than anything.

"This was written by Algernon Charles Swinburne in praise of Liberty at a time when the powers of darkness were still very strong on the Continent of Europe. There is ample warrant in mediaeval usage for appropriating verses of any author in one's own sense, whether connected with the author's or not, and our lady's traditions are nothing if not mediaeval. But we may find a less artificial justification. For if there is any virtue in the common law whereby she stands for more than intellectual excellence in a special kind of learning, it is that Freedom, and in her sister, and in the spirit of freedom her greatest work has ever been done.

"By that spirit our lady has emboldened her servants to speak the truth before kings, to restrain the tyranny of usurping license, and to carry her ideal of equal public justice and ordered right into every quarter of the world. By the fire of that spirit our worship of her is touched and enlightened, and in its power, knowing that the service we render to her is freedom, we claim no inferior fellowship of our brethren of the other great Faculty, the healers of the body and the comforters of the soul, the lovers of all that is highest in this world and beyond. There is no more arduous enterprise for lawful men, and none more able, than the perpetual question of justice laid upon all of us who are pledged to serve Our Lady of the Common Law."

RECTOR IN NYACK 50 YEARS.

The Rev. Franklin Babbitt Celebrates His Golden Jubilee.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 13.—The golden jubilee of the Rev. Franklin Babbitt, who completed his fiftieth year as rector of Grace Episcopal Church of Nyack, was celebrated to-day. He is the oldest active rector in the Diocese of New York. A large reception took place in one of the church buildings.

Addresses were made this evening by Supreme Court Justice A. S. Tompkins, Bishop Greer of the New York Diocese, and by the Rev. Dr. Sartell Prentice, pastor of the Nyack Reformed Church. A purse containing several hundred dollars was presented to Mr. Babbitt.

When Mr. Babbitt came to Nyack fifty years ago he began to collect money for a building and since that time he has worked steadily for the upbuilding of Grace Church. The present structure is of stone, the design having been furnished by Mr. Babbitt. The valuable church property is without debt. The Sunday school is the largest in Rockland County.

SUGAR MEN'S TRIAL PUT OFF.

Lawyers Too Busy Now Working on Tobacco Reorganization.

United States District Attorney Wise said yesterday that the trial of Washington B. Thomas, former President of the American Sugar Refining Company; John E. Parsons, a former director and counsel of the company, and other officers of the corporation, for conspiracy in connection with the closing of the Philadelphia refinery of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company, would go over to the January term. It had been set for the November term.

The reason Mr. Wise gave for the delay was that De Lancey Nicoll and other lawyers retained for the defendants are at the present time busy in formulating a plan for the disintegration of the Tobacco Trust under the direction of the Supreme Court, and the problem will probably occupy their time for several months.

MARY ANDERSON HERE, A DRAMATIST

Will Aid in Rehearsals of "Garden of Allah," in Which She Collaborated with Hichins.

INSTIGATOR OF THE PLAY

Drama Written with Heart-Rending Effort—Actress Anxious to Know What America Is Doing for Shakespeare.

Mary Anderson de Navarro arrived in New York on the Baltic of the White Star Line yesterday to assist in the rehearsals of "The Garden of Allah," in the dramatization of which she collaborated with the story's author, Robert Hichins. With her was her husband, Antonio de Navarro, and his brother, Alphonso. They were met at the dock by the friends with whom they are to spend their two weeks in New York.

Mme. de Navarro said that her only object in coming to America this time was to see the first performance of the play in which she has taken so much interest.

"I think I am something more than a collaborator with Mr. Hichins in the play," she said. "I believe he almost regards me as its instigator. When the book was in manuscript form I urged him to dramatize it and he scoffed at the idea. When it was published there were many people who made the same suggestion to him and finally he was persuaded to start on the dramatic version. When I met him this morning he seemed to be mad with enthusiasm about it.

"If the play is not 'right' now it will not be due to any lack of care, of heart-rending effort. To strike a wrong note in a play of such spiritual significance, or to be guilty of misplaced emphasis in it, would be to fail in the aim to bring out the underlying mental struggle of the characters. For months Mr. Hichins stayed with us at Court Farm and wrote in the garden all morning and fought with me at tea through the late afternoon."

Mme. de Navarro scouted the idea that she wished to return to the stage. Dressed in a black corduroy tailored suit, black and white traveling hat and white veil, she looked almost as young as when she made her farewell to America twenty-two years ago. But she intends to stick to private life, except in a few instances, when she might appear for some charity, or when she might assist in the preparation of some play in which she had a strong interest. Her children occupy most of her attention. Jose, the eldest, now fifteen, is in school in England, and the two girls are with their grandmother. They and her home and her husband, she declared, kept her too busy to think much of the question of suffrage.

"I haven't the least interest in it," she said, laughing.

One thing that she wished to know of her interviewers was what America is doing for Shakespeare now.

"In England I believe he was never so popular and I should like to know that my own country was still giving him his due."

She had nothing to say about such changes that she may have noticed in New York, and, of course, nothing about the drama here. She had evidently kept in close touch with the American stage, but she would not comment on what she had not seen first hand. She said she expected to be present at the first performance of Mme. Simone in America next week, as she and her husband had planned to go to Paris to see her. Most of the time she is here will be spent at the Century Theatre watching rehearsals of the play in which, she said banteringly, she would claim no share until it had succeeded.

To-day's Weddings.

Miss Edith Brevoort Kane and George F. Baker, Jr., will be married to-day in St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo, N. Y. Miss Dorothy Kane will be her sister's maid of honor.

Miss Helen Burrowes Johnston, daughter of the late Raymond B. Johnston of Chicago, and Samuel T. Calloway, son of the late Samuel R. Calloway, one time President of the New York Central Railroad, will be married to-day in the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church.

Miss Grace Evelyn Howe Allen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Howe Allen of South Orange, N. J., and George Peabody, son of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Peabody of this city, will be married this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents in South Orange.

Miss Esther Lyall Fosburgh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Fosburgh of 411 West End Avenue, will be married to Dr. Dudley Joy Morton of Philadelphia, son of Franklin J. Morton of Baltimore, Md., this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Chapel of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. The Rev. Dr. John Henry Jowett will officiate.

Miss Amie Myers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Myers of Hempstead, L. I., and Latham Ralston Reed, son of Mr. and Mrs. Latham G. Reed, are to be married at 3 o'clock to-day at the home of the bride's parents in Hempstead.

The wedding of Miss Lily Scull Anthony, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred R. Anthony of this city, to David Vaughan Sutton of Babylon, L. I., is to take place to-day at the Anthony country place, Shadow Lawn, Montrose, Penn.

Miss Biennie Bossert, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bossert of Brooklyn Heights, and Carrol Trowbridge Cooney, also of Brooklyn, are to be married to-day at the Summer home of the Bossert family, Bay Shore, L. I. Mr. Cooney was graduated last year from Yale, where he won fame as an athlete.

Miss Nash to Wed Douglas Gorman.

The engagement is announced of Miss Gwendolen Nash, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund S. Nash of Rye, N. Y., and Savannah, Ga., to Douglas Gorman of Baltimore, Md., son of William M. Gorman, and a nephew of the late Senator Arthur P. Gorman.

Miss Nash is now with her parents at their Summer home at Rye, and has spent much of her time abroad. Mr. Gorman is a graduate of Princeton, class of '03.

The couple's engagement was announced last night at a dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Nash at Rye. No date has been set for the wedding.

Griffiths-Sanger Wedding on Nov. 8.

The wedding of Miss Josephine Gregory Sanger, daughter of Mrs. Charles De Best Sanger of 101 West Seventy-fifth Street, to Frederick Dodge Griffiths will take place on Wednesday, Nov. 8, in St. Stephen's Church in West Sixty-ninth Street. The Rev. Nathan A. Seagle will officiate.

Miss Kelley to Wed S. S. Brady.

Commander J. D. Kelley, U. S. N., and Mrs. Kelley of 25 East Eighty-third Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Muriel Jerrold Kelley, to Samuel Stansbury Brady of Baltimore, a graduate of Princeton, class of 1900. The wedding will take place in November.

Miss Kelley is the second daughter of Commander Kelley, the elder daughter, Miss Jacquelyne Kelley, was married two years ago and lives in Boston, and the third, Miss Nathalie Kelley, came out a year ago.

Miss White to Wed W. D. Strode.

Mrs. Margaret Beecher White of 308 West Eighty-second Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Dorothy Beecher White, to Warren D. Strode of St. Louis, Mo.

Miss White is a great-granddaughter of Henry Ward Beecher on her mother's side, and her grandfather on the paternal side is Deacon Stephen V. White, who has been a prominent member of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, for many years, and who is well known in Wall Street.

No date has been set for the wedding.

SCHLESINGER—SIMONS.

Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin Schlesinger have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lenore Schlesinger, to Jesse V. Simons of New Haven, Conn. The reception will take place to-morrow at the Schlesinger home, 61 West Seventy-fourth Street, from 3 to 6 P. M.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills (Miss Margaret Rutherfurd) will occupy the Ogden Mills Bishop house at 9 East Eighty-fourth Street this Winter. Mr. Bishop and Miss Mary C. Bishop will spend the season abroad. Mr. and Mrs Ogden Mills returned yesterday with Mrs. Cavendish-Bentinck from Europe, where they went to attend their son's wedding.

Mrs. Collis P. Huntington is at the Plaza, where she will remain for probably two months.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll, who is now at Dinard, will sail for New York on Oct. 25.

Mr. and Mrs. Henri Anthony Louis Hoguet will celebrate the sixth anniversary of their wedding to-day by a reception at their cottage at Lake Mahopac, N. Y. A through train will convey the guests from this city, leaving the Grand Central Station at 1:07.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan L. Kennelly and Miss Marguerite Kennelly have returned to town from the Apawamis Club, Rye, N. Y., and have opened their house at 60 West Fiftieth Street for the Winter.

Alfred M. Innes, counselor of the British Embassy at Washington, D. C., is here for a few days and is staying at the Wolcott.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon have been spending a week at the Chamberlin, Old Point Comfort, Va.

Mrs. Donnell Swan of Baltimore will spend part of the coming Winter in New York with her sister, Mrs. Swift.

Mr. and Mrs. Carlos de Heredia, who have arrived in town from Lenox, will spend the Winter at their villa at Mentone, France.

BERBERS FROM DESERT HERE

25 March to Knickerbocker and Become Acquainted with Knives and Forks.

Broadway experienced a Moroccan invasion yesterday afternoon, when a party of twenty-five Berbers, in turbans and tunics, walked from Twenty-third Street to the Hotel Knickerbocker, on their first trip through an "infidel" city. They are to take the rôles of Arabs in "The Garden of Allah," and were imported by Hassan Ben Ali, who has a sort of Arabian trust in this country. Mr. Hassan led the procession yesterday, and with him walked Ayashi Wadrassi, who is said to be a lieutenant of Rais Uli, the bandit, and who looked the part. The party arrived Thursday from Gibraltar, and were held at Ellis Island until yesterday.

The buildings, the street cars, the bustle of the city attracted barely a passing notice from the dignified visitors. They themselves were not so fortunate. A crowd gathered as soon as they started up the street, and it grew to large proportions by the time the procession reached the Knickerbocker.

In the hotel they were taken to a corner of the cafe for lunch, and had their first meal with the accompaniment of knives and forks. Keeping close watch on the Americans at the tables near them, they did very well, considering their lack of experience. The only sign of astonishment was made when they learned that the check for lunch amounted to $40.

After lunch they were taken to 105 West Sixtieth Street, where they are to lodge while in New York.

Hassan Ben Ali said that almost all of the party were men of consequence in the desert country. Some were sheiks, some wealthy owners of large flocks, and some of them priests. All of the men are tall, well formed, and neatly dressed. They wear short-cropped beards and hair, and their clothes are in soft tones. Most of them, yesterday, were bare-legged, and wore heelless yellow slippers.

TRULY SHATTUCK STRICKEN.

Actress Taken to Hospital Suffering from Abscess of the Brain.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 13.—Miss Truly Shattuck, the leading lady in "Alma, Where Do You Live" playing at the Academy of Music this week, was taken to the Johns Hopkins Hospital this morning in a serious condition suffering from an abscess of the brain. It was thought an operation would have to be performed immediately, but Dr. Cushing will wait until to-morrow when a more complete diagnosis can be made.

Miss Shattuck has been suffering from headaches for several months, but her disorder was thought to be only slight. Dr. Thomas Futcher diagnosed the case this morning as abscess of the brain. Miss Shattuck was immediately rushed from the hotel where she has been stopping to the hospital.

Miss Shattuck has been on the stage for eighteen years. Theatregoers remember her when she was with Anna Held in "The Parisian Model," and she is also remembered from her parts in George M. Cohan's plays, particularly "Little Johnnie Jones." She has traveled over Europe, scoring successes in London and Berlin.

FROHMAN IS RECOVERING.

Suffered a Relapse Two Weeks Ago, but Is Again Sitting Up.

It was reported yesterday that Charles Frohman was dangerously ill again and unable to leave his apartments at the Hotel Knickerbocker. Mr. Frohman's partner, Alf Hayman, and his physicians, Dr. Robert L. McCready, Jr., and Dr. Otto M. Schwerdtfeger, said last night that Mr. Frohman's condition was not at all serious and that he was sitting up and able to attend to business.

Mr. Frohman went to Atlantic City two weeks ago to attend an opening of one of his plays and when he returned to New York the cast that was put on his leg to overcome the effects of inflammatory rheumatism became loosened and the rheumatic condition was exaggerated for a time. He is now well on the way to recovery, and has been receiving his assistants every day for a week.

Kinemacolor Theatre Opens To-night.

The new Kinemacolor Theatre, formerly Mendelssohn Hall, will open to-night with a programme made up of views of the recent coronation of King George. The orchestra will be under the direction of Paul Discount, from the Scala Theatre, London, also a kinemacolor theatre, and there will be a large chorus. An explanatory lecture will be given by Lawrance Grant, who has been with the pictures at the Herald Square Theatre. The hall has been redecorated for its new lessees.

A. Hammerstein Sues for Divorce.

Supreme Court Justice Pendleton appointed yesterday Philip W. Boardman, a lawyer of 2 Rector Street, referee to hear testimony in a matrimonial action brought by Abraham Hammerstein, son of Oscar Hammerstein, against Ethel Britain Hammerstein. Abraham Hammerstein is a younger son of the grand opera and theatre manager. Announcement that he intended to sue for divorce was made about two months ago.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Warning," a new play by Arthur J. Eddy, will open at the Hyperion Theatre, New Haven, to-night, under the direction of the Shuberts. The piece will go to Boston next week.

The Aborn Opera Company will present a spectacular production of "The Bohemian Girl" at the West End Theatre the week of Oct. 23.

Cohan and Harris announced yesterday that Raymond Hitchcock in the "Red Widow" would come to the Astor Theatre on Monday, Nov. 6. The piece is by Rennold Wolf and Channing Pollock, and Charles J. Gebest has composed the music.

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WOMEN CELEBRATE CALIFORNIA VICTORY

Enthusiastic Mass Meeting in Cooper Union by National Suffrage Association.

MRS. PANKHURST SPEAKS

New Star in Their Flag Gives Encouragement to Women Suffragists Everywhere, She Declares.

The National American Woman's Suffrage Association had two new stars at the California jubilee mass meeting in Cooper Union last evening. The first represented California, the sixth woman suffrage State, in the woman suffrage flag, and Mrs. Pankhurst, leader of the English suffragettes, who came unexpectedly to add her congratulations, was the other. The California star was heartily applauded, and the band played "Marching Through Georgia," but Mrs. Pankhurst carried off even more applause, the band playing "See, the Conquering Hero Comes," and the crowd cheered the militant woman from across the water.

It was a great night for the suffragists. At the back of the platform was a large suffrage flag of blue with Abraham Lincoln's portrait surrounded by six stars and his famous suffrage speech below. All the women on the platform wore six-starred "Votes for Women" buttons, and they were peddled in the audience with big yellow and red California poppies. In front of the desk in the centre of the platform was a big star in electric bulbs which were lighted at the proper moment.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the association, presided. "Fellow citizens," she cried in opening the meeting, and there was laughter and applause. There had never been an occasion in the world, she said, when women had so great occasion for rejoicing, and introduced Portia Willis, a pretty young woman, who said: "Ladies and gentlemen, I am glad to present to you the Sixth star."

The electric star flashed out, the band played, the audience cheered, and clapped and joined in singing "The New America," dedicated to the campaign workers of California by a California woman.

"Let us sing whether we can or not," said Dr. Shaw, and the audience sang:

My Country 'tis of thee
We plead for liberty,
Thou hast denied.

There was more applause and stamping when Mrs. Ida Husted Harper presented a resolution demanding that the New York Legislature let the women present their case to the voters for decision. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont seconded the motion. Mrs. Belmont was wearing the suffrage colors in a big yellow California poppie, and Mrs. Pankhurst's colors, purple, white, and green, in the purple lapels to her black gown.

Much applause and laughter greeted the speech of Harriet May Mills, the New York State Suffrage President. Mrs. Mary Austin made a speech, but the women looked a little scared when Isaac Stevens of Colorado, who has been campaigning with the women in California, was introduced and the band played "We Won't Go Home Till Morning." Mr. Stevens made a short speech telling the women to turn their batteries on Washington if the State Legislature would not relent and get suffrage for all the women at one swoop.

Mrs. Stanton Blatch was introduced as "the woman who was not content to sit down and wait any longer."

"Where is President Taft?" asked Mrs. Blatch. There were cries of "Bravo" when she said she had some of the President's speeches unfavorable to suffrage printed on wafleits that they might be "sown like snowflakes" over this country next year if the President of the Republican Party did not have a change of heart.

"Tammany Hall's your friend," called a man's voice from the back of the room when Mrs. Blatch mentioned her opposition to Tammany, but he was silenced by hisses. Mrs. Blatch said she didn't like a corrupt Tammany Hall or corrupt Republican Party.

There were addresses by Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Mrs. Elizabeth Gerberding of California, and Mrs. Mary Ware Dennett read a greeting from the National Woman Suffrage Congress of Italy from its Secretary, the Baroness Irene Di Bonside Nobili, who was on the platform but spoke no English. The Baroness said women did not want to boast but to do good; that they did not want to be like men, but to give a larger meaning to the home.

There were cheers for Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the International Suffrage President, now abroad, and cries of "God bless her!" when Dr. Shaw introduced Mrs. Pankhurst. Mrs. Pankhurst stood several seconds before the applause died down. She spoke a few words of congratulation, saying that the whole woman suffrage world rejoiced at California's victory, which would encourage other women to go on. A cablegram of congratulation from the woman suffragists of Holland was read also.

SUFFRAGE WINS BY 2,500.

California Party Indebted to New York Women for Funds.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 13.—With some 200 mountain precincts still missing woman suffrage appears to have won by 2,500 in a total vote of 240,000.

Women can begin registering with the County Clerks at once and be prepared to cast their votes at any general or special election after thirty days from the passage of the Constitutional Amendment No. 4.

According to the Secretary of State a constitutional amendment becomes part of the Constitution and is in effect just as soon as it is carried by the electorate. This opinion was confirmed by Attorney General Webb. Under the general election laws, however, the women must comply with the registration requirements, and the law prescribes that to vote at any election one must be registered at least thirty days prior to the election. This would prevent the women of the State from casting their ballots at any of the local option and other elections which will be held throughout the State within the next thirty days, but it will allow them to vote at the Los Angeles City election Dec. 5.

The women will not have to pay poll tax, and it is possible that they may also escape jury duty, but on this point there is some doubt. The law does not expressly state that only men shall serve on juries, but on the other hand there is nothing in the amendment which gave the women the ballot which implies that they shall do jury duty.

New York women who are celebrating the victory of the California women feel that they had something to do with the result. The Woman Suffrage Party contributed $2,000, raised by its week of self-denial, and Gen. Herbert Carpenter, formerly of California and now of New York, contributed $500, which was sent through the Suffragist Party. This was used for the expenses of two of the suffrage workers sent by the New York women, Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, leader of the Nineteenth Assembly District of the Woman Suffrage Party, and Miss Jeanette Rankin, leader of the Fourteenth. These women made long trips into the interior of California, traveling 90 and 100 miles by stage and speaking in mining camps where suffrage was unknown. Mrs A. C. Fiske, Chairman of the Borough of the Bronx for the party, was also sent to California, and did good work in the churches and women's clubs.

The Woman's Political Union of New York sent $150, the proceeds of a meeting, to the Californians, and also one of its best workers, Mrs. John Rogers, Jr. The Collegiate Equal Suffrage League sent $100, and the National Society Woman Suffrage Association, through its New York office, sent between $3,000 and $4,000 for the campaign.

James Lee Laidlaw, a banker and member of the Men's League for Equal Suffrage, sent, at the California women's request, telegrams of from 400 to 500 words, the belief of a Metropolitan banker in the value of woman suffrage, to be used as campaign documents.

RARE ITALIAN WORKS.

A Botticelli and a Carpaccio Shown at Metropolitan.

Director Robinson of the Metropolitan Art Museum, announcing for the first time since his return from his Summer vacation the recent accessions for the museum, foretold a Winter of unusual interest for the friends of the museum.

"This past year and this past season have been remarkable in the possibilities there have been of acquiring not alone pictures, but works of art of different kinds," said the Director yesterday, "and we shall have many things of great importance to show, and among the most interesting of these are the works of the Italian artists, in which the museum has heretofore been somewhat weak."

The beginning of these were shown yesterday in a remarkable Botticelli and a Carpaccio, both from the Abdy sale in London, last May, and an interesting Sienese picture shown in Gallery 31, while announced, but not yet ready for exhibition, is a Sodoma, "Mars and Venus Trapped by Vulcan."

The Carpaccio, which stands first in the list, was catalogued as a "Pieta," but the museum has adopted the name given it by Sir Claude Phillips in an article in the Burlington Magazine, "Meditation on the Passion." The figure of the Christ is seen in the picture, resting upon a ruined throne, while on either side sit the meditative figures of bearded patriarchs. There is what is considered a false signature, "Andreas Mantinea F.," in one corner of the picture. This is hung in Gallery 30, as is the Botticelli, "Three Miracles of Saint Zenobius."

This painting is one of a series on popular panels. The Abdy pictures had been in storage for the greater part of the last twenty years, and the Botticelli is not listed with other pictures by the artist. The figures are sharply outlined, with decorative effect, and it is supposed that the panels were intended for insets in furniture, possibly for chests for clerical vestments.

The painting by Matteo di Giovanni was formerly in the collection of Charles Butler at Warren Wood, Hatfield, England, and is supposed to be another chest or Italian casson panel. It is interesting, with a quaint female figures, several of which are swimming across a stream atttired in their ordinary rich robes. The scene is supposed to illustrate the story of Camilla.

A remarkable Venetian bronze door knocker, in strong design, Italian Renaissance, is one of the important accessions in the decorative arts department. There is a charmingly interesting bust of an angel wearing a demure smile, an unusual piece to be found outside the cathedrals, of wood, the beginning of the Gothic period, and a beautiful piece of German sculpture is a mother and child in unusually fine state of preservation, belonging to the first quarter of the sixteenth century.

The loan collection of old silver, largely church services, made or used in America, will be opened with a reception to the members on the evening of Nov. 6, with an exhibition of old portraits, many by Copley, the master of the Colonial period. There will be portraits by Blackburn and other artists of the time.

MORMON LEADER DEAD.

John Henry Smith, One of First Presidency, and Political Defender.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 13.—John Henry Smith, second counselor to Joseph F. Smith, President of the Mormon Church and a member of the first Presidency of the church, died suddenly at his home here this morning.

For forty years President Smith, who was generally called by his followers "John Henry" in order to distinguish him from his kinsman "Joseph F.," has been a prominent political defender of the Mormons. He was President of the Utah Constitutional Convention, at which provisions were drawn prohibiting "future plural marriages," while judiciously ignoring all marriages which had occurred before the date of the State's entrance into the Union.

Afterward when a propaganda was started against him and his associate church leaders who were living with wives married under the old régime he pointed to the clause in the pledges made at the Constitutional Convention and demonstrated that it referred to new marriages only. He declared that all the non-Mormons in the convention, through tolerating him, an active polygamist, as its President tolerated the plan by which "death alone" was to solve the problem that had kept Utah in turmoil for half a century. At the Smoot investigation in Washington he testified that in accordance with the "tacit agreement" of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention he moved his various families back into Utah after having had them hid away in Colorado and New Mexico for several preceding years, and that he considered that he was not offending the sentiment of the community by continuing to live with them and support them.

In Idaho he played a prominent rôle during the campaign against the Mormons conducted by ex-Senator Dubois. He traveled through the Mormon settlements urging them to vote solidly as Republicans to defeat Dubois. When questioned about this tour by the Smoot committee Smith defended his course on the ground that he had appealed to his people not as an inspired prophet, but as a fellow-citizen advising them as to their welfare while under assault. At sessions of the irrigation and dry farming congresses John Henry Smith was a familiar and prominent figure. He was the exponent for the Mormons of their peculiar system of irrigation, and he was untiring in his efforts to show its advantages to residents in the other arid States.

Mr. Smith was born in 1848 at Council Bluffs, Iowa, during the Mormon exodus to the West, and rose to be a Bishop under Brigham Young. He became an Apostle and subsequently one of the First Presidency, which is the highest governing body in the Church. Two wives, fifteen children, and eight grandchildren survive him.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES M. HOOK, son of Commodore James A. Hook, and formerly chief engineer of the People's line, running between New York and Albany, died Thursday at his home, 285 West Eleventh Street. He was 69 years old.

CHARLES A. DE POIX of the marine architect firm of Gardner & Cox, a retired naval officer and a designer of several fast yachts, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. de Poix, 21 Linden Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, from a lingering illness. He was 36 years old. Mr. de Poix was a graduate of Stevens Institute and later finished his studies in France.

CYRUS L. HARRIS, the only son of Clinton S. Harris of the law firm of Harris, Corwin, Gunnison, & Myers, 150 Nassau Street, died Thursday at the home of his father, 220 Marlborough Road, Flatbush, from heart disease. He was 22 years old and would have graduated from Dartmouth next year.

Dr. GEORGE W. HOLMAN, for many years a practising physician in Brooklyn, where he lived at 125 Lafayette Avenue, died on Thursday at Seney Hospital. He was born in Sterling, Mass., in September, 1826, and went to California in the days of the rush for gold in 1849. He became wealthy there and then returned to New York and studied medicine. Dr. Holman made a special study of the diseases of the liver and stomach, and invented a liver pad. Dr. Holman was a member of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church for thirty years.

JACOB W. OLIVER died yesterday at his home, 45 West Eighth Street, Bayonne, N. J., aged 75 years. He was the first expressman in Bayonne, and for forty-two years and up to three years ago, when he retired, he conducted an express between Bayonne and New York. He was a member of Mansfield Post, G. A. R.

JOHN P. THAYER, who married a daughter of President Arosemena, died in Panama Thursday night. He was a native of Missouri.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

ANITA M. KETCHUM died Oct. 8, left $1,500 personalty to Mercedes de Flores, Marie L. de Florez, Catharine K. Blake, and Phebe K. Thorne, to the latter of whom gives the residue of the estate.

ALBERT H. MORITZ, died Sept. 25, left more than $1,000 each of realty and personalty, about $1,000 each to his sisters Amelia P. Simon and Anna Buchler, and his brother, George F. Moritz.

MARGARETTA WEISS died Sept. 10, left $528 personalty equally to her daughters Margaret and Louisa Weiss and her granddaughter, Margaret Braunstein.

CATHARINE WALSH died Sept. 18, left $330 personalty to her daughter, Catharine Walsh.

FRANK W. STEVENS died July 9, at Central Islip, L. I.; left $100 each of realty and personalty to May S. Tabor of Dover Plains.

JOHN ELTERICH died Oct. 1, left $2,750 realty and about $2,000 personalty to his wife, Elizabeth Elterich.

EMMA AVERILL STOWELL died Sept. 28, left about $5,000 personalty, $5,000 to her son, William A. Stowell, and the residue of her estate to her husband, William H. H. Stowell, including her personal jewelry.

RECORD TELLS WHY MOST REFORMS FAIL

Tammany Understands the People and Reformers Don't, He Says at Dinner in City Club.

GIVES THEM MATERIAL AID

Lower Taxes Don't Mean Lower Rents, He Declares—Honest Primary Law Is Needed Most.

Thirteen members of the Commission Government Association sat about a table in the City Club last night and heard George L. Record of Jersey City tell them their reform movement would prove a failure and go the way of all other reform movements. According to Mr. Record, it is not enough to fight the devil with fire, or machine politics with machine politics. If the great mass of voters are to be reached something must be offered by the reformers which the people can see for themselves will benefit them.

Mr. Record divided New York people into two classes—the educated, tax-paying, wealthy class, out of which reformers, such as were his hosts, comprising altogether about 7 per cent. of the population; the other 93 per cent. composed of tenement dwellers and others for whom the reformers are solicitous.

"This is what happens," said Mr. Record. "The 7 per cent. class will produce reform movements, such as a reduction in taxes, and all the other things which sound nice, and are chiefly for the benefit of the 7 per cent., and will go to the 93 per cent. and ask their votes to carry out the reforms. It won't work. The reformers will say that a reduction in taxes will mean a reduction in rents, but in practice just the reverse is true. We tried it over in Jersey City. For several years the taxes were reduced, and it turned out that the rents were increased by exactly the same ratio.

"Now, you 7 per cent. go down to the east side and ask for votes against Tammany. Why, the people down there don't know there is or ever was any opposition to Tammany. They think Tammany is the government, and they don't know anything about your uptown clubs. A man down there said to me recently, 'Men in evening dress come down here about once a year and talk to us from the end of an automobile about reform government, and we listen in a respectful way, but what these men say to us doesn't mean anything. They don't know our viewpoint or what we need.

"On the other hand, if one of our children dies and we haven't the money to bury it we go to the Tammany district leader and he buries the child and lets us have enough money to pay the bills and tide us over until better times. That man does something for us. He understands our needs and meets them at the critical time, but we couldn't go to the men who came in the automobile.'

"That is the secret of the whole matter," continued Mr. Record. "You ask the 93 per cent. to vote, and you tell them and put in your reformers. They do so, and a lot of crooks are turned out, and a lot of honest men are put in their places. But the honest men from uptown don't know what the 93 per cent. need or want, and consequently when the next election comes the honest men are turned out by an overwhelming majority, and reform receives another set back.

"I asked the man I have spoken of if he had ever known a man of the 7 per cent. class who could get the vote of the east side for any public office. He replied that he could recall but one, that was ex-Street Cleaning Commissioner Waring. He said that instead of letting the east side streets, in which the children play, remain dirty all the Summer as they usually are, Col. Waring had them swept clean every day, and they were kept sweet and wholesome for the use of the grown people and the children.

"That was something for the east side people, and they appreciated it, and, in the judgment of this man, Col. Waring could have got a great majority of their votes for Mayor because he did this service for them.

"What you really want to do is to have a primary law which is honest and effective in registering the votes of the people as they desire to vote, and then to have ideas of service to all the people such as they see are of benefit to them, and go to them and make them see it is to their advantage to vote as you wish them to vote."

Mr. Record devoted much of his address to telling just what was best and particularly essential in a primary law of value. Some of the essentials were, he said:

"A primary for both parties at the same time and place and conducted by the regular election officers.

"A ticket on which all shades of political belief might be represented without great inconvenience.

"Election officers so appointed as not to owe their appointment to a political boss of any stripe.

"Party registration, or a party book in which the names of the voters may be recorded, so there can be a check on flopping from side to side by the voter, or else, the Wisconsin system, under which the politics of the voter is not revealed."

Mr. Record was listened to with keen interest, and his address followed by prolonged applause, notwithstanding the rather dampening effect of his remarks on reform.

FOR COMMISSION RULE HERE.

All Assembly Candidates to be Questioned as to Their Stand.

The Commission Government Association of this State, at its meeting in the City Club, announced yesterday that it would take a more active part in legislative affairs than heretofore to show that if the cities of New York State want home rule and a commission government they may have both.

The members began their conference in high spirits. The Secretary, Ralph Bowman, reported that much progress had been made since last March; the idea was spreading rapidly through the State, new associations having recently been formed in Buffalo, Albany, Schenectady, Syracuse, Yonkers, Mount Vernon, and Watertown, with the certainty that Troy and Utica would organize branches in a short time.

Mr. Bowman said that his activity against the recently defeated Charter had drawn criticism by at least one member of his Advisory Board on the ground that it was in no way related to commission government.

"Such criticism would have been quite correct," said Mr. Bowman, "had the proposed Charter been a home rule measure. It was anything but that. It was a Charter being forced on the people against their will. It was not desired by the citizens of this city. Not one civic or business organization favored it, and with the exception of one newspaper which circulates among the theatrical and race track interests, not a New York paper was for it. Its adoption was urged by a political organization which represents a minority of the citizens of this city. Had the Charter contained a referendum clause this association through its Secretary would have had no right to oppose it. On the other hand, the bill violated the principles of home rule, and the Secretary assumed that he was bound to respond to the city's appeal for help."

The intention of the association to become more aggressive was made known when it was decided that every candidate for the Assembly this Fall, no matter to what party he may belong, be sounded before the election on how he stood as to home rule and commission government.

Prof. H. L. Fairchild of the University of Rochester, President of the association, read a list of questions which, it was agreed, should be sent to candidates for the Legislature. Here they are:

Do you favor home rule?

Do you favor the commission form of municipal government, or permitting the people to decide under what form of municipal government they prefer to live?

Do you favor initiative and referendum?

Do you favor the recall of municipal officers?

Do you favor the Massachusetts form of ballot?

As some indication of the progress of the idea it was stated that a bill providing for the submission of the question of municipal government to the vote of the various cities of the State, with the exception of New York, would be offered at the coming Legislature, with Gov. Dix's approval of its consideration.

The association discussed for some time means for extending its membership and influence. It was finally decided that there should be two classes of members, contributing and voting, the first paying dues of $5 and the second $1 a year.

In his opening address President Fairchild said "animal selfishness and greed for wealth" were among the fundamental causes of American misrule.

"To our shame," said he, "it must be said that all altruism and democracy have been submerged by material prosperity and greed for wealth. Our laws instead of curbing selfishness have been used by organized greed. Unfortunately for our American civilization, our National ideals have become too sordid and mercenary."

Some of the leading causes of misrule he thought to be excessive individualism, delegated government, lack of publicity, overgrown commercialism, special privileges, partisanship, spoils system, tripartite system, and judicial usurpation.

Mr. Fairchild expressed the opinion also that the American Government was established with the individual rather than the common welfare as the supreme end, and that America was the only country in which Judges dared to question laws instead of simply applying them.

"The United States Supreme Court," added he, "is the supreme power in America, with no check or control except that of public opinion. The least that can be said is that such a government is far from a democracy."

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Eight Steamships.

The transatlantic steamers sailing today and some of the passengers booked are:

AMERIKA, (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph W. Breckenridge, Lee H. Cahill, W. F. Dearborn, Alfonso Forathelm, Walter D. Gelorhausen, Mr. and Mrs. Christian Holm, Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. C. de Heredia, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Jones, Gen. and Mrs. Edward Kirkpatrick, Baroness Luttwitz and Baroness Irma Luttwitz, J. F. Stephens, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Stein, and Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Witt.

OCEANIC, (Southampton)—Dr. W. E. Adeney, G. Bertolli, B. S. Chamberlain, Edmund P. Grove, William J. Haywood, K. R. Hooker, Reginald Hope, F. F. Ingram, A. W. Margraff, George T. Maxwell, Francis Morel, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Morgan, Lord Eustace Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Montford P. Sayce, R. H. Simpson, C. B. Stranahan, Mrs. Stanford White, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Wilkie, and H. Ydlibi.

NEW YORK, (Southampton)—C. S. Ashdown, Oscar Fritsche, William Haven, Joseph T. Piggott, W. B. Wise, Mr. and Mrs. C. Palmer Woodbury, Enno Littmann, and Paul Wurmset.

KRONLAND, (Antwerp)—Mrs. F. H. Bohlen, Mrs. Edward F. Christ, Miss Katherine Clarke, Miss Elizabeth N. Little, Miss Mary B. Pitney, and Miss S. L. Trenis.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—Mr. and Mrs. Kurt Amrein, Mrs. Lawrence D. Alexander, W. W. Bell, Jr.; George K. Fullerton, Mr and Mrs. James Fairweather, Alexander Gwans, William McCall, Robert Stocks, and the Rev. M. A. Thompson.

MINNEHAHA (London)—R. W. Baker, F. A. Carle, the Rev. W. A. Dunn, Mrs. Dunn, Col. and Mrs. Mallory, Dr. Clarence Martin, H. H. Pattison, Mr. and Mrs. Otis Turner, Howard L. Waldo, and Edward M. Waldo.

CHICAGO (Havre)—Mr. and Mrs. Richard E. Brooks, Raphael Burguet, L. Carvallo, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eckert, Mr. and Mrs. Howard, Pierre F. Houpert, Mr. and Mrs. Lazar Iwanoff, Mr. and Mrs. Max Stetzer, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Thompson, and Cecil Wright.

ATRATO (Southampton)—The Rev. N. A. F. Bourne, Isaac Brandon, Mr. and Mrs. David L. Davoll, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. Emonnet Fatnall, Leonte G. Franco, Dr. L. R. T. Garcia, Lieut. C. M. Haley, Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Knecht, Frank Newell, Capt. A. F. Searle, and Mrs. Searle, E. M. Stark, and A. Stewart.

A. G. Vanderbilt Welcomed Home.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 13.—Alfred G. Vanderbilt arrived at Oakland Farm this evening from Europe. He was accompanied from New York by his brother, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, aboard the private car Wayfarer, and received a hearty welcome home from his neighbors. The grounds leading to the Vanderbilt home were illuminated, and the house was decorated with flowers from the greenhouses of Oakland Farm.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

CADY—SUTTON.—On Oct. 11, at St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity Parish, New York, by the Rev. Howard Bell Ziegler, Lydia Louise Sutton to Jonathan Rider Cady. Hudson, N. Y., papers please copy.

HARDESTY—PECK.—On Thursday, Oct. 12, in the Church of the Reconciliation, Webster, Mass., by the rector, the Rev. S. Wolcott Linsley, Mary Louise, daughter of the late William Guy Peck, LL. D., to Sydney John W. Hardesty.

BACHUR—WALL.—Oct. 11, Isabelle M. Wall to Frederic A. Bachur.

BROWNING—CARLE.—Oct. 11, Ettie B. Carle to Harold Browning.

CLARK—BYRN

HARVARD KEYED UP FOR WILLIAMS GAME

Crimson Will Make Every Effort to Roll Up a Big Score in Stadium.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 13.—Harvard to-morrow will make every effort to roll up a big score against Williams College in the third game of the season in the stadium. The work of the week all has been directed toward speeding up the team, and a much better showing than against Bates or Holy Cross is expected. Williams has been tied 0 to 0 by Rensselaer Institute this year and beaten 6 to 3 by Springfield, and Coach Daly, the former Yale Captain, says that although his team is in better shape than a week ago, he hardly expects to hold Harvard down to less than 21 points, which was the Crimson's score against Williams in 1910. Harvard to-day had no scrimmage, but the signal drill and the workout on plays was long. As the result of this and the hard scrimmaging of the early week four changes will be made in the Harvard line-up. One of these changes will be on the rush line, Leslie being at left guard in place of Keays, who started both the earlier games. Leslie is lighter than Keays, but is more aggressive, and the tryout is expected to make Harvard's left wing stronger than it has been.

In the back field Reynolds, Bettle, and Blackall will be the three men to start the game, with Potter at quarter back. Wendell, of course, is not displaced permanently, but the other three men are so good that Haughton wants to see them work in combination. Reynolds, besides being a splendid kicker, is very fast and runs with much power. He is heavier than Campbell or Graustein and just as fast as either. Bettle is a capable player, while Blackall, if he keeps his present pace, will make full back's position over Morrison and Tom Frothingham, the veterans from last Fall.

In the practice to-day Fisher, Gardiner, and Smith, the established right side of the rush line, drilled against Felton, Rogers, and Leslie, who played on the left wing for the substitutes. Every effort is being made to bring up these players to the standard of the other men, and Haughton will not consider any shifting of his right wing players to bolster the the other side for to-morrow's game.

The Harvard team to-morrow will play together through at least three of the four periods, and possibly throughout the entire game, with only here and there a substitute.

Only once this Fall has the team shown a real punch in its attack, and this is expected to be developed against Williams. The Harvard line-up will be: Felton, left end; Rogers, left tackle; Leslie, left guard; Storer, centre; Fisher, right guard; Gardiner, right tackle; Smith, right end; Potter, quarter back; Reynolds, left half back; Bettle, right half back; Blackall, full back.

PRINCETON'S WORK LIGHT.

Long Signal Drill and Short Scrimmage with Scrubs the Day's Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 13.—Princeton's work in anticipation of the Colgate game to-morrow was comparatively light, the 'Varsity spending this afternoon in a long signal and a short light scrimmage with the scrubs. There were many attempts at forward passes, but most of these failed dismally, the scrub line breaking through and hurling the passer to the ground before he could get the ball away.

Charlie Baker has been given the call at right tackle in to-morrow's game in place of McLean. Baker is an aggressive forward, and lacks more in experience than ability. During a short session with the scrubs this afternoon he crashed through the 'Varsity line on every play. The other shift for the Colgate game will be De Witt at full back, Baker will do him at left half back. De Witt will do the punting and get off most of the forward passes. Though not so good a kicker as Penfield, he is a more valuable all-around back.

The line-up for the Colgate game is: Left end, Dunlap; left tackle, Phillips; left guard, Wilson, centre, Bluethenthal; right guard, Brown; right tackle, C. D. Baker; right end, Wight; quarter back, Pendleton; left half back, H. Baker; right half back, Sawyer; full back, De Witt.

Carlisle Plays In Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Oct. 13.—After a short signal practice in which Coach Warner cautioned his men fully against the possible repetition of early season mistakes, the Carlisle Indian football squad left here this afternoon for Washington, where the Georgetown University team will be played to-morrow afternoon. The Indian lineup will likely be: Left end, Roberts; left tackle, Newashe; left guard, Hiller Jordan; centre, William Garlow; right guard, Bush; right tackle, Hodge; right end, Burd, Captain; quarterback, Welch or Arcasa; left halfback, Thorpe; right halfback, J. Wheelock, fullback, Powell.

The Indians are fairly confident of defeating the collegians, but are by no means overconfident, notwithstanding their very good physical condition.

Capt. Sampson Burd said before leaving this afternoon that his men were in fine fettle and he thought that Carlisle would win. Coach Warner would not express himself and merely emphasized the necessity of Carlisle putting up a first-class game if victory were expected.

Navy's First Big Game To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 13.—As the regulars on the Navy team have been worked much harder than usual in the opening practice of the season the coaches decided on a partial rest, and since the middle of the week there has been little work excepting signal drill. To-day there was nothing beyond running through signal and light practice in formation for receiving the kick-off. There will be a strong line-up against Washington and Jefferson to-morrow, the game being considered the first big contest of the year. Davis, the right tackle, is temporarily out of the game on account of a slight injury, and his place will be taken by Redman. Ingram, who has been doing good work in practice, will start the game at centre in place of Weems. Other men will be tried during the game.

Syracuse Going to Rochester.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Fifteen hundred fans will accompany the Syracuse University football team to Rochester to-morrow for the game with Rochester University. Syracuse alumni at Buffalo will also conduct an excursion to Rochester. The big orange eleven concluded its secret practice to-day, with every man in good condition. The Syracuse players expect the Rochester boys will give them a hard battle.

FOOTBALL GAMES TO-DAY.

Williams at Harvard.
Virginia Poly. at Yale.
Villanova at Pennsylvania.
Penn. State at Cornell.
Rutgers at West Point.
Holy Cross at Dartmouth.
Colgate at Princeton.
Washington and Jefferson at Annapolis.
Amherst at Trinity.
Carlisle at Georgetown.
Bowdoin at Brown.
Syracuse at Rochester.
Bucknell at Pittsburgh.
Gettysburg at Lafayette.
Union at Wesleyan.
Swarthmore at Virginia.

SOUTHERN TEAM AT YALE.

Virginia Polytechnic Institute Tackles Elis To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 13.—For the second time Yale will to-morrow play a Southern football eleven. Last year Vanderbilt played the Elis a scoreless battle, but Yale expects to accumulate a comfortable score against Virginia Polytechnic Institute, which plays her for the first time.

Drop kicking will play a large part in Yale's scoring attempt, and the final preparation for the game this afternoon consisted of two hours' work, fully half of which was drop and place kicking at every angle and possible distance. Capt. Howe, Francis, and McDevitt were the principal specialists employed.

Several of Howe's goals from the 40-yard line were skillful. Howe has been in few scrimmages this week, and will play most of to-morrow's game. Pete Francis will return to the sport. He was slightly injured last week. Philbin will not be able to play, and Andersen, the Wisconsiner, will get another trial.

Paul, Bomeisler, and Gallauer will not be able to play, but will be in line for the West Point game next Saturday. An hour's signal drill in secret opened to-day's practice, but the gates were opened for the kicking drill. No new coaches appeared. Head Coach Field worked the two first elevens at breaking through and perfecting the protective formations for drop kicks. The team has fairly found itself the past week, and appears in splendid condition for the game. The line-up:

Left end, Avery; left tackle, Scully; left guard, Francis; centre, Ketcham; right guard, McDevitt; right tackle, Perry; right end, W. Howe; quarter back, Capt. A. Howe; left half back, Reilly; right half back, Spalding; full back, Andersen.

Few substitutes will be used, but Walter Camp, Jr., will be tried at right end, Childs at guard, and Warren at tackle. Freeman, Walters, and Church will be used as the second set of backs.

Cornell Expects a Hard Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 13.—Cornell expects a hard game to-morrow at the hands of Penn State, and while the coaches are non-committal, there is a feeling that the Ithacans will be lucky to escape a defeat. The Penn State men arrived here at noon and then went to Rogues Harbor, six miles south of this city to rest until the game. They were confident that they would beat the Cornell team. Almost a thousands dollars has been wagered at even money on the outcome.

With Coaches Hutchinson, Thompson, O'Rourke, and Newhall directing the work the Cornell team finished its signal drill this afternoon. The team looked fresh and had plenty of ginger, but they will not be as strong to-morrow as the coaches would like, because of the absence of Capt. Munk, Eddie Butler, and Underhill, the big full back.

There was a slight chance, the coaches said, of Butler's going for part of the game, and he worked out with the team this afternoon, but there was no prospect of Munk's or Underhill's being able to play, because of their poor condition.

It was announced that the Cornell line-up would be Eyrich and Guyer, ends; Krogstadt and Champaign, tackles; O'Rourke and Munns, guards; Whyte, centre; Smith and Butler, quarter backs; O'Connor, Hawkins, McCormick, and Collins, half backs, and Hill, full back.

Princeton Freshmen Win.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 13.—Steady line plunging enabled Princeton's freshman football team to defeat the Princeton preparatory school eleven here this afternoon by an 11 to 0 score. Though advancing the ball in spectacular fashion throughout the game, the Tiger Cubs could not cross the Prep goal line until the last three minutes of play. A safety in the first period and an easy field goal by Gile in the last period gave the Cubs their first five points. The freshmen confined most of their play to mass formations and Dolior, Street, and Trenckman proved good ground gainers. Their failure to run up a larger score was due to a strong prep defense at critical times, the visitors holding the freshies in their five yard zone on four different occasions. The line-up:

FRESHIMEN.	Position.	PREPS.
J. Trenckman	Left end	Kerr, Stimson
Corran	Left tackle	Mauser
W. Swarts, Polk	Left guard	Reichers
J. Swart	Centre	Roosa
Gile	Right guard	Hays
Ballin, Knight	Right tackle	Nelson
Benson		Ackerman
Crandall	Right end	Walters
Harland	Quarter back	Lamberton
Baker	Left half back	Kirkpatrick
Dalton, Doolittle	Right half back	McGaffee
Street, T. Trenckman	Full back	Hennessey

Touchdown—J. Trenckman. Goal from touchdown—Street. Field goal—Gile. Safety—Hennessey. Referee—Mr. MacGregor. Umpire—Mr. Bluethenthal. Field judge—Mr. Ballin. Head linesman—Mr. Harlow. Time of periods—8, 8, 10, 10, minutes.

Cadets Full of Snap and Dash.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Oct. 13.—A long signal drill to-day finished the preparation for the Rutgers game to-morrow. The men showed a good deal of snap and dash and got the plays off smoothly. The forward pass was practiced considerably, and it is likely that the cadets will test Hyatt and Hoges's ability to handle the pass in to-morrow's game. Without an opponent in the signal drill, it worked like a charm, and the man to receive the ball was in the place he should be every time. Cook is not in good shape, and Trainer Tuthill intends keeping him out of the game for perhaps a week. Littlejohn was not in the line-up to-day, owing to a slight sprain, but will play in the Rutgers game.

The army is looking for a drop kicker, and all the men with any ability are encouraged to practice this line of the game. To-day a dozen or more bombarded the goal with drop kicks from every angle. Keys, the second string quarter back, and Arnold seemed to be the pick of the bunch, and with a good strong defensive line might be fast enough to get one over. Dean will play to-morrow, and do the punting for the army. At the practice to-day the cadets gathered on the grandstand and, led by the Academy band, practiced the new army songs.

Yesterday's Football Scores.

At Lexington, Va.—Washington and Lee, 40; Hampden-Sidney, 0.

At Crawfordsville, Ind.—Wabash, 0; De Pauw, 0.

GLIDDEN TOURISTS START SOUTH TO-DAY

Gov. Smith of Georgia to Lead Large Party in 1,454-Mile Run to Jacksonville.

All matters of detail were arranged last night for the Glidden automobile tour, which starts on the 1911 journey to Jacksonville to-day, at a meeting and smoker at the Automobile Club of America. The rules were gone over and all drivers received their final instructions.

This morning at 9 o'clock eighty-six cars, representing seventy-five contesting machines, four official cars, and seven more of the non-contestant and press divisions, will leave the A. A. A. National headquarters, Thirty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue. The cars will be lined up on Thirty-ninth Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues prior to the official start. An escort of mounted police will accompany the tourists from the starting point to Cortlandt Street Ferry.

The official itinerary provides that the tour will be concluded at Jacksonville, Thursday, Oct. 26, with the total mileage 1,454.6.

In addition to the Glidden Trophy, the Anderson Perpetual Trophy will be one of the awards to the car making the best score in tour. This is a magnificent sterling silver punch bowl 39 inches long and 15 inches high. The official race start will be made from the Jersey City City Hall soon after the arrival of the cars across the river.

Gov. Hoke Smith of Georgia, Mayor Winn of Atlanta, and the following Automobile Association of America officials will head the parade: President Robert P. Hooper, A. G. Batchelder, Chairman of the Executive Committee; S. M. Butler, Chairman of the Contest Board; P. J. Walker of San Francisco, the official referee; Mrs. Walker; E. L. Ferguson, official starter; Harlee Branch of Atlanta, official pilot; Alfred F. Camachi, assistant starter, and Dr. David Hoag, official physician.

Enthusiasm all along the line is running very high, as evidenced by letters received from various points on the route. Gov. Wilson of New Jersey will accompany the tour from Jersey City across the State. Information has also been received to the effect that Gov. Tener of Pennsylvania will meet the Gliddenites at Philadelphia. Gov. Glasscock of West Virginia has already wired his acceptance of Gov. Hoke Smith's invitation to ride in his car through Jefferson County, West Virginia.

The Mayor of Charlestown, West Va., has extended the tourists the courtesy of that town, and will meet the party as it crosses the West Virginia line. Charlestown has arranged to give the tourists an opportunity to sample the famous waters from the springs around this town, and will have a water wagon on hand to supply the thirsty tourists. The itinerary of the tour is as follows:

Start.	Night Stop.	Daily Mileage.
New York	Philadelphia	95
Oct. 15—Philadelphia	Gettysburg	120
" 16—Gettysburg	Staunton	182
" 17—Staunton	Roanoke	90
" 18—Roanoke	Winston-Salem	124
" 19—Winston-Salem	Charlotte	135
" 20—Charlotte	Anderson	160
" 21—Anderson	Atlanta	144
" 22—Atlanta (stop-over.)		
" 23—Atlanta (stop-over.)		
" 24—Atlanta	Cordele	167
" 25—Cordele	Live Oak	140
" 26—Live Oak	Jacksonville	85

Chalmers Car Is Ready.

The Chalmers "Six" Glidden Tour Press Car, in which will ride a party of New York newspaper men, reached the city yesterday morning from Poughkeepsie. It was driven from Buffalo by Freeman Monroe, who will also pilot the car in the tour. From Buffalo Monroe covered 590 miles in twenty-one running hours, an average of better than twenty-eight miles an hour. The Chalmers pilot is enthusiastic over the new State roads, which will soon give a perfect touring highway from Buffalo to New York. Just at present many parts of the new road are not open, necessitating long detours. The only bad roads were encountered between Geneva and Lake Cayuga, and again near Peekskill. The big Chalmers made the trip to New York without an adjustment, and is ready for the start of the Glidden this morning.

Snedigar's New Javelin Record.

Joseph Hickey of the Pacific Association of the Amateur Athletic Union has wired Secretary James E. Sullivan that at the Pacific Association games, held on Oct. 12, O. F. Snedigar of the Olympic Club, San Francisco, made a new javelin throwing record, hurling the javelin 166 feet 1 inch. Snedigar held the record once before, but his throw was beaten by Brodd of the Irish-American Athletic Club in 1910 at New Orleans.

Hydro-Aeroplane to Race Here.

A feature of the high-speed motor boat race of the Columbia Yacht Club to-day, its officials say, will be a contest between a Curtis hydro-aeroplane and the speed boats over the ninety-mile course. The hydro-aeroplane is to leave Atlantic City at 6 o'clock this morning. It is scheduled to arrive and land in the water off the Columbia Yacht Club at 10:30, and soon after that time arrangements will be made for a race against one of the motor boats. Mr. Curtis expects to be able to run his new machine in the water most of the way.

WHITE SOX WIN IN NINTH.

Cubs Beaten in First Game for Championship of Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Scoring three runs in a brilliant ninth-inning rally, the Chicago American League Club defeated the Chicago Nationals in the initial game of the city championship series to-day, 4 to 3.

Holding a lead of two runs at the start of the ninth inning, the Nationals seemingly had the game won until singles by Bodie, Callahan, and Zeider evened the score. Then Kreitz, a recruit catcher, who displaced Sullivan behind the bat, lined a single deep into left field, and Zeider raced home with the winning tally.

The Americans' first score came in the eighth inning. With Zeider and Dougherty, who batted for Sullivan, out of the way, Walsh tripled to centre, and tallied a moment later when McConnell drove a clean single over second base. Lord then retired the side with a pop fly to Evers.

The Nationals started to score in the fourth inning, when Evers started the inning off with a double down the right foul line. Sheckard sacrificed, sending Evers to third, and Tinker singled to centre, scoring the Nationals' second baseman. In the sixth the Nationals scored two more runs. With Brown and Evers out on infield grounders, Sheckard singled and Tinker was passed. Schulte hit safely deep into short, and Tannehill, in an effort to catch Sheckard at third, threw wildly, allowing Sheckard and Tinker to score. Walsh then struck Doyle out, ending the inning.

The Americans outhit the Nationals more than 2 to 1, getting twelve hits off Brown, while Walsh held his opponents to five. Four of the Americans' hits came in the ninth inning.

To-morrow the teams are scheduled to play the second game of the series at the National League park. The score:

AMERICANS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'C'nell, 2b.	4	0	2	4	2
Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1
M'Intyre, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Bodie, cf.	4	1	1	0	0
Cal'han, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
T'nehill, ss.	4	0	0	0	7
Zeider, 1b.	4	1	2	13	0
Sullivan, c.	1	0	1	4	0
Walsh, p.	4	1	2	0	5
*D'gherty	1	0	0	0	0
Kreitz, c.	1	0	1	1	0
Total	35	4	12	26	15

NATIONALS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	4	1	1	3	5
Sh'k'd, lf.	3	1	1	2	0
Tinker, ss.	3	1	1	5	5
Schulte, rf.	4	0	2	1	0
Doyle, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0
Saier, 1b.	3	0	0	11	1
Hofman, cf.	2	0	0	1	0
Archer, c.	3	0	0	3	0
Brown, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	29	3	5	26	14

*Batted for Sullivan in the eighth inning.
†Hofman out for interference.
‡Two out when winning run was scored.
Error—Tannehill.

Americans	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	—4
Nationals	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	—3

Two-base hit—Evers. Three-base hit—Walsh. Sacrifice hits—Sullivan, Sheckard. Double plays—Tinker and Saier; Evers and Tinker. Left on bases—Nationals, 2; Americans, 4. Bases on balls—Off Walsh, 2. Struck out—By Walsh, 4; by Brown, 4. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and O'Day.

Reds Defeat Naps In Second Game.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 13.—Cincinnati won the second game of the State championship series with Cleveland to-day, the victory being the second scored by the National Leaguers, with the American Leaguers having none to their credit. Benton held Cleveland safe all the way, while Kaler, as long as he was in the box, pitched good ball. In the seventh inning, however, Manager Stovall of Cleveland batted for Kaler, and when Cincinnati came to bat in the eighth they found W. Mitchell facing them. They immediately fell on the left hander for five hits, which, with a hit batsman, two passes and two errors, netted eight runs and the game.

Outfielder Jackson of Cleveland had a bad day, he making two wild throws that netted Cincinnati several runs. The fielding feature was a throw from deep centre by Mike Mitchell in the second inning on Turner's fly which doubled Birmingham at the plate. There will be a double-header to-morrow. Score by innings:

									R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	0	10	11	0
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	8	3

Batteries—Benton and Clarke; Kaler, Mitchell, Falkenberg, and O'Neil. Umpires—Mr. Evans, (American,) and Mr. Rigler, (National.)

Brooklyn Team Barnstorming.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Oct. 13.—The Brooklyn National League team started on a barnstorming trip to-day, defeating the Morristown A. A., 8 to 4. Brooklyn had its regular team in the field and used three pitches and two catchers against Morristown. Walter Swenson pitched for Morristown and did well. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	8	8	3
Morristown A. A.	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	8	4

Batteries—Schardt, Steele, Knetzer, Miller, and Erwin; Swenson and Collins.

Columbia Sophs Blanked.

On a play-off of a tie the juniors shut out the sophomores yesterday afternoon in the interclass baseball series being played at Columbia University by a score of 7 to 0. Al Ulrich, the second-string 'Varsity pitcher of last Spring, was to a great extent responsible for the victory of his class, although the sophs made errors which cost them dearly. Roderick Johnson played a fast game for the juniors on the bases, pilfering three in the seven innings the game lasted. Score by innings:

									R.	H.	E.
Sophomores	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	7
Juniors	0	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	7	6	4

Batteries—Williams and Calahan; Ulrich and Maloy. Umpire—Mr. Fisher.

NEW PASTIME PRESIDENT.

"Brazilian Cross" Organization Has New Leader in Harry F. Clody.

Richard F. McKiniry, President of the Pastime Athletic Club, who is in the West on a business trip and will be absent from New York for many months, presented his resignation as President of the "Brazilian Cross" organization to the Board of Managers at its last regular meeting held at the clubhouse. In view of Mr. McKiniry's protracted absence the board reluctantly accepted his resignation and unanimously elected Harry W. Clody, who was Vice President, as President.

Mr. Clody was track Captain of the Pastimes during the years of 1909 and 1910, and piloted his team to more victories than had fallen to the lot of the "Indians" during the previous ten years. His ability as a manager and producer of team work was evidenced by his team winning the National junior indoor championship in Madison Square Garden last October, resulting in the defeat of the New York Athletic Association and Irish-American Athletic Club athletes. The members are imbued with enthusiasm over the election of Mr. Clody as President, and there is no doubt that the Pastime Athletic Club will prosper under his able leadership.

Three Jockeys Hurt at Laurel.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 13.—Ladies' day here was marked by several severe accidents to jockeys, all occurring in the first race. Going to the post, The Rump bolted into the fence and smashed Jockey Dunn's right foot. This caused a ten-minute delay at the post. After the barrier was sprung there was a jam and Senator Sparks, Capt. Bravo and Jingo went down. Jockey Sweeney had his collar bone broken and Jockey Byrne was badly shaken up and cut about the head.

$40,000 Baseball Cage for Yale.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 13.—Yale's long-deferred project of a modern baseball cage has been brought close to fulfillment by the Graduate Committee, which is assisting Capt. Dick Merritt plan for next season's campaign. Plans have been drawn and are now in the hands of a committee to whom they were referred by Walter Camp, Yale's graduate advisor, for the proposed structure. They call for a brick building 140 by 110 feet and 15 feet high, with a tower about 90 feet square, surmounting the structure, with a large skylight, in order that the building may be perfectly lighted. The cage will stand in the rear of the new Carnegie swimming pool, and will cost about $40,000. The expense may be met by subscription by alumni or by a proposal from a prominent New Yorker to build it, and to rent it at a reasonable price to the university. It will contain a running track, and places for high and broad jumping.

Orioles Weak Against All-Stars.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 13.—The All Stars team of the American League defeated the Baltimore Eastern League Club to-day by a score of 7 to 1. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
All Stars	1	0	1	0	2	2	1	0	0	7	18	2
Baltimore	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	6

Batteries—Johnson and Street; Vickers and Egan.

Lieut. Com. de Kay a Marksman.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 13.—In two hours today Lieut. Commander Eckford C. de Kay, Military Secretary to Gov. Dix, qualified as a marksman with a revolver and a sharp shooter and an expert marksman with a rifle at the Rensselaerwyck rifle range.

EVERYTHING FOR BILLIARDS and BOWLING
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Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,581-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.; used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; if you want to sell your car quickly bring it here; auto storage, $6 up.

RAINIER-GARFORD Town Car, limousine, completely overhauled; new magneto plug ignition. GARFORD—1910 Touring, 40 h. p., 7 passenger; like new. GARFORD—1910 Landaulet, 30 h. p., town car; first-class condition. RAINIER—1908, 50 h. p., Touring; all overhauled. GARFORD—1909, Touring, 40 h. p.; fine shape. All repainted and thoroughly guaranteed. Prices very low to close out. THE R. & L. COMPANY, Broadway and 62d St. Garford Distributors.

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NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED. TIMES SQ. AUTO CO., 1,710 B'way, 54th St.

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250 NEW OR SLIGHTLY USED
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Best New York and Paris manufactures represented. $100, $200, $300, $400, to $1,250.
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Packard '06 touring; Flanders '11, runabout and Packard, landaulet body. 130 East 15th St.

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BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.

CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.

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SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball Championship of the World. Polo Game, to-day, 2 P. M. N. Y. Giants vs. Phila. Athletics. Advance sale of tickets for Oct. 11, 12, at 1133 B'way.

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J. W. Moon

That's *one* guaranty I put back of **Moon** Cars.

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Unless they have *many more years* experience in machinery—knowledge of materials—the factor of safety—accuracy—all that goes into fine machinery—what can you depend on?

It took me five years to produce the motor that I consider worthy to go into a *good* car.

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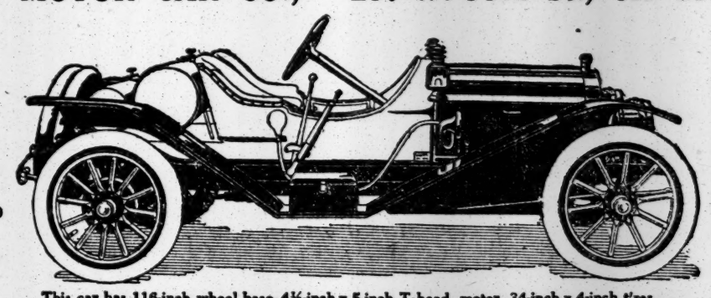

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This car has 116-inch wheel base, 4½-inch x 5-inch T-head motor, 34-inch x 4-inch tires, demountable rims, multiple disc clutch, extra fuel tank, etc. Price includes magneto, five lamps and full kit of tools.

(27)

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When a whiskey like "Watchman" is brought into being, a serious problem arises. This problem is to get the whiskey to you in its *natural state of purity*. And the solution is found only in the Non-refillable bottle—a recent achievement that makes its public bow with a new brand of rare old whiskey—

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DOROTHY CAMPBELL DEFEATED IN GOLF

Canadian Girl and Title Holder Vanquished for Women's National Championship.

Miss Margaret Curtis of Boston attended to the matter, at the Baltusrol Golf Club yesterday, of making sure that, even if one of the United States National amateur golf titles must repose in foreign lands for the coming year, the other remains at home. She defeated Miss Dorothy Campbell of Hamilton, Ont., in the semi-final round of the National women's championship by 4 up and 3 to play. In the other match of the semi-finals, Miss Lillian B. Hyde, the Metropolitan champion, disposed of Miss Eleanor W. Allen of Boston by 6 up and 5 to play. Inasmuch as Miss Allen had beaten Mrs. R. H. Barlow of Philadelphia the day before, this margin of victory for Miss Hyde was an indication of the kind of golf that may be expected when she and Miss Curtis come together to-day in the final round for the title. It should be a contest in which the distance gained by both players in their tee shots and the play through the greens should exceed anything yet seen in a woman's match either on this side of the Atlantic or abroad.

Miss Curtis had the distinction of being the first American golfer to defeat Miss Campbell in a championship match. Twice the Scotch girl had won the American title, and the kind of golf that she had been playing the last two days at Baltusrol made it seem a matter of doubt whether she could be beaten this time. She not only was the loser, but by an unexpectedly wide margin.

The fates were unkind to Miss Campbell, notably so at the fourth hole of the match. In fact, what happened there undoubtedly had a distinct bearing upon what followed later. This was a hole where Miss Curtis was expected to reap an advantage from her long game, but did not because she drove into a bunker, so that when both were on the green she had played five to Miss Campbell's 4. Their approach putts were both about a yard from the cup, and Miss Curits, being away, holed hers for a 7. Miss Campbell had a putt for a win. It so happened, however, that her ball rested in a depression formed by another ball, and when she putted the ball flew up and hit her club. This cost her a stroke, and instead of winning the hole, she lost it.

Miss Curtis gained a lead of 3 up at the fifth, which Miss Campbell had reduced to one hole at the ninth, and so it remained until the eleventh, which Miss Curtis won by holding a long putt. The next two were halved in 4s, but Miss Curtis made it 3 up with 4 to play, by winning the fourteenth in 5 to 6. Miss Campbell taking three putts. The match ended at the fifteenth, when Miss Campbell put her third into a trap and took two more to get out. The cards:

Miss Curtis	5	5	4	7	4	6	7	6	5—49
Miss Campbell	5	6	4	8	5	6	6	5	5—50
Miss Curtis	4	4	4	4	5	6			
Miss Campbell	4	5	4	4	6	8			

Miss Hyde's long game was again the predominant feature of the match in which she defeated Miss Allen, fully making up for her shortcomings on the putting greens. Even in the latter department she had more than her usual success, running down one of 20 feet for a 3 on the fifth green and putting more effectually than is her wont on other greens. Miss Allen won only one hole of this match, taking the eighth in 5 to 6, Miss Hyde's approach being short. Even at that Miss Hyde was only 2 up at the turn, but the Boston girl developed a streak of faulty playing on the inward round, so that she lost four holes in succession, and with the last went the match. As a fitting climax Miss Hyde did the thirteenth hole in 3. The cards:

Miss Hyde	5	6	3	8	3	5	7	6	4—47
Miss Allen	9	6	3	8	5	5	7	5	5—53
Miss Hyde	5	5	4	3					
Miss Allen	7	7	5	5					

As if to show that she still had plenty of good golf left, Miss Dorothy Campbell, paired with Miss E. C. Nesbit, another Canadian player, won the best-ball competition over the Baltusrol links yesterday afternoon. The pair returned a best ball of 85, Miss Campbell doing most of the work. The card was as follows:

Out	5	6	3	6	4	5	6	4	5—44
In	4	5	4	4	5	5	5	5	4—41—85

This led by a margin of two strokes the next best score of 87 returned by Miss H. S. Curtis and Miss Florence McNeeley. The Baltusrol Golf Club presented the prizes. The best scores were as follows:

	Out.	In.	Total.
Miss D. Campbell and Miss E. C. Nesbit	44	41	85
Miss H. Curtis and Miss F. McNeeley	43	44	87
Miss M. Helmer and Miss E. Maule	47	45	92
Miss E. Porter and Mrs. R. H. Barlow	49	45	94
Miss F. Griscom and Miss Anita Phipps	48	46	94
Mrs. F. C. Coluburn and Miss K. Van Ostrand	51	45	96
Mrs. E. H. Fitler and Miss F. Harvey	47	51	98
Miss G. Bishop and Mrs. Frank Enos	50	50	100
Miss M. W. Phelps and Miss G. Semple	51	49	100
Mrs. Chilvers and Mrs. P. Manchester	54	53	107

HOUCK WINS TAME FIGHT.

Defeats Ty Cobb in Uninteresting 10 Rounds at New Polo A. A.

Tommy Houck, the former Philadelphia bantamweight, who has been fighting around this city for the past two years, meeting some of the best at his weight and usually giving a good account of himself, failed to show his old-time form last night at the New Polo A. C. against "Ty" Cobb, also of the Quaker City, in a ten-round bout.

Houck was probably entitled to the honors, but by a narrow margin, and it did not do him any real good, as Cobb, although touted as a coming bantam, is at present credited with being but a novice, who displayed little knowledge of boxing. The bout in the early rounds was a very tame affair, with neither boy doing enough harm to the other to call forth any enthusiasm from the spectators. The exchanges were all of a mild nature, and showed flashes of real work only at times.

Both boys missed easy punches many times which would have been sure scores had they used good judgment, but the bulk of the missing was done by Cobb. The only real fighting was seen in the seventh round, when Houck showed a flash of his true form, and in a fast exchange of rights and lefts to the body had Cobb holding at the end of the round. The round was all Houck's, and the only one in which he gained enough advantage to give him the decision.

Houck staggered Cobb in the eighth period, but the latter came back at the close of the round and evened up the score. The semi-final of six rounds, which resulted in a draw between Danny Dougherty of Philadelphia and Young Ketchel, both lightweights, was a much better exhibition than the final.

Keene's Runnymede First.

NEWMARKET, England, Oct. 13.—The Exning Handicap of 300 sovereigns, for three-year-olds and upward, distance five furlongs, run here to-day, was won by J. R. Keene's Runnymede. Wolf's Haven was second, and Lespedesa third. There were eleven starters.

TROTS TWO FAST HEATS.

Charlie Mitchell Wins Free-for-All at Lexington in 2:04¾ and 2:04¼.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 13.—Close finishes and fast time marked the races on the next to the last day of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association Fall meeting. Charlie Mitchell trotted two heats in 2:04¾ and 2:04¼, defeating the best field of free-for-all trotters that has raced this season. He won in straight heats.

The Harvester went against his record of 2:01, driven by "Pop" Geers, but was unable to make the mile under 2:03. His time at the quarters was 0:31, 1:01¼, 1:32.

Ess H. Kay, also driven by Geers, lowered his own record of 2:02 to 2:00¾. Earl, Jr., won the 2:01 class pace after losing the first two heats to Evelyn W. and Independence Boy, respectively. Judge Ward took the 2:01 class pace in straight heats. Major Wellington lost the first heat of the 2:09 trot, but annexed the next three heats and the race.

Princess Todd was easily best in both heats of the Lexington Stakes for two-year-old trotters, and Arythmic Queen, after winning two heats of the West Stakes, came near losing the third to Gordon Todd, well driven by Geers. Owings, however, managed to get across the line in front. The summary:

Champion Stallion Stake, Pacing Division—Value $2,000; two in three.

Miss De Forest, b. f., by The De Forest, (McDonald)	1	1
Fred De Forest, br. c., (Murphy)	2	3
Olive O'Beirne, b. f., (Cox)	3	2

Time—2:08½; 2:10¼.

2:10 Class Pace—Purse $1,000; three in five.

Judge Ward, b. g., by Sunland Bourbon, (Hedrick)	1	1	1
Alberta, b. g., (Haag & McDonald)	2	2	2
The Liar, b. h., (Cares)	4	5	3
Heir-at-Law the First, blk. h., (Shackelton)	8	4	7
Lucius Todd, b. h., (Hall)	8	3	4
Retha A., br. m., (Loomis)	12	8	5
Lewrietta, b. m., (Peterson)	6	12	6
Halgan, r. h., (Floyd)	11	6	11
The Shakespeare, br. h., (Spears)	7	9	8
Ralph Patch, b. h., (Lynch)	9	7	10
Sylvia T., b. m., (McCall)	10	10	9
The Hermitage, b. h., (Jones)	5	11	dr.
Billy Bailey, gr. g., (McDonald)	Dis.		

Time—2:07¾; 2:07½; 2:06¾.

2:09 Class Trot—Purse $1,000; three in five.

Major Wellington, b. h., by Nico II., (McDonald)	5	1	1	1
Lulu Arion, ch. m., by Peter The Great, (Benyon)	1	5	3	4
Creighton, b. g., (Cox)	2	2	5	2
Robert K., br. g., (Todd)	3	3	2	3
Admiral Red, b. h., (Flick)	4	4	4	dro.

Time—2:09¼; 2:09¾; 2:09¾; 2:08½.

2:04 Class Pace—Purse $1,000; two in three.

Peter the Second, br. h., by Mr. Pinkerton, (Valentine)	1	1	
The Abbe, blk. h., (White)	2	3	
Major Brino, blk. g., (Hodson)	5	2	
Alcyfras, r. m., (H. Jones)	3	6	
Zulu Hal, br. m., (O'Brien)	4	5	
Baron Grattan, b. g., (Hershey)	6	4	

Time—2:04¼; 2:04¾.

The Lexington Stake for two-year-old trotters, value $2,000; two in three.

Princess Todd, blk. f., by Kentucky Todd, (Andrews)	1	1
McKinney Mac, b. c., (Macey)	2	3
Sister Monica, br. f., (Darnaby)	3	2
Brook King, b. c., (Higgins)	4	4
Mahomet Watts, br. c., (Z. Chandler)	dis	

Time—2:16¼; 2:14¾.

Free-for-All Trot; value $2,000; two in three.

Charlie Mitchell, ch. g., by Marvelous, (Murphy)	1	1	
Brace Girdle, b. m., (McMahon)	4	2	
Spanish Queen, b. m., (Macey)	2	5	
Willy, b. h., (Pennock)	3	3	
Hallworthy, br. g., (Hershey)	5	4	
Billy Burke, b. h., (McDonald)	6	6	

Time—2:04¾; 2:04¼.

2:01 Class Pace, purse $1,200; two in three.

Earl, Jr., gr. g., by Earl, (Cox)	3	1	1
Evelyn W., b. m., by The Spy, (Shank)	1	2	3
Independence Boy, ch. g., by Thistle, (Valentine)	2	1	2

Time—2:07; 2:01¾; 2:05¼; 2:05.

The West Stake for 2:29 trotters, value $2,250; three in five.

Arythmic Queen, b. m., by Rythmic, (Owings)	1	1	1
Gordon Todd, br. h., (Hershey)	2	2	2
Dictum Guy, ch. h., (Patterson)	3	3	3

Time—2:10½; 2:09¾; 2:10¾.

The Harvester against 2:01.
Fractional Time—0:31; 1:01¼; 1:32; 2:03.
Ess H. Kay against 2:02.
Fractional Time—0:31½; 1:01; 1:31; 2:00¾.

Erie to Handle N. Y., S. & W. Trains.

Passenger trains of the New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad will be handled at the Jersey City station of the Erie, beginning Dec. 1. For many years N. Y., S. & W. trains have used the Pennsylvania station, but owing to that road's terminal changes, its old station will be devoted to other purposes, necessitating the change.

We'd be so sad to have our friends catch cold at the World's Series.

Just 'phone.

Fall overcoats that have warmth without weight, Fall suits, soft hats, knitted waistcoats, sweaters, gloves, steamer rugs for the ladies—ready to go on the jump any time before the Game.

If you weren't lucky with tickets:

All three of our stores are ready to outfit you for golf, or any other outdoor sport.

Sporting clothes and Sporting implements.

If you must stick to business all day, as we must—

All the things for the Fall wear of men and boys.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

SEE THE GIANTS AND ATHLETICS
PLAY BALL AT THE
Real Estate and Ideal Homes Show
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TO-DAY
The big electric score board installed by the management of the Show will allow you to follow every play at the Polo Grounds throughout the game. Every play will be announced as it appears on the score board. Miss Gertrude L. Van Diense, the well-known soprano, will entertain you before the game starts.
ADMISSION, 50 CENTS; CHILDREN, 25 CENTS.

ADMITS BLOWING UP HOUSE.

John Capuun Confesses and Ends His Trial in Hackensack.

The trial of the alleged firebugs, August Deichman and John Capuun of Cliffside, N. J., which began in Hackensack, N. J., early in the week, ended unexpectedly yesterday when Capuun told Court Officer Butler he wanted "to tell the truth." The constable told Prosecutor Wright, who conferred with Judge Demarest. Judge Demarest ordered one of the jurors to leave the box, and then declared it a mistrial. Capuun retracting a plea of not guilty and pleading non vult. His full confession will be made to the court on Monday morning.

Capuun and Diechman were charged with having caused on April 10 the destruction of a double two-story house in Cliffside valued at $8,000, on which there was $18,000 insurance. The policies were held by Matilda Becker, who afterward married August Deichman, and Rosina Kracke, who posed as the wife of Charles Deichman. The latter tried to collect the insurance as Mrs. Deichman, despite the fact that Charles has a wife and two children living in Hoboken.

Capuun was in the employ of the Deichman brothers. His confession probably will state that he dynamited the building on April 10, narrowly escaping death in so doing. The Deichman brothers are under indictment for causing five separate fires in Cliffside, and Prosecutor Wright said he expected to prove that they were at the head of a gang of firebugs that for two years had terrorized the town and vicinity.

August Deichman has been in jail since his arrest last April, but Charles got bail. August attempted suicide in his cell one night three months ago by slashing his arm and wrist. He was discovered in time to prevent his bleeding to death and was hurried to the Hackensack Hospital.

It is believed that Capuun will be used as the leading witness for the State against the Deichmans in the other cases against them. Herman Kracke, brother of the woman who had one of the insurance policies, who conducted a delicatessen store in one of the buildings destroyed, sailed last week for Germany, and three other important witnesses have disappeared.

The evidence against the alleged firebugs was obtained by W. M. Clemens, a fire insurance detective of New York, a former newspaper man. He believes the brothers Deichman will change their pleas of not guilty after they hear Capuun's confession.

August Deichman, who was on trial jointly with Capuun, turned deathly pale when Capuun told Judge Demarest he wanted to confess, but he made no comment. On Wednesday Deichman denied all knowledge of the fire on April 10.

Jury Orders Curtin to be Reinstated.

Daniel J. Curtin, an assistant engineer of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, who was ousted after thirty years of service by Commissioner Thompson on the ground that his services were no longer necessary, will be reinstated by order of a Supreme Court jury. The jury found that the reason given by Commissioner Thompson was not the real one. Alfred J. Talley, Curtin's counsel, would not state what he thought his motive really was.

SCHEIB FREE; TO SUE WYETH

Chauffeur Whose Wife Was Slain Cleared of Larceny Charge.

Henry A. Scheib, the chauffeur, whose wife's body was discovered on May 24 in a bathtub in their home, 511 East Seventy-eight Street, was acquitted yesterday before Judge Foster in General Sessions of the charge of grand larceny made against him by his former employer, John H. Wyeth, of 2881 Broadway, who alleged that Scheib took a "joy ride" in his automobile on the night of May 14. The charge was made originally to hold Scheib while the murder case was investigated.

The jury was out for nearly an hour during the noon recess of the court, but they reached their verdict in twenty minutes. Immediately after Scheib's release Alexander Carlin, his counsel, announced he would bring suit for $10,000 damages for false arrest against Wyeth.

Scheib put in no defense, as Wyeth admitted he had no personal knowledge that Scheib took his car out, and had made the complaint at the request of Detectives McMahon and Owens. Mr. Carlin, in summing up, said:

"All we ask is the fair chance which these officers refused to give to us. Gentlemen, if you believe these stupid, incompetent, lying policemen convict the defendant of grand larceny, don't ask the Court to show us mercy. This man was willing to stay in the House of Detention for two months to allow these same officers to make a case against him on the homicide charge under which he was originally held, but they wanted revenge, and made Mr. Wyeth make this charge against him."

Judge Foster refused to allow the case to go to the jury on the grand larceny charge, changing it to petty larceny.

FRISCO SUBMITS STATEMENT.

Shows Income Account in Application for Listing Securities.

The income account of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad for 1911, submitted to the Stock Exchange in connection with an application for the listing of that company's common stock and other securities, shows a surplus, after payment of the first preferred dividend, of $1,335,662, or 8.34 per cent. on the second preferred stock, as compared with $922,217, or 5.76 per cent. earned in 1910.

Gross operating revenues in 1911 were $43,150,000, against $41,165,000 in 1910. Operating expenses were $29,320,000, as against $28,676,000 last year.

Will Publish November Hampton's.

A. Gordon Murray, receiver for the Columbian-Sterling Publishing Company of 66 West Thirty-fifth Street, publisher of the Columbia-Hampton's and other magazines, has qualified by filing his bond of $40,000. He has taken possession of the assets, and will try to straighten out the affairs of the company.

He said yesterday afternoon that he had made arrangements to publish the November issue of Hampton's on time, and he thought he may not have to issue any receiver's certificates to raise money to carry on the business.

PRENDERGAST CHORTLES

Over the Defeat of an Iniquitous Charter Backed by Political Thuggery.

Controller William A. Prendergast, responding to the toast, "New York City," at the dinner of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association at the Hotel Astor last night, deviated from his subject just far enough to allow him to give vent to his joy over the defeat of the Charter bill and to recall several of his clashes with Mayor Gaynor. He gave credit for the defeat of the bill to the "conscience" of this city.

"You can take a good lesson home with you," the Controller told the 300 diners, men and women, from all parts of the country, "a lesson about civic righteousness, which was brought to light right here in this city. Only a few weeks ago an iniquitous Charter, fathered by malevolent cunning, backed by political thuggery, was beaten to the ground by that forcible public opinion represented by the conscience of the City of New York."

"Did you say political jugglery or political thuggery?" the Controller was asked.

"I said political thuggery," he replied.

"Whenever the public rights are violated or the public interests menaced," he continued, "all that is necessary is to get up and express the true voice of the public conscience. It is impossible to override this conscience even in these times."

Other speakers were the Rev. Dr. Robert MacDonald of Brooklyn, Public Service Commissioner William McCarroll, William Jay Schieffelin, the retiring President of the association, and Theodore F. Meyer, head of Meyer Brothers Drug Company of St. Louis, the new President of the association. Dr. Samuel W. Fairchild, former President of the New York School of Pharmacy, was toastmaster.

The dinner last night was the closing event of the thirty-seventh annual convention of the association, and before adjourning resolutions were passed recommending legislation regulating the inter-State traffic of habit-forming drugs, and urging the careful scrutiny of all kinds of "fake" prescription remedies.

NEW GRAND TRUNK STOCK.

Company Seeks Right to Issue Securities for Providence Branch.

BOSTON, Oct. 13.—The Southern New England Railroad Company, the Massachusetts company organized by the Grand Trunk to enable it to make connection from its Central Vermont line through Palmer to Providence, R. I., received a hearing to-day before the Massachusetts Railroad Commission on its petition for authority to issue its initial stock of $1,000,000.

Judge J. W. Kenefick, who represented the company, estimated the cost of the road at $2,711,632, and explained that $1,000,000 was paid in at the time the articles of association were signed. It is now desired to organize the company formally and to allow the stockholders to receive certificates as receipts for their payments. There was no opposition. The board took the matter under consideration.

The Latest Baseball News for Real Fans!!

THE FASTEST LINE TO PHILADELPHIA
For Championship of the World Series 1911, Is the
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
1 Hour and 42 Minutes to Huntingdon Street the Nearest Station to the Grounds
SPECIAL SERVICE DAYS GIANTS PLAY IN QUAKER CITY
Huntingdon St. Trains Leave Liberty St. 10 and 11 AM and 12 Noon
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Diners on 11 and 12 o'clock trains
Returning Leave Huntingdon St.
4.00
5.00
6.00
New Jersey Central
YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

Columbia SILENT KNIGHT

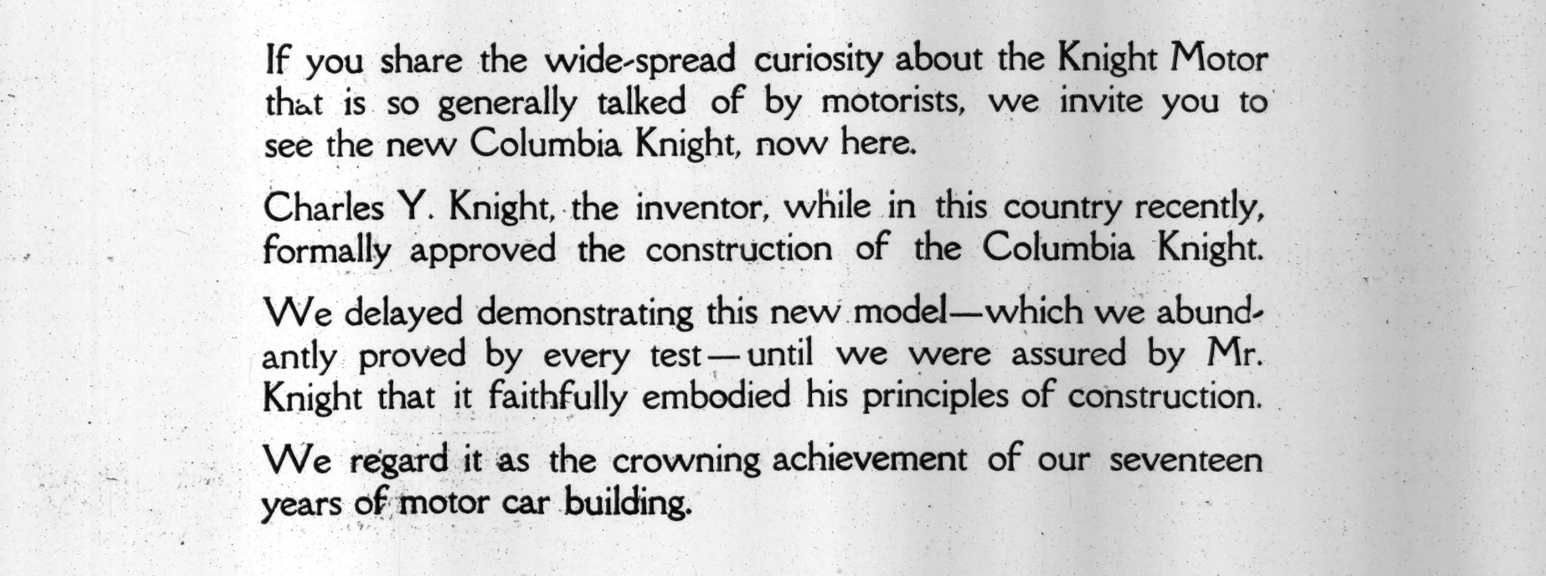
ARRIVES

If you share the wide-spread curiosity about the Knight Motor that is so generally talked of by motorists, we invite you to see the new Columbia Knight, now here.

Charles Y. Knight, the inventor, while in this country recently, formally approved the construction of the Columbia Knight.

We delayed demonstrating this new model—which we abundantly proved by every test—until we were assured by Mr. Knight that it faithfully embodied his principles of construction.

We regard it as the crowning achievement of our seventeen years of motor car building.



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W. J. TYNAN, 175 Van Houten St., Paterson, N. J. TRI STATE SUPPLY CO., White Plains, N. Y. C. B BROKAW AUTO CO., Plainfield, N. J.
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Send for circular.
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Chicago First Mortgages
in amounts from $10,000 to $200,000, netting from 4½ per cent. to 5½ per cent. Descriptive circulars on request.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Close Strong After Light Day's Trading—Bonds Very Active.

AGREE ON TOBACCO TERMS

Sharp Advance in 4 Per Cent. Bonds Gives Impetus to General Trading—Higher Sterling Exchange Rates.

Impetus was given to prices yesterday by the settlement of the differences which had existed among the holders of American Tobacco securities in regard to the terms to be allowed to the 4 per cent. bonds in the pending reorganization of the company. This settlement which was arrived at yesterday morning and formally concluded in the afternoon held the promise that the security holders of the company would make a practically unanimous front in presenting to the court the plan of reorganization which is expected to be filed on Monday. This removed the opposition to the proposed plan to which apparently most importance was attached by the American Tobacco interests, and led to the expectation that the reorganization of the American Tobacco Company can now be more speedily carried into effect than was thought likely before the successful conclusion of the conferences which have brought all the principal holders of the 4 per cent. bonds into accord with the other interests in the American Tobacco Company in respect to the reorganization.

The understanding that better terms were being granted to the 4 per cent. bondholders was responsible at the opening of the market yesterday for a further advance in these bonds. This helped favorably to influence market sentiment generally, which was reflected in firmness throughout the list, although the volume of trading was relatively light. In the afternoon, when the settlement of the American Tobacco situation became a matter of more definite knowledge, the whole market moved upward with a considerable show of vigor. In a considerable number of issues the net gains for the day exceeded a point, and there were very few exceptions to the forward movement of prices. The stock market, after the quieting down which followed the heavy movements to which it had been subjected in recent weeks, found itself in a position to improve considerably under no greater incentive than that supplied by the reaching of an agreement which seems to do away with the likelihood of important inside opposition to the proposed terms of settlement with the American Tobacco bondholders, although this incident can hardly be regarded as in any way touching the fundamental factors in the situation. The existence of a considerable short interest doubtless materially facilitated the upturn in prices at the close of the market on Wednesday, and again yesterday. The American Tobacco settlement is an incident of the kind to which stock market circles attach very considerable importance, and it was well calculated to prompt many traders to cover their short contracts, and still others to assume a position on the long side of the account. It seemed to some yesterday, however, that the view which Wall Street was taking of the American Tobacco situation, so far, at least, as the settlement with the 4 per cent. bondholders was regarded as assuring a speedy conclusion of the reorganization, lost sight of the possible delay which the organized trade opposition to the proposed scheme of reorganization may cause. On the other hand, it is true that the scope of the plan for the dissolution of the Tobacco Trust has not yet been made known, and until the full plan is made public there is really no basis for a judgment as to the extent to which ground may exist for outside opposition. Meanwhile, the fact that differences of opinion among the American Tobacco security holders have apparently been brought to an end was accepted in Wall Street with considerable satisfaction.

A further decline in cotton to still new low levels, an advance in wheat approximating 1 cent a bushel, and a further rise in sterling exchange rates, were among the other incidents of the day bearing on the financial markets. The sustained strength of foreign exchange suggests the continued employment of much American money in operations which are usually provided for at this season by European funds. The immediate indications are that the banks have again lost cash this week, but the general movement to the interior is lighter than normal at this season, and there are several things to indicate that this demand will run its course without much taxing the resources of the money market which are so ample that besides meeting home demands our bankers are in a position to lend funds freely abroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅜ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty days, 3⅜@4 per cent. for ninety days, and four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3½ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4¼@4¾ per cent. for four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3⅞ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., up ½ per cent.

New York Clearing House statements: Exchanges, $341,992,380; balances, $18,031,748; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $204,742.

The local banks lost $1,933,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8675; demand, $4.8640.
Paris—Cable, $5.17½ plus 1-64; check, $5.17½ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 94¾; check, 94 13-16.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.20 plus 3-32; check, $5.20.
Holland—Cable, 40.14; check, 40.11.
Belgium—Cable, $5.20⅛ plus 1-16; check, $5.20⅝ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.83⅛; ninety days, $4.8230.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅞; ninety days, $4.80⅝.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.21¼ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21¼ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.23¼ plus 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94½.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 plus 1-32; ninety days, 93 11-16 less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Domestic exchange on New York was quoted:

Boston	5c. dis.	St. Paul	5c. prem.
Chicago	5c. dis.	San Fran.	40c. prem.
St. Louis	20c. dis.	Montreal	15⅝c. dis

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver unchanged in London at 24¼d per ounce, and in New York unchanged at 52⅛c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

The right time to buy and sell stocks. The New York Times Weekly Financial Review gives full and reliable quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb, and independent articles on movements in active securities and the commodities markets. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Good binder to hold The Review, One Dollar extra.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Oct. 13, 1911 468,321
From Jan. 1, 1911 93,536,894
Same period last year 134,366,016

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
3⅞	3¼	1,600	Allis-Chalmers	3¼	3¼	2⅞	3¼	...
12	12¾	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	12¼	12½	12¼	12½	...
50¾	51	7,900	Amalgamated Copper	49¾	51	49¾	51	+1
48	51	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	48	48	48	48	...
58	58¼	17,225	Am. Beet Sugar	57	58	56⅜	58	...
10½	10⅝	900	Am. Can	10½	10½	10⅜	10½	+⅛
86	86⅞	1,000	Am. Can pf	85½	86	85¾	86	+½
48⅜	48⅞	400	Am. Car & Foundry	48½	48⅞	48¼	48⅝	+⅛
50½	51	500	Am. Cotton Oil	50¼	50⅝	50¼	50⅝	+⅜
35	35⅛	200	Am. Locomotive	35⅛	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜	+⅛
102	105	400	Am. Locomotive pf	104¼	104¾	104¼	104¾	+¾
42¼	42½	650	Am. Malt pf	42	42¼	42	42¼	...
64⅛	64⅜	4,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	63¾	64⅞	63¾	64⅞	+¾
31½	32½	200	Am. Steel Foundries	32	32½	32	32½	+½
117½	119	1,500	Am. Sugar Refining	116¼	117½	116¼	117½	+1½
115	116	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116	116	116	116	+2½
70	83	25	Am. Tel. & Cable	78	78	78	78	...
135¼	135⅝	1,575	Am. Tel. & Tel	134¾	135⅞	134¾	135⅝	+⅝
97⅝	98	2,900	Am. Tobacco pf	98	98⅝	98	98⅝	+⅛
96	97½	100	Am. Tobacco pf tr. r	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	...
33¼	34	200	Anaconda Copper Co	32⅝	33	32⅝	33	+1
105⅞	106	6,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	105¼	106	105	106	+1
103	103½	450	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103	103	103	103	...
126½	127⅞	400	Atlantic Coast Line	126	127	126	127	...
96½	96¾	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	96¾	96¾	96⅜	96⅜	+⅛
55	56	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜	...
75¼	75¾	8,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	74½	75¼	74½	75¼	+⅝
227½	227¾	1,100	Canadian Pacific	227	227¾	227	227½	+⅛
21½	21⅝	720	Central Leather Co	21¼	21⅜	21¼	21⅜	...
94	95	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+1½
73⅜	73½	1,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	72⅜	73½	72⅜	73⅜	+1⅛
108½	108⅝	4,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	19	19	19	19	...
144½	145	300	Chi. & Northwestern	108	108⅜	108	108⅜	...
19¼	19⅝	2,000	Chino Coppers	144	144½	144	144½	+½
27	28¼	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	19¼	19¾	19¼	19⅝	+1
40	40¾	600	Colorado & Southern	27	27	27	27	...
138¼	138¾	300	Consolidated Gas	49	50	49	50	+½
11⅝	12	720	Corn Products Ref	138	138½	138	138½	+1
74	76	100	Corn Products Ref. pf	11⅞	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+⅛
162	163	100	Delaware & Hudson	75½	75½	75½	75½	−½
22¾	23	100	Denver & Rio Grande	162	162	162	162	...
46	47⅜	100	Den. & Rio Grande pf	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+⅞
73	74	100	Detroit United Ry	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	−⅛
31½	31⅞	200	Distillers' Securities	73½	73½	73½	73½	+⅜
30¼	30⅝	1,700	Erie	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	+⅜
49½	49¾	1,100	Erie 1st pf	30	30⅜	30	30⅜	+⅛
47	51	128	Federal M. & S. pf	49	49¼	49	49¼	+⅛
104½	107¾	43	General Chemical pf	47	47	47	47	−2⅜
150	151	1,900	General Electric	106	106	106	106	...
76	76½	550	General Motors pf	149½	151	149½	150⅞	+⅞
4⅝	4¾	6,500	Goldfield Consol	76	76½	76	76	+1
125⅞	126	1,220	Great Northern pf	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	−⅛
51	51⅛	1,000	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	125⅝	125¾	125¾	125⅝	+⅛
138½	139	100	Illinois Central	50⅞	51½	50⅝	51½	+⅝
141¼	141⅞	100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	138½	138½	138¼	138½	+⅛
103½	104⅝	650	Int. Harvester	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	+⅛
114⅞	119	110	Int. Harvester pf	104	104	103	103½	...
9½	10	500	Int. Paper	116	116	116	116	−½
46½	47	200	Int. Paper pf	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+⅛
26¾	27⅜	200	Int. Steam Pump	46½	46¾	46½	46¾	+⅛
18	19	200	Iowa Central	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	+⅛
29½	29⅞	100	Kansas City South	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
103¾	104	1,150	Laclede Gas	29½	29½	29½	29½	+⅛
160¼	160¼	14,110	Lehigh Valley	104	104½	103⅞	103½	+⅝
140⅝	147	900	Louisville & Nash	155¾	160¼	158½	160¼	+1½
72⅞	73½	100	Mackay Cos. pf	146½	146¾	146	146¾	+2
134	136	100	Manhattan Elevated	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	...
74	77½	100	May Dept. Stores	134½	134½	134¼	134½	+⅛
7⅝	8	25	Mercantile Marine	75	75	75	75	+¾
18¾	18⅞	500	Miami Copper	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
59	60	100	Minn. & St. Louis pf	18	18¼	18	18¼	...
30⅜	30⅝	3,200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	60	60	60	60	...
67⅝	68	400	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	30	30½	29¾	30½	+⅛
38⅛	38⅜	600	Missouri Pacific	68	68	68	68	...
46¼	46⅞	200	Nat. Lead Co	38¼	38½	38¼	38½	+⅛
31⅝	32	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	46½	46¾	46½	46¾	+⅛
16	16⅛	700	Nev. Consol. Copper	31½	31½	31½	31½	+⅛
105¾	105¾	1,900	New York Central	16	16⅛	16	16⅛	...
103⅜	103⅝	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	104¾	104¾	104¾	105	+⅛
38⅜	38⅝	800	Norfolk & Western	38⅝	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜	−⅛
103⅞	103⅞	200	North American	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+⅛
68	68¼	4,900	Northern Pacific	68	68⅜	68	68⅜	+⅛
115¼	116	500	Pacific Mail	116¼	116¾	116¼	116¾	+½
30¼	30⅝	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30⅝	+⅛
43⅞	43⅞	1,800	Pennsylvania R. R	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	+⅛
121⅝	121⅞	1,000	People's Gas Chi	121¾	121¾	121⅝	121⅝	+⅛
106	107⅜	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	106	107⅜	106	107⅜	+1⅜
95	95	100	Pullman Company	95	95	95	95	...
156	158	2,200	Ray Consol. Copper	156	156	156	156	...
86,200	14¼		Reading	14¼	14¼	13⅞	13⅞	−⅛
	200		Rep. Iron & Steel	138	138⅛	138	138	+1½
	400		Rep. Iron & Steel pf	85	85⅝	85	85⅛	+⅝
	1,600		Rock Island Co	24½	24⅝	24½	24⅝	+⅛
	800		Rock Island Co. pf	45½	47	45½	47	+1½
	250		St. L. & S.F. 1st pf., ex d	65	65	64	64	−½
	1,000		St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	40¼	42	40¼	41¾	+2⅝
	100		Sears, Roebuck & Co	138	138	138	138	−½
	3,300		Southern Pacific	107⅞	108⅝	107⅞	108⅝	+1
	4,300		Southern Ry. pf	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾	+⅛
	1,250		So. R'way pf. ext. ex d.	68½	68¾	68½	68¾	+⅛
	200		Standard Milling pf	51½	52	51½	52	+⅝
	1,900		Tennessee Copper	35	35⅜	35	35⅜	+⅛
	900		Texas & Pacific	24¾	25	24¾	25	+⅛
	1,000		Third Avenue	91	91	91	91	...
	400		Tol., St. L. & W. pf	41½	41⅞	40¾	40¾	−⅝
	200		Twin City R. Transit	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	...
	100		Union Bag & Paper	6	6	6	6	...
	100		Union B. & Paper pf	53½	53½	53⅛	53¼	+⅛
	62,000		Union Pacific	160	161⅝	159½	161⅝	+1½
	600		Union Pacific pf	91¼	92¼	91¼	92	+1½
	100		United Dry Goods	98½	98½	98½	98½	+1½
	100		United R'ways Inv	31	31	31	31	...
	4,700		U. S. Rubber	45¼	45¾	45	45¼	+⅛
	140		U. S. Rubber 1st pf	106¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	+⅝
	100		U. S. Rubber 2d pf	76	76	76	76	...
	72,400		U. S. Steel	59	60¼	58¾	60¼	+⅝
	1,000		U. S. Steel pf	109	109½	109	109½	+⅜
	1,200		Utah Copper	41	41⅝	40¾	41⅝	+⅝
	300		Va.-Caro. Chemical	48	48	47¾	47¾	+⅜
	100		Va. Iron, Coal & C	60	60	60	60	−⅛
	525		Wabash	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	−15
	200		Wabash pf	23¾	24	23¾	24	...
	975		Western Maryland	54½	56	54½	55¾	+1¼
	1,500		Western Union Tel	79	79	78	79	+2½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100½	100⅝
2s, c., 1930	100½	...
3s, r., 1918	101⅝	102⅛
3s, c., 1918	101⅝	...
4s, r., 1925	113⅜	114½
4s, c., 1925	113⅜	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100¼	100⅜
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	102¼	102½
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	105	106
Adams Exp.	205	215
Alb. & Sus.	270	...
Am. Ag. C. pf.	90	...
Am. B. S. pf.	98	101
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	82	88
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	122½	128½
A. C. & F. pf.	110	115
Am. Coal	70	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	205	212
A. H. & L.	3½	4
A. H. & L. pf.	21	22
Am. I. Sec.	17¼	17⅞
Am. L. Co.	8⅝	9
Am. L. Co. pf.	28	29
Am. Malt.	3	4
Am. S. pf., B.	84½	85½
A. S. & R. pf.	102	103⅜
Am. Snuff	228	...
Am. Sn. pf.	98¼	104½
Am. W. Co.	30	31
Am. W. Co. pf.	88	90
Am. W. Pa. pf.	25½	26½
Ann Arbor	20	50
Ann Arbor pf.	60	90
Asso. Oil	...	49
B. & O. pf.	87½	88
Batopilas M.	1⅝	2
Beth. Steel.	28	28⅝
B. Un. G.	134½	137
Bruns. Ter.	7½	9
B., R. & P.	100	105
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
But'k Co.	28¼	30
Canada So.	...	72¼
C. R. R. of N. J.	255	270
C. & S. A. Tel.	...	116
Chi. & Alt.	18	25
Chi. & Alt. pf.	40	45
C. & E. Ill. pf.	100	130
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	36¼	38½
C., I. & L. pf.	50	80
C., M. & St. Paul pf.	146	150
C. & N. W. pf.	190	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	132	140
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	142	155
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	1⅝	2½
C., C., C. & St. L.	61½	63
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	89½	100
Cleve. & P.	163	...
Col. F. & I. pf.	91	107
Col. & So. 1st pf.	74	76
Col. & So. 2d pf.	63	70
Col. & H. G. & L., full paid	...	17
Crex Carpet	70	80
Cub.-Am. S.	51	57½
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	94½	96
D., L. & W.	497½	540
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	...
Det. & M. pf.	100	...
D., S. S. & A.	9	11
D., S. S. & A. pf.	18½	20
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	...	...
ex div.	80	85

	Bid.	Asked.
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	51	60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	100	125
St. L. S. W. pf.	60	70½
Sears-Roeb. pf.	116¼	121¾
S.-S. S. & I.	87½	38½
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	...	110¼
So. P. R. S.	80½	88
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	77	83
Stand. Mill.	16	17
Texas Co.	93	95
T. P. L. Tr.	82¾	86
T., P. & W.	16	...
Tol., St. L. & West.	17¾	18½
T. C. R. T. pf.	182¼	146
Und. Typew.	88½	94
Und. Typew. pf.	108	110
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100½	105
Un Dry G. pf.	102½	106

	Bid.	Asked.
U. Rys. In. pf.	85¼	85½
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	26
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	90	92½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	11¼	13
U. S. C. I. Pipe pf.	44	45
U. S. Exp.	85	90
U. S. R. & Impt.	67	70
U. S. R. & Ref.	1	3
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	...	12
Va. R. & P.	...	42½
Va. R. & P. pf.	...	...
Vand. R. R.	...	79
Van.-Cam. C. Co. pf.	117	119
W.-F. Exp.	149	155
West. Md. pf.	77	83
Westingh'se Cons'enting.	62¾	64
Westingh'se 1st pf.	111	115
W. & L. E.	2½	3
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	7	9
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	2½	3½
Wis. Cent.	51	53½

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on the general business situation, Dun's Review says:

Measured by every important test the volume of business is larger than at the corresponding period of last year, and it is gradually extending, the reports from the leading trade centres during the week being especially cheerful. There is apparently no decisive change in basic conditions, and the increased activity recently shown is due to the fact that shelves are practically empty, and the immediate needs of a growing population, even on a moderate economical basis, are pressing for supply. Thus, with little or no speculative anticipation of the future, a volume of business is being transacted which, although below full productive capacity, is nevertheless large. This appearance of increased activity is particularly shown in the dry goods trade, in most of the branches of which, and particularly in cottons, a brisker movement is reported, and more mills are resuming production. Woolens are also in fair demand and the clothing, millinery and other kindred branches appear to be doing well. An increasing activity is also reported in shoes, and the sales of leather make up a respectable total.

Bank clearings this week are 1.6 per cent. below a year ago, and compared with 1909 there were decreases of 31.9 per cent. at New York and 12.5 per cent. at other leading cities. Financial conditions are quieter, and although there is a heavy demand for gold at London, and considerable New York lending to European institutions, there is no feeling of alarm.

Export trade continues of large proportions, the volume of foreign commerce at New York during the last week amounting to $32,804,230, against $30,074,541 in 1910, and $28,446,962 in 1909. The exports were $17,148,165, being $1,832,198 in excess of the imports.

Bradstreet's says:

Trade conditions over the week still show the effects of conservatism dominating demand in all lines, but on balance the business done this week has been larger, the one holiday considered. For this, accelerated crop movement, largely at the South (because the grain movement at the West has remained rather moderate), and cooler weather are largely responsible. The current of trade the country over is running rather fuller than a year ago at this date. This is, however, not due so much to any marked improvement this year as it is to comparison being with lessening volume a year ago.

The weight of evidence seems to be in favor of the past week having witnessed a larger distribution of wearing apparel, dry goods, shoes and furnishings of all kinds, both by retailers and jobbers. Retail trade has been unquestionably benefited by cooler weather, and this is probably reflected in the many small, but in the aggregate large, sales by jobbers.

Evidences of lower prices for raw and manufactured cotton affecting buyers and limiting orders are frequent, but the output of the country's mills is unquestionably larger at present than for a number of months past. The reports as to building activity show that operations current or projected are running ahead of a year ago, but the lumber trade is still rather dull. Collections do not show any improvement. Indeed, the backwardness of Western crop movement, reflected in the reports of smaller railway tonnage, and the lower price of cotton at the South (4 cents below last year) are blamed for the rather slower movement noted here. Stock market speculation has fallen back into dullness, with prices rather steadily held. Money seems easy and Americans are reported lending freely abroad.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Total sales Oct. 13, 1911.. $8,539,500
From Jan. 1, 1911..... 670,171,400
Same period last year.... 507,228,000

Argentine Gov 5s		Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934	
3,000	97	65,000	91¾
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts. full paid		10,000	92
10,000	97½	10,000	92¼
1,500	97¾	C & P W 5s	
2,000	97¾	2,000	106
Rep of Cuba 5s		Chi & N W gen 4s	
1,000	103	5,000	97⅞
5,000	102⅞	C, R I & P gen 4s	
N Y City 4s, 1959		5,000	93¾
25,000	100	Chi, Rock Isl & P. Ry ref 4s	
N Y City 4½s		17,000	89
3,000	102¾	8,000	89¾
Adams Express 4s		C, R I & P R R 4s	
1,000	88¼	5,000	72½
Allis-Chalmers 5s		1,000	72⅝
1,000	58	7,000	72½
1,000	57¾	5,000	72⅝
1,000	57	14,000	73
1,000	57½	Chino Cop 6s, sub rcts. full paid	
2,000	57	10,000	102
1,000	56½	Clev, Cin, Chi & St Louis gen 4s	
1,000	56	1,000	92¾
11,000	57	1,000	92½
11,000	56½	5,000	92⅝
5,000	56	2,000	92⅝
5,000	56¼	Col, Conn & T 5s	
10,000	56½	1,000	104½
Am Smelt Secur 6s		Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s	
1,000	102¼	2,000	97
Am T & T col 4s		20,000	97½
1,000	90	Col & Sou 1st 4s	
1,000	90¼	15,000	96¼
Am Tobacco 6s		Consol Tobacco 4s	
10,000	113⅜	2,000	90¼
49,000	113½	Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934	
10,000	113⅜	10,000	92¼
15,000	113⅛	Cub-Am Sugar col trust 6s	
35,000	113⅝	5,000	96½
110,900	114	Del & Hud conv 4s	
20,000	114¼	5,000	97¾
11,000	114¼	1st & ref 4s	
130,000	114¼	2,000	98¾
82,000	114⅛	Den & R G con 4s	
9,000	114¼	1,000	90½
5,000	114½	1st & ref 5s	
5,000	114¾	5,000	85¼
25,000	114¼	2,000	85½
10,000	114¼	Dist Secur Corp 5s	
26,000	114¼	5,000	71⅞
17,000	114⅞	5,000	72
5,000	114¼	5,000	72¼
Trust Co ctfs of deposit		10,000	72¼
10,000	113½	4,000	72¼
5,000	113⅝	9,000	73
25,000	113⅝	Erie 1st con 7s	
85,000	113⅝	1,000	117¾
23,000	113⅝	1st con 4s	
85,000	114	5,000	87¾
10,000	113⅝	15,000	88
45,000	92¼	1st general 4s	
15,000	92¼	cons. 4s, Ser B	
35,000	92⅜	7,000	77¼
10,000	92¼	Ft Wh & D C 1st	
41,000	91¾	1,000	111⅞
5,000	91⅞	Genl Electric conv deb 5s	
70,000	92	14,000	149½
10,000	92¼	Inter-Met 4½s	
30,000	92¼	13,000	79½
5,000	92¼	24,000	79
10,000	92	Internatnl Nav 5s	
25,000	91⅞	2,000	70½
41,000

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Big Trading in Bonds.

Owing to the extraordinary activity in American Tobacco issues yesterday the trading in bonds on the Stock Exchange reached the largest total since June 4, 1909. All told bonds to the par value of $8,539,500 were dealt in, of which $5,687,000 were American Tobacco bonds. The total of these issues was made up of $2,900,000 4 per cent. bonds, $2,051,000 certificates for the 4s, $574,000 6 per cent. bonds, and $142,000 certificates for the 6s. The rise was sharpest in the 4 per cent. bonds, which rose from 90¼ at the opening to 92¾. The 6 per cent. bonds advanced from 113¾ to 114½. The close in both was a little below the best prices of the day. The total on June 4, 1909, since when no day was as active as yesterday, was $10,858,500. That very heavy trading was made up in large part by the transactions in the various issues of convertible bonds, which on that day showed great activity in sympathy with an active and advancing stock market.

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Marking Up Beet Sugar.

For several years, the approach of each quarterly meeting of the Directors of the American Beet Sugar Company has been made the occasion for a demonstration in the market by traders, who looked for the inauguration of dividend payments on the common stock. Yesterday it sold up to 58⅝, the highest figure in its history. The previous high price 56 , made June 19, when many people were sure that the Directors were going to start payments. The common is nearly 20 points higher than at the opening of this year. There seems to be more justification for the present movement, for it was explained a few days ago that only the absence of the President of the company prevented the declaration of a dividend, and a member of the board was anonymously quoted on the tickets yesterday as promising an early disbursement to the holders of the common stock.

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Cotton's Low Level.

Further declines in the cotton market yesterday put the options down an average of 25 points and left such months as December and May at 9:31 and 9:41, respectively. The decline which has been almost continuous in the last three weeks has carried prices to the lowest points in two years, or since the big bull campaign of 1909. The market did little more than mark time in August, and closed that month with the active options in the new crop above 11 cents, October being 11.15 cents per pound and December 11.25 cents per pound at the lowest points on Aug. 31. It was not until well into September that the Summer's inertia was broken and the present decline in full swing.

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Electric Stocks Unaffected.

The announcement yesterday of the success of the Government's suit brought in Ohio for the dissolution of the National Lamp Company, and ordering the General Electric Company to do business under its own name, was followed by a rise in General Electric stock from 149½ to 151, and a net gain at the close of ⅞. Westinghouse did not appear in the trading. It had been generally known that both of the big electric companies had concluded in advance that the Government's case would stand, and, in fact, the Westinghouse annual report made it clear that that company would in the future act independently of the General Electric. The stocks of both companies had discounted the prospective triumph of the Government last month and during the Summer. General Electric, which made its low price of the year at 142 on Sept. 22, was then 26¾ points below its level on May 29, the highest of 1911. Westinghouse on Sept. 25 had sold down to 58⅝, which was 20¾ points below the highest price of the year, likewise made on May 29. Its last sale on Wednesday was at 61¾.

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Cost of Living Lower.

Although coffee, sugar, and some meats are selling at their highest prices in years, the cost of living, as summed up in the commodity prices compiled by Bradstreet's, made a slight decline during September. Bradstreet's index number on Oct. 1 worked out at $8.8695, whereas on Sept. 1 it stood at $8.8191. This is a drop of about one-tenth of 1 per cent. Some of the products which moved up were such important articles of household consumption as cereals, beef, milk, eggs, butter, tea, coffee, cheese, sugar, and rice. On the other hand, items of equal weight in making up the average of the cost of living, such as hogs, textiles, metals, and other commodities, made declines which more than offset the gains in most of the table necessities. Among Bradstreet's list 32 articles became dearer, 26 receded, and 43 stood about stationary. The small decrease of one-tenth of 1 per cent. is more encouraging, however, when it is contrasted with the index number's substantial increases in recent months. The present index number is 1.3 per cent. below that of Oct. 1, 1910, and is only eight-tenths of 1 per cent. higher than it was on the corresponding date in 1909, when prices were on their way up to the record made on Jan. 1, 1910, when the index number was $9.2310.

TRUST COMPANIES' LOANS.

Decrease in Them Since June 7 Shown by Clearing House Returns.

The report compiled by the Clearing House Association of the condition of New York City trust companies as of Sept. 29 shows a decrease of more than $50,000,000 in loans since the previous report, compiled as of June 7, but an increase of that amount as compared with the condition on the corresponding date of last year. A summary of the report follows:

Resources:	Sept. 29, '11.	June 7, '11.	Aug. 31, '10.
Bonds and mortgages:	$68,988,700	$70,525,200	$73,367,400
Public securities:	80,239,500	76,702,000	71,016,500
Other securities:	297,696,600	282,517,500	261,605,500
Loans	650,240,200	700,987,800	600,079,600
Overdrafts:	356,600	448,800	112,700
Real estate:	30,646,700	27,861,100	25,983,200
Due from trust companies and banks:	184,965,600	200,134,500	184,638,900
Specie	115,434,400	117,058,400	114,365,200
Legal-tenders:	11,290,000	12,446,700	12,402,400
Other resources:	63,281,900	38,871,700	34,337,200
Total:	$1,503,120,200	$1,527,553,700	$1,378,408,600
Liabilities:			
Capital	$61,956,000	$62,206,000	$65,406,000
Surplus:	174,752,800	178,697,600	172,875,500
Preferred deposits:	119,552,800	130,440,200	92,743,700
General deposits:	970,762,100	980,542,700	905,664,200
Due trust companies and banks:	120,784,700	134,231,300	113,908,600
Other liabilities:	55,311,800	41,435,900	28,810,600
Total:	$1,503,120,200	$1,527,553,700	$1,378,408,600

Pacific Coast Earnings Lower.

The annual report of the Pacific Coast Company for 1911 shows gross earnings of $7,798,000, compared with $7,903,000 in 1910; expenses and taxes of $6,469,000, compared with $6,390,000 in 1910, and a surplus after charges of $869,600, as against $1,044,000 in 1910. Of this $76,250 was paid out in dividends on the first preferred stock, $280,000 on the second preferred, and $490,000 on the common, leaving a balance of $22,782 for the year.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in Limited Volume, but Many Issues Show Strength on the Curb.

SMALL GAINS IN COPPERS

Greene-Cananea, Inspiration, and British Columbia Fractionally Higher —New City 4½s at 103 1-16.

Curb prices moved irregularly yesterday, but were generally strong, and trading was in limited volume. Braden Copper sold 500 between 4¾ and 5, closing at the low figure, which was ⅛ below the opening. British Columbia advanced from 3½ to 3¾, and closed at 3¾ after sales of 875. Greene-Cananea and Inspiration were also strong, the former advancing ⅛ from the opening, to 5⅞. Inspiration, which opened at 7⅛, sold up to 7½, and closed at 7⅜ after sales of 850. The Cobalts were sluggish, with the exception of McKinley-Darragh, which reported transactions of 8,000, between 1 11-16 and 1¾, the close being at the higher level. Kerr Lake also showed some activity, and sold off for 3¼ to 3⅛, transactions being 800. In the bond list the City 4½s rose 1-16, to 103 1-16. P. Lorillard 5s, "when issued," appeared in the trading, and sold off from 94 to 93¾.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
441	Am. Tobacco	405	413	400	412
300	H. O. pf. ctfs.	71⅝	72	71⅝	72
2,000	Man. Transit	2 1-16	2¼	2	2¼
200	Studebaker Co.	57¾	58	57¾	58
150	U. C. Manuf.	46	48	46	48
1	U. S. L. & H., new	20	20	20	20
10	U. S. L. & H. pf., new	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
5	U. S. L. & H. pf., old	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾

RAILROADS.

10	Am. L. & Tr.	304	304	304	304
900	Chi. Subway	1¾	1¾	1½	1½

MINING STOCKS.

500	Braden Copper	4⅞	5	4¾	4¾
875	B. C. Copper	3¾	3¾	3½	3⅝
200	Butte Coalition	15	15	15	15
1,060	Florence	1 3-16	1¼	1	1¼
200	Giroux Mining	3⅜	3¾	3⅜	3⅜
800	Greene-Cananea	5⅜	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞
850	Inspir. Copper	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7⅜
800	Kerr Lake	3¼	3⅜	3⅛	3¼
8,000	McK.-Darragh	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1¾
1,500	Nevada Con.	3	3	3	3
500	N.-U. M. & S.	⅛	9-16	⅛	9-16
200	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2,500	Pac. Smelters	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
300	Porc. Central	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
9,900	Porc. North	90	92	87	92
1,200	Porc. Town	46	47	46	47
25,000	Preston E. D.	23	31	23	31
100	Ray Central	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
200	Tonopah Ext.	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32	1 1-32
300	Tonopah Min.	6 3-16	6¼	6¼	6¼
6,000	Wet. Silver M.	80	80	77	77

BONDS.

$5,000	Braden Cop. 7s	105¼	105½	105½	105½
5,000	B. Cop. 7s, new	107½	107½	107½	107½
11,000	N. Y. City 4½s	103 1-16	103 1-16	103 1-16	103 1-16
52,000	N. Y., West. & Boston 4½s	97⅜	97¾	97 9-16	97¾
40,000	Or.-W. R. R. & Nav. 4s	92	92¾	92	92¼
20,000	P. Lor. 5s, w. i.	94	94	93½	93½
2,000	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
2,000	West. Pac. 5s	90½	90½	90½	90½

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

	Oct. 13.		Oct. 11.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
American Tobacco	412	414	402	406
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2½	1¼	2½
Am. Light & Traction	303	305	303	
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	106	108	106	108
A., G. & W. I.	7	8½	7	8¼
A., G. & W. I. pf.	15	17	15	17
Borden's Cond. Milk	119½	120½	119½	120½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	105	106½	105	106½
Braden Copper	4¾	4¾	4¾	5
British Col. Copper	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
Butte Coalition	14⅞	15¼	14½	15½
Chicago Subway	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Cobalt Central	½	1	½	1
Con. Rubber Tire	2⅝	3¾	2⅝	3¾
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	20	27	20	27
Davis-Daly Copper	⅞	1	⅞	1
First Nat. Copper	½	1¼	½	1¼
Giroux Mining	3 11-16	3¾	3⅝	3¾
Greene-Cananea	5¾	5⅞	5	6
Guggenheim Explor.	160	180	160	180
International Salt	2	5	2	5
Inter. Rubber ctfs.	18½	19¼	18½	19¼
Kerr Lake	3 3-16	3 5-16	3 3-16	3 5-16
La Rose Con.	3 15-16	4	3 15-16	4
P. Lorillard 5s w. i.	90	94		
Manhattan Transit	2 3-16	4	2¼	2 3-16
Mason Valley	7½	7⅝	7⅛	7½
Mason Valley 6s	95	100	95	100
Nipissing	7¼	7¾	7⅜	7¾
Ohio Copper	1⅝	1 7-16	1⅝	1 7-16
Ray Central	1⅝	1¼	1 5-16	1 7-16
South. Belt T. & T. 5s	98¼	98½		
Standard Oil (with all rights)	620	645	620	640
Stand. Oil (ex. subsid.)	325	375	325	375
Stand. Oil (subs. only)	275	350	275	350
Studebaker Co.	57	59	54	56
Studebaker Co. pf.	101	103	97	100
Tonopah Mining	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
United Cigar Mfrs.	47	49	47	48
U. S. L. & H., new	16	18	16	18
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	78	85	78	85
U. S. L. & H., old, pf.	7	9		
Western Pacific 5s	89½	90	89½	90
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3 7-16	3⅝	3 7-16

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT was firm all the session, closing at an advance of from ⅝c to 1¼c in the principal markets. Closing prices were at about the best. The advance was in part based on foreign news, although the reports on the Western cash situation were very firm. Cash wheat premiums were reported higher in interior markets, and good sales of cash wheat for milling were claimed over the holiday. The weather was unsettled, and receipts were not so heavy in the Northwest. There were further complaints of inferior quality from Manitoba. The Modern Miller report stated that a large area of the Winter wheat crop was still unseeded east of the Mississippi, while in Missouri and Kansas the army worm was causing some damage. The Price Current reported seeding nearly completed. European markets were irregular. Berlin was slightly higher, Paris lower, while Liverpool wheat was up equal to ½@⅝c per bushel. World's exports were estimated at about 9,700,000 bushels, against 11,000,000 bushels last week and 13,792,000 bushels last year. Indian wheat exports were 584,000 buhels for the week; Argentine, 472,000; Australian, 1,176,000, and American, 3,726,000 bushels. A sensational official estimate of the wheat crop of European Russia was given of 240,000,000 bushels under last year's crop of 699,000,000 bushels; rye, 48,000,000 bushels under, and oats, 150,000,000 bushels under. Complaints of dry weather in Australia were received. Argentine reports were that the cold weather did very little damage. New crop Argentine wheat was 5c per bushel up from Wednesday morning. Exporters bought 7 loads of Manitoba wheat. No. 2 red was quoted at $1.01, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.19¼; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.09¾; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.10¼.

CORN.—Prices slowly improved with wheat early, but later reacted, closing about unchanged. Weather conditions were unsettled and unfavorable, but these reports failed to stimulate any interest in the market. Receipts were fair, but not heavy. Western cash markets were firm, particularly on good corn. Exports from United States for the past week were 755,000 bushels, against 1,127,000 bushels the previous week and 642,000 bushels last year. There were no Argentine exports. Export sales of 12 loads of corn were reported at outports. No. 2 was quoted at 79c, elevator, domestic, and 77½c, free on board.

OATS.—Prices made slow gains, closing at a small net advance. Cash oats were firm at the West, and the Western markets were firm on cash goods. The Russian official estimate made the shortage in the crop there 150,000,000 bushels. This was in European Russia. The total crop in the Russian Empire last year was 1,022,000,000 bushels. The rye crop in the empire was 806,000,000 bushels, and the wheat crop 883,000,000 bushels. Cash oats were firm, with standards quoted at 52½c; No. 2 white, 53c; No. 3 white, 52½c.

PROVISIONS were dull and slightly firmer early, with some covering of shorts, but there was further pressure from packing interests, and, with a rather heavy hog market at most points, prices later reacted. Hog receipts at all ports were about 76,000.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.04⅝	$1.03⅝	$1.04⅜	$1.03¾
May	..	..	1.09⅛	1.09
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	8.90@9.10	8.90
November	..	..	8.90@9.10	8.90
December	..	..	8.90@9.05	8.90
January	..	..	8.90@9.05	8.90
March	..	..	8.90@9.10	8.90
May	..	..	8.90@9.15	8.90

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	99⅝	98⅝	99¼	98⅝
May	1.05	1.04¼	1.04⅝	1.04
July	99⅞	99⅜	99⅝	99¼
Corn—				
December	64⅞	64⅜	64⅝	64¼
May	65⅞	65¼	65⅝	65⅜
Oats—				
October	..	..	..	46¾
December	48	47¾	47⅞	47⅝
May	50¾	50¼	50¼	50¼
Lard—				
October	..	..	8.77½	8.80
December	8.77½	8.75	8.75	8.77½
January	8.82½	8.77½	8.77½	8.80
May	8.92½	8.87½	8.87½	8.92½
Ribs—				
October	..	..	8.15	8.15
January	7.97½	7.92½	7.92½	7.92½
May	8.05	8.00	8.02½	8.05
Pork—				
January	15.32½	15.20	15.22½	15.20
May	15.12½	15.05	15.05	15.05

COTTONSEED OIL.

Slight concessions were made by holders during the day, with the weakness in the cotton market exerting some effect in crude circles, and thought to account for scattered, belated liquidation in the distant months. A fair demand developed, however, from foreign interest at the decline with acceptances over the holiday fairly liberal, under which buying offerings were well absorbed. Short covering was also noticeable, but sentiment continues mainly bearish, and it is significant that some interests which have been emphatically bullish are anticipating somewhat lower prices in the event of continued weakness in the cotton market. Crude was quoted at 4.27c to 4.34c at the southeast and valley, but Texas points were ½c lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.70	5.75
October	5.76	5.70	5.69	5.73
November	5.43	5.41	5.40	5.41
December	5.44	5.39	5.39	5.41
January	5.45	5.40	5.41	5.45
February	..	..	5.46	5.49
March	5.53	5.49	5.50	5.53
April	..	..	5.55	5.56
May	5.59	5.59	5.59	5.60

COTTON.

An increment in the number of private advices relating to the further unwillingness on the part of farmers to dispose of cotton was perceptible during yesterday's session, but despite this, it was obvious that there were many Southern points where semi-demoralization prevailed, and where offerings were considerably in excess of the demand. Hedge pressure was in great volume during practically the entire session, as also was witnessed at Liverpool and New Orleans on Thursday. Advices from abroad and the action of the Southern markets on that day brought about declines of from 7 to 18 points at the opening of the local Exchange, while losses were gradually extended to over ¼c per pound.

Enormous short covering was evident at the decline together with liberal buying for both foreign and domestic spinning centres, but withal the resiliency shown was surprisingly feeble. Doubtless, the ability of shorts to cover so easily and the short duration of the rallies encourages sales on the bulges, and in many instances resales at levels lower than the covering price, but the action of the market only tends to emphasize the enormity of the Southern bear crop.

Weather conditions were generally favorable, with more settled conditions in the Eastern belt. Scattered rains were reported in the West, but aside from a few of the Central States no important precipitation was anticipated overnight, while there was no indication of abnormally cool weather striking the belt. Cables generally indicate that sentiment abroad is bearish, but, as in this country, it is apparent that the fact that prices are at lower levels than for nearly three years, encourages more or less trade buying in the way of hedging future requirements. Domestic mills, however, are not generally thought to be buying largely ahead, although with the decline in raw material, their position is being steadily improved. Business in cloths and yarns is fairly satisfactory, but with the drastic decline in the raw material the irregularity in prices is natural. Week-end statistics were bearish, but had been anticipated, while the larger spinners' takings confirmed reports of the distribution of cotton increasing at the lower levels.

In speculative quarters sentiment has not changed materially, and lower prices are favored with buying for the most part based on the technical position. A difference of opinion exists relative to this, some interests maintaining that with the long and continued decline, the formation of a large short interest was inevitable, while others maintain that the price ideas of many of the early bears have been excelled, so that profit taking has occurred frequently and some operators have probably lost their market position.

Southern spot markets were generall ¼ to 3-16c lower, and the local spot market ¼c decline, with middlings, 9.50c. The into-sight was 605,000 bales, against 576,000 bales last week and 557,000 bales last year. Since Sept. 1 2,670,000 bales, against 2,263,000 bales last year, and 2,621,000 bales in 1909. Spinners' takings were 289,000 bales, against 244,000 bales last week, and 273,000 bales last year. The visible of American cotton now aggregates 2,253,000 bales, against 1,870,000 bales a year ago.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	9.29	9.13	9.14@9.16	9.41
November	9.35	9.21	9.15@9.18	9.42
December	9.45	9.30	9.31@9.32	9.57
January	9.35	9.14	9.18@9.19	9.40
February	9.33	9.33	9.24@9.29	9.45
March	9.40	9.27	9.30@9.31	9.54
April	..	..	9.36@9.38	9.60
May	9.53	9.40	9.41@9.42	9.68
June	..	..	9.45@9.47	9.72
July	9.60	9.48	9.49@9.50	9.75
August	9.50	8.50	9.45@9.47	
September	9.58	9.50	9.46@9.48	9.58

Market steady at 12 to 27 points decline.

COFFEE.

Even more sensational strength developed in the coffee market yesterday, resulting in one of the biggest price movements in the history of the trade for any one day, as December coffee sold up to 14.95, or over a cent above the closing figures of last Wednesday. Strength in the French market over the local holiday, higher firm offers from Brazil, and exaggerated reports of unfavorable new crop prospects, and a big demand from one of the leading roasters in the local spot market seemed to excite an enormous demand for futures, and while last prices were a shade off from the best on some positions, the close was steady at a net advance of from 78 to 102 points. Sales for the day were nearly 400,000 bags. It was reported after the close that one of the leading roasting interests had purchased fully 100,000 bags of spot coffee in the local market at a big advance in prices.

The market opened firm at an advance of 25@45 points. Profit taking by recent buyers caused a reaction of several points during the early trading, but the demand was both active and general, and the market soon took on new strength owing to the reported big spot demand and private cables claiming that the October flowering in Brazil, which is considered the most important in the making of the crop, had been practically a failure owing to unfavorable weather. Wall Street people, who are supposed to have sold coffee on the ground of high prices earlier in the week, were believed to be covering, and the December short interests again seemed to be very uneasy owing to indications that leading trade interests were buying up all supplies of coffee available in the local stock. The French market reported an advance of from 2¼f to 3f, while Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig higher at the hour of the local opening. Closing Hamburg cable was not received, suggesting late excitement in that market. The Brazilian cables reported an advance of 75 reis at Rio and of 200 reis at Santos, and while the falling off in the primary seats may have been due to unsettled weather, the lighter movement—78,000 bags at the two ports, against 75,000 last year—did not contribute to the comfort of the short position. Showery or cold weather was reported in all districts of Sao Paulo.

The local market for spot coffee was excited, with Rio 7s quoted at 15¾c nominal. It was said that as high a price as 16¾c was bid for Santos 4s. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	14.95	14.90	14.92@14.93	13.90
November	..	..	14.92@14.93	13.90
December	14.95	14.25	14.92@14.93	13.93
January	14.71	14.10	14.65@14.70	13.80
February	14.73	14.73	14.50@14.55	13.70
March	14.43	13.80	14.30@14.31	13.52
April	14.00	14.00	14.30@14.31	13.52
May	14.40	13.75	14.30@14.31	13.52
June	..	..	14.30@14.31	13.52
July	14.40	13.75	14.30@14.31	13.52
August	..	..	14.30@14.31	13.52
September	14.40	13.74	14.30@14.31	13.52

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Crucible Steel	10¼	10¼	10¼
145	Crucible Steel pf.	76	75¾	76
10	Independent Brew.	4	4	4
255	Independent Brew pf.	22	21½	22
60	Mfrs. Light & Heat	22½	22¾	22¾
155	Ohio Fuel Supply	40½	40¾	40½
90	Oklahoma Gas	66¼	66¼	66¼
505	Pittsburgh Brewing	11¼	11	11¼
405	Pure Oil	9¼	8¾	9¼
100	Tonopah Extension	1.05	1.05	1.05
20	Union Switch	83	83	83
10	U. S. Steel	59¾	59¾	59¾
135	West'house Air Brake	143¾	143	143
45	West'house Elec. pf.	58	58	58

INSURANCE.

9	Teutonia Ins.	110	110	110

BONDS.

$1,000	Independent Brew. 6s	87½	87½	87½
14,000	Pittsburgh Coal 5s	88½	88½	88½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s	May, 1957, old	108¾	108¾	108	108¾
4½s	Nov., 1957, new	108¾	108¾	108	108¾
4½s	May, 1917, old	102	102¼	102	102¼
4½s	Nov., 1917, new	102	102¼	102	102¼
4½s	Mar., 1930-60, old	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¾
4½s	Sept., 1960, new	103	103¼	102¾	103
4s	May, 1959, 1'chg.	99¾	100	99¾	100¼
4s	Nov., 1958, 1'chg.	99¾	100	99¾	100¼
4s	May, 1957, 1'chg.	99¾	100	99¾	100¼
4s	Nov., 1955-6, reg.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
4s	May, 1919, 1'chg.	99½	100¼	99¼	100¾
3½s	Nov., 1954, 1'chg.	87¾	88¼	87¾	88¼
3½s	May, 1954, coup.	87¾	88¼	87¾	88¼
3½s	May, 1954, reg.	87¾	88	87¾	88¼
3½s	Nov., 1941, reg.	89	90	88¾	90

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. M. Burton of Boston has been elected President of the Davis-Daly Copper Company, succeeding E. J. Heinze.

At the annual meeting of the American Metal Company, Limited, B. Hochschild was elected President of the company and Langeloth Chairman of its Board of Directors.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Generally Stronger Tone Prevails in a Day of Smaller Transactions.

CHICAGO ISSUES ADVANCE

Sears-Roebuck, Booth Fisheries, and People's Gas All Make Good Gains.

Most issues were stronger in the market dealings at other cities yesterday, although the volume of sales was small.

The tone of the Baltimore market was strong Friday and prices were on a higher level. Gains included one point on United Railways income bonds ½ each on United Railways 4s, and funding 5s and ¾ on Cons. Power pfd., and 1 on Bank of Baltimore.

The Boston list was quite broad, but trading consisted of small lots. Prices were fairly firm, with fractional changes in most instances. Scattered selling of the coppers was well absorbed at trifling recessions in the leaders, but on the whole the movement lacked significance. The arbitrage group was rather quiet, owing to the dullness which prevailed in the Wall Street market. Steel common being most prominent on orders for New York accounts. Local industrial stocks displayed firmness, particularly the gas and electric securities. Massachusetts Gas recovered more than the dividend. During the afternoon the market flattened out and became extremely dull. Some of the leaders did well, prices advancing on moderate buying.

On moderate though well-distributed trading the Chicago Stock Exchange displayed a rather mixed tendency in prices. The majority of the larger alterations, however, were toward better figures. Sears-Roebuck, one of the most active features, also was one of the strongest, with a rise of almost 3 points at the best, closing 2¾ above Wednesday night. The Booth Fisheries issues were strong, the common rising 2 points on moderate trading and the preferred adding the same. People's Gas rose 2¼ points from the previous close. Commonwealth Edison sold ex-rights and ex-dividend 1¾ per cent. at 128, representing a net loss from the previous closing level of 134½. The rights were traded in from 4 down to 3⅜, closing at 3¾. Diamond Match and Can common were easier. A jump of a dollar in General Asphalt common, which established it as the highest quotation for which it ever sold, a point rise in the preferred and a new high record for Tonopah Belmont, together with advances of a point or more in Union Traction, Lake Superior Corporation, and P. R. T. likewise all went to make it a day of buoyancy and better sentiment on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atlantic Coast Line	127	127	127
5	Bank of Baltimore	183	183	183
20	Citizens' Bank	41	41	41
125	Con. Gas, E. L. & P.	94	94	94
40	Con. Gas, E. L. & P. pf.	98¾	98¾	98¾
5	Drov. & Mech. Bank	210	210	210
10	First Nat. Bank	144	144	144
5	Maryland Casualty	92	92	92
200	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	72	72	72
60	United Rys.	18	18	18
15	Mercantile Trust	145	145	145

BONDS.

$1,000	Balt. City 3½s, 1930	95	95	95
1,000	Con. Power 1½s	87	87	87
6,000	Fair. & Fair. Trac. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
3,000	Fairmont Coal 5s	96½	96½	96½
1,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	105½	105½	105½
2,000	Norf. & P. Trac. 5s	86½	86½	86½
3,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	77½	77½	77½
5,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	85½	85½	85½
45,000	United Rys. incomes	63⅝	62¾	63⅝
6,000	United Rys. notes	90	90	90
50,000	West. Maryland 4s	87	87	87
1,000	Wilmington & W. 5s	110¼	110¼	110¼

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
60	Atchison	105⅝	105½	105⅝	
42	Boston Elevated	126½	125½	126½	
4	Boston & Albany	220½	220	220	
26	Boston & Lowell	216	216	216	
2	Boston & Maine	99	98½	99	
25	Conn. & Passum. pf.	142½	142½	142½	
29	Fitchburg pf.	126	126	126	
410	Mass. Electric	20	19¾	20	
475	Mass. Electric pf.	94¾	93	94¼	
45	N. Y., N. H. & H.	105	105	105	
171	N. Y., N. H. & H.	133¼	132¾	133	
12	Old Colony	187¼	187	187	
120	Union Pacific	161¼	160½	161¼	
13	West End	86¾	86¼	86¾	

TELEPHONES.

579	American	135¼	134¾	135¼
7	Am. Tel. sub. rcts.	30	30	30
1	Cumberland	150¼	150¼	150¼
8	New England	146	146	146

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Ag. Chemical	48	48	48
16	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼
325	Am. Pneu. Service	3¾	3¾	3¾
226	Am. Sugar Ref.	117¾	116¼	117¾
77	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	116	115¼	116
33	Am. Woolen pf.	89	89	89
300	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	7¾	7⅛	7⅜
235	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	15	15	15
5	Edison	287	287	287
66	General Electric	151¼	150	150
62	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	161	160½	160½
245	Mass. Gas	90	89½	90
85	Mass. Gas	91	90½	91
76	Mass. Gas pf.	97¾	97½	97¼
5	Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	96	96	96
3	Seattle Elec. pf.	101	101	101
111	Swift & Co.	99½	99	99
54	Torrington, Class A	29¾	29½	29¾
57	United Fruit	188	186½	188
250	United Shoe Mach.	43	42¾	42¾
133	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.	27½	27½	27½

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Big Plot of Bronx Borough Realty Sold to Building Operators Who Will Erect Five Apartment Houses — Investor Buys Amsterdam Avenue Flat—Suburban Deals.

Bronx Borough property was the feature of yesterday's realty market, which otherwise proved dull and inactive in all its branches.

In the western section of the Bronx William R. Rose sold a plot of ten lots on the west side of the Southern Boulevard at the southwest corner of Jennings Street. The plot has a frontage of 250 feet on the Southern Boulevard, 100 feet on Jennings Street, and an average depth of from 100 to 173 feet.

It was purchased by the Lederer Construction Company, of which Norman Lederer is President, which will erect three five-story apartment houses on the Southern Boulevard, one 45 by 100 foot corner building and one 55 by 100 foot structure on Jennings Street. The buyers have recently completed four five-story buildings immediately south of the property just purchased.

Another Bronx sale in the heart of the business section was announced by the M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, which sold to the Terrain Realty Company a plot 50 by 100, on the west side of Third Avenue, about 50 feet from East 171st Street. The same firm of brokers has also leased for a term of ten years to R. Stengel, a one-story factory building to be erected on this property by the Terrain Realty Company, contract for which has been let, from plans by M. G. Heidelberg. Stengel will occupy a portion of the building which will be completed about January first and will have all modern improvements, including a sprinkler system.

John A. Steinmetz has sold for S. Krauss to F. Chefarelli a plot 50 by 164 on 182d Street, running through to Hornaday Avenue, about 83 feet east of Mohegan Avenue. The buyer will improve.

Amsterdam Avenue Deal.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for Ella M. Mott to a client for investment, the five-story triple apartment, with stores, 464 Amsterdam Avenue, 27 by 100.

Brooklyn.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story and basement brownstone private house, lot 20 by 100 feet, dining-room extension, 616 Second Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, for Montague H. Cohen to a buyer for occupancy.

The Brown Realty Company has sold to Sigmund Orbach & Benjamin May, the northeast corner of Putnam Avenue and Reid Street, four four-story flats, with stores, on plot 100 by 100. The buyer gave in part payment forty-six lots in Chestnut Avenue, Sutter Avenue, and Crystal Street. The Putnam Avenue property was purchased by the Brown Realty Company only about two weks ago.

Long Island.

Jacob Weiss has sold to a client of L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. eight lots at the corner of Skillman and Laurel Hill Avenues, in the Thompson Hill section of Long Island City.

Joseph G. Robin's Home Sold.

Driftwood, the country home of Joseph G. Robin of bank fame, at Wading River, L. I., has been sold to Thomas C. Clynes of Plainfield, N. J. The property comprises about 110 acres, with two-thirds of a mile of Sound frontage. The house, completed about two years ago, is a striking example of architecture of the style of the Italian Renaissance. It stands on an elevation distant several hundred feet from the shore and commands a view over the surrounding country and the Sound for many miles. It contains about twenty-five rooms and five bathrooms. The Allee Realty Company negotiated the sale.

Notes.

Sigmund Schnee is the owner of the property at 317 East Forty-third Street, which has not been sold as reported.

William B. Lovell, as trustee under the will of Rufus C. Read, deceased, has obtained an order of the Supreme Court, empowering them to sell the premises, 110 East Twenty-second Street, at a price not less than $29,500, also the premises 116 East Twenty-second Street, at a price not less than $28,000, and also the premises known as 128 East Twenty-second Street, at a price not less than $25,000.

It was reported yesterday that "Ames Little Playhouse" will be built at 238, 240, and 242 West Forty-fourth Street, on Astor leasehold property.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

188th St, 523 West, n s, 300 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Andrew Wilson $60,000

Monroe St, 231, n s, 119.6 ft e of Scammel St, 24x96, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Sophie Gruenstein $40,427

Monroe St, 233, n s, 143.6 ft e of Scammel St, 24x90, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Sophie Gruenstein $40,427

Fox St, s w corner of 163d St, 100x109.6x100x108.1, six-story flat and stores; foreclosure sale, to the Utility Realty Co. $150,658

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

182d St, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, for a five-story tenement, 50x58; M. Halleey, 516 West 182d St, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, architects; cost $50,000

Lexington Av, n w corner of 52d St, for a eleven-story club, 110x100.5; National Board Young Women's Christian Association, 124 East 27th St, owner; D. Barber, architect; cost $500,000

64th St, n s, 250 ft w of Amsterdam Av, for a two-story loft, 50x95.5; H. Boymann, 213 West 64th St, owner; Rouse & Goldstone, architects; cost $15,000

2d Av, n w corner of Avenue C, for a four-story store, office, and dwelling, 20x52; P. Gross, 256 East 2d St, owner; J. Fisher, architect; cost $16,000

45th St, n s, 288.9 ft e of 6th Av, for a seven-story loft and store, 18.9x90.5; I. J. Mayer, 15 West 45th St, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost $20,000

Park Av, s w corner of 61st St, for an eight-story private school, 39x100.4; the Bradley School, owner; McKim, Mead & White, architects; cost $125,000

12th St, e s, 41.5 ft n of 13lst St, for a one-story stable and stores, 58.5x100; J. H. Pratt, 465 West 157th St, owner; L. F. Weiher, architect; cost $8,000

44th St, s e corner of Lexington Av, for a three-story, basement, and attic store, studio, and dwelling; P. J. Flannery, 6th Av and 38th St, owner; C. Stegmeyer, architect; cost $18,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, OCT. 13.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

AVENUE B, 246, w s, 20x60; Marcus Rosenthal to William L. Cohn, 815 West End Av., Oct. 3, (mtg $10,200;) address, 111 Broadway..$100

BATHGATE AV, w s, 181.11 ft nof 3d Av, 25x105.6; Elias Liess to Therese Tanaskovich, 2,381 Bathgate Av, (mtg $10,000,) Oct. 11; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St $100

BATHGATE AV, w s, 150 ft s of 11th St, 70x120; Rosie Revy to Fannie Feinman, 1,651 Bathgate Av, Jan. 27, 1910 ..... $100

BEAUMONT AV, n e corner of 183d St, 75x71; Nelly Henschel to Emil Ginsburger, 2,272 Prospect Av, Oct. 13, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

BLEECKER ST, 132, s s, 25x100; Helen C. Butler et al. to Nathan Harrison Realties,

MORTGAGE LOANS.

HOUSAH & DE LEEUW
4½% MORTGAGE MONEY
In any amount on choice Manhattan property.
REASONABLE TERMS.
15 Broad St., Cor. Exchange Place.

Money to loan on first and second mortgages in any amount on Manhattan property. Several funds for second mortgages. Reasonable terms. ISAAC COHEN, 280 Broadway, New York City. 'Phone 1355 Worth.

63 Park Row, Oct. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $160

CARPENTER AV, 4,568, e s, 25x100; Oscar E. J. Heimstadt to Albert Walker, 820 East 220th St. (mtg $2,500,) Oct. 13 ..... $100

CLINTON AV, e s, 84 ft s of 175th St, 27x84; Sarah Ginzburg to Annie E. Connors, Rockaway St., corner of Claremont Av, Tottenville, S. I., (mtg $6,000,) Oct. 11; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $100

COLUMBIA ST, 122, e s, 20x100; Bertha Sanders to Minnie Sanders, 197 Stanton St, (mtg $19,000,) Oct. 2 ..... $1

DECATUR AV, w s, 175 ft s of Scott Av, 50x100; James Johnstone to Susie Johnstone, 3,093 Decatur Av, (mtg $11,000,) Oct. 11; attorneys, Todd & St. John, 258 Broadway. $100

EAGLE AV, e s, 25.2 ft s of Terrace Place, 50.4x—Abraham Fischlowitz to Jermay Realty Co., 860 East 161st St, Oct. 11, (mtg $40,000;) attorney, Milton Mayer, 52 William St $100

EMERSON ST, e s, Lots 136 to 143, 190 to 193, map of Part 3 of Dyckman homestead; The Realty Syndicate to Westchester Avenue Realty Co., 150 Nassau St, (mtg $12,000,) Oct. 11; attorney, Max Monfried, 150 Nassau St $1

FRONT ST, 359, s s, 25x140 to 382 South St; Ignatz Margereten to Charles Gahren, 255 West 90th St, Oct. 11; attorney, Abraham Cohen, 152 Nassau St $1

FULTON AV, e s, at s s of Lot 88, map of Morrisania, 25x211; Agnes E. Rogers to Emily Spooner, R 1,410, 302 Broadway, (mtg $5,000,) Oct. 25 ..... $100

GRACE AV, e s, Lot 64, map of St. Raymond Park, 25x100; Mary McBride Halliday to James McClure, 308 West 13th St, June 29; attorney, P. P. Sherry, 252 West 14th St. $1

HUGHES AV, e s, 337.10 ft s of Pelham Av, 25x87.6; Martha T. Henry to Rosa Muovo, 29 St. Marks Place, (mtg $13,500,) Oct. 7; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway $100

HULL AV, n w s, 150 ft e of Mosholu Parkway, 27x110; Hull Av, n w s, 177 ft e of Mosholu Parkway, 27x110; Hull Av, n w s, 204 ft e of Mosholu Parkway, 27.11x110; D'Ambra Construction Co to Narcouth Realty Co, 35 Nassau St, Oct. 9; attorneys, Miller & H., 20 Nassau St $1

MONROE ST, 280, 25x95; David Lasky to Malke Lasky, 280 Monroe St, Oct. 13; attorney, Solomon Sufrin, 107 Rivington St. $1

MONROE ST, 262, s s, 25.1x97.10; David Lasky to Malke Lasky, 280 Monroe St, Oct. 13; attorney, Solomon Sufrin, 107 Rivington St. $1

NELSON AV, n s, 61.6 ft e of Pratt Av, 50x100; Land Co. C of Edenwald to James Powers, 407 East 69th St, June 8; address, 407 East 69th St $1

ONEIDA AV, n e corner of 237th St, 100x125; Clara E. Kimber to Otto P. Schroeder, 243 East 236th St, Oct. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

PARKSIDE PLACE, w s, 229.11 ft n of 207th St, 100x90; Josiah A. Briggs to Edwin C. Dusenbury, Lake Mahopac, N. Y., (mtg $5,000,) Oct. 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, 160 Broadway $100

PIER AV, e s, 365.1 ft n of Middletown Road, 16.5x—; Harry Timberman to Jerome Bradley, at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., Sept. 30, 1900; attorney, S. B. Ayres, 1,123 Broadway $100

UNDERCLIFF AV, 1,393; Daniel Callahan to Mary Callahan, 1,893 Undercliff Av, Sept. 7, (mtg $4,250;) address, 1,893 Undercliff Av $1

VALENTINE AV, w s, 618.8 ft s of 180th St, 16.8x96.9; Henriette Fink to Maria von Erden, 346 East 86th St, (mtg $4,900,) Oct. 13; attorney, W. W. Samitz, 2 Rector St. $1

WEBSTER AV, e s, 175 ft n of 170th St, 25x100; Charles S. Shankland to Henry C. Glaser, 2,309 Creston Av, Oct. 13, (mtg $7,500;) attorneys, Arens & Powel, 271 Broadway $1

WEST ST, 401, e s, 22.3x93.9x21.5x87.10; Joseph Margoles to Stephen Ransom, Jr., 419 West 141st St, (mtg $14,000,) Sept. 1; attorney, Title Insurance Company, 188 Broadway $1

WHITE PLAINS BOULEVARD, n w s, at s w s of Huguenot St, —x—; Marie J. Herbert to Maurice Herbert, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Oct. 5; address, Mount Vernon, N. Y. $100

3D AV, w s, 186.9 ft s of 179th St, 72x93; Jefferson M. Levy and others to Gertrude Kane, 454 West 151st St, all liens, May 22; L. N. Levy, 29 Pine St $1

6TH ST, 752 East, 22x—; Samuel Greenwald to Lillian Drucker, 1,106 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, Oct. 9, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Jacob Silverstein, 309 Broadway $100

10TH AV, 508, e s, 24.8x100; Anna Blumenstock to City National Realty Co., 2 Rector St, (mtg $28,000,) Oct. 10; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St $100

13TH ST, 519 East, n s, 25x103.3; George Schaefer and another to Julius Tishman, 25 West 90th St, Oct. 9; attorney, David Tishman, 299 Broadway $1

14TH ST, e ¼ of e ½ of Lot 271, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Arthur J. Mace to Phillip Gropper, 104 Bowery, Aug. 15, (mtg $107.70;) attorney, R. Hickox, Williamsbridge $100

27TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 7th Av, 88x irregular; Ella F. Burnham to Reliance Holding Co., 160 Broadway, (mtg $140,000,) Sept. 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway. $1

47TH ST, n s, 431.3 ft e of 10th Av, 18.9x100.5; Myron H. Oppenheim, referee, to Mary A. Keogh, 264 West 69th St., Sept. 7, 1911; attorneys, Curtis, M. P. & C., 30 Broad St. $10,650

104TH ST, 157 East, n s, 25x100.11; F. Leon Sheif to Bern Budd, 214 West 92d St. B. & S. and all liens, Oct. 11; attorneys, Winelow, B. K. & Budd, 111 Broadway $1

108TH ST, n s, 238 ft w of Park Av, 17x100.1; Annie Doktor et al. to Samuel Seinlger, at Cedarhurst, L. I., (mtg $9,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

121ST ST, n s, 242.11 ft w of Pleasant Av, 89.2x100.11; Josephine Miller to Palher Realty Co., 27 William St, quitclaim, Sept. 20; attorney, Kendall & H., 27 William St. $100

130TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 12th Av, 75x199.10; Frederick F. Sampson to Fifth Avenue Coach Co., 815 8th Av., (mtg $20,000,) Oct. 7; attorneys, Page, C. & T., 32 Liberty St. $100

131ST ST, n s, 75 ft w of 7th Av, 50x—; John H. Edelmeyer and others to Alfred P. Coburn, 226 West 71st St, Sept. 20; address, 2,067 7th Av $1

SAME PROPERTY; Addison W. Edelmeyer to same, Sept. 21; attorney, same $1

148TH ST, 521 East, n s, 25x100; Rachel J. Krahmer to August D. Krahmer, 1,381 Boston Road, Oct. 11 ..... $1

179TH ST, 361 East, n s, 16.8x125; I. Morton Gotthelm, referee, to Amalie M. H. Kaufmann, 442 East 170th St, Sept. 21; attorneys, Gerlich & S., 309 East 82d St. $4,300

183D ST, n s, 99.7 ft w Washington Av, 35x100; Carrie A. Torriani and another to Rachel Rubin, 754 East 180th St, Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

188TH ST, n s corner of Cambreling Av, 50x95; Cipriani Realty and Construction Company to Bolognese Investing Company, 2,434 Cambreling Av, (mtg $38,000,) Oct. 11; D. A. Tratta, 406 East 149th St. $100

188TH ST, n s, 50 ft e of Cambreling Av, 50x95; same to same; address, same $100

190TH ST, n s s, 104.8 ft n w of Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 50x120; D'Ambra Construction Co to Aloha Realty Co, 20 Nassau St, Oct. 9; attorneys, Miller & H., 20 Nassau St $1

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

AULETTO CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway; Hoffman St, w s, 104.7 ft s of 188th St, 50x96.11, Oct. 13, due as per bond; address, 200 Broadway $31,000

BAUSCHAT, Charles W., to Jacob Boss, 49 Lenox Av; Grand St, 155, 5.9x—; 120th St, 108 and 110 East, 41.8x100.10, (mtg $22,000,) Oct. 11, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Hamburger & G., 73 Nassau St $900

BINGLE REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Wilkins Place, e s, 75 ft s of Jennings St, 25x95, Oct. 13, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $8,000

BRUNN, Frederick, to George W. May, 897 St. Marks Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 3d St, 129 East, 25x96.2, Oct. 11, 5 years, 6 p. c.; address, 648 East 5th St $3,000

CARR, William H., to Margaret S. Hull, at Oswego, N. Y.; Lot 1, Parcel 13, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, Oct. 13, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, William Y. Simpson, 41 Park Row $800

CONLEY, George E., to Jacob Michaels, 275 Central Park West; Plots 50, 61, 72, 83, and 94, map of Arden property, East Chester and Westchester, each plot 100x100, Oct. 2, due as per bond; attorneys, Yankauer & D., 261 Broadway $11,000

FREEHOLD CON. C. and Bellwood Con. Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Prospect Av, s w corner of 180th St, 60x100, Oct. 11, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $19,000

GILBERT, Augusta, and Henrietta, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Tinton Av, 517 to 519, w s, 3 lots, each 16.8x100, 3 mtgs, each $8,000, Oct. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $9,000

GINSBURGER, Emil, to Mary A. J. Becker, Stamford, N. Y.; Beaumont Av, n e corner of 183d St, 75x71, Oct. 13, due as per bond; attorney, A. Crook, 99 Nassau St. $16,000

GLANZ, Frank, to Frank L. Landsiedel, 1,468 St. Lawrence Av; Lot 347, map of Lohbauer Park, Oct. 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St. $300

GOLDSMITH, Annie L., to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; 22d St, 121 and 123 West, 41.6x98.9, Oct. 11, due Oct. 18, 1912, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St $55,000

GROPPER, Philip, to Arthur J. Mace, 111 East Houston St; 14th St, e ¼ of e ½ of Lot 271, map of Wakefield, 25x114, Aug. 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. Hickox, Williamsbridge $107

GROSS, Ray, to Max Gross, 67 Stanton St; Stanton St, 67, s w s, 23x50, Oct. 13, 1 year — p. c.; attorney, L. Isaacs, 1 East 119th St $2,500

HAPPEL, Adam, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 169th St, s s, 107.2 ft e of Tiffany St, 38x—, Oct. 13, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 51 Chambers St $18,000

HOEFLER, Lena W., to Harvey W. Smith 697 West 143d St; Broadway, s e corner of 143d St, 20x70, Oct. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, P. Carpenter, 111 Broadway. $2,000

HORN, Regina, to August Niebergall, 518 East 80th St; 81st St, 437 East, 25x102.2, Oct. 11, due Sept. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorney, E. J. Fandrey, 307 Washington St., Brooklyn. $1,000

KEOGH, Mary A., to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av; 47th St, 431 West, 18.9x100.5, Oct. 13, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, A. H. Mosle, 30 Broad St $7,000

KEOGH, Mary A., to Cayuga Association, 111 Broadway, 47th St, n s, 431.3 ft e of 10th Av, 37.6x100.5, Oct. 13, (prior mtg $14,000,) due as per bond; attorney, A. Smith, 111 Broadway $3,000

KURETSKY, Jennie, to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av; 163d St, 444 West, 37.6x112.6, Oct. 13, due as per bond; attorney, David McClure, 22 William St $30,000

LENOX BATHS, a corporation, to David Shapiro, 952 East 156th St, and another; 115th St, n s, 500 ft w of Lenox Av, 40x100.11, Oct. 10, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kugel & S., 1,699 Pitkin Av, Brooklyn $50,000

McCABE, Simon M., and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Lexington Av, 878, w s, 20x70, Oct. 13, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $4,500

NATHAN-HARRISON REALTIES to Hugo E. Distelhurst, 356 Cauren St, Richmond Hill; Bleecker St, 132, s s, 25x100, prior mtg $19,000, Oct. 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Sisman, L., C. & L, 135 Broadway $3,000

NATHAN HARRISON REALTIES to Helen C. Butler, 550 Park Av; Bleecker St, 132, s s, 75 ft e of West Broadway, 25x100, Oct. 7, due Oct. 10, 1913; attorneys, Evarts, C. & S., 60 Wall St $19,000

SAME to Hugo E. Distelhurst, 336 Church St, Richmond Hill, N. Y.; same property, prior mtg $22,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $10,400

PASTERNECK, Bertha, and Pauline Nechels to Anna Blumenstock, 135 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, N. Y., 10th Av, e s, 74 ft s of 39th St, 124.8x10, (prior mtg. $25,000,) Oct. 10, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rosenthal & H., 2 Rector St $5,700

RELIANT HOLDING CO. to Ella F. Burnham, Saugatuck, Conn.; 27th St, s s, 100 ft 7th Av, 85x irregular, prior mtg $60,000, Sept. 29, due Oct. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Cahn, H. & L., 160 Broadway $80,000

RICHARD M. MONTGOMERY CO. to Margaret T. Savage, at Rahway, N. J.; 58th St, n s, 230 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5, prior mtg $15,000, 1 year, 6 p. c. Oct. 5; attorney, E. S. Savage, 150 Broadway $5,000

RUBIN, Rachel, to Carrie A. Torriani and another, 438 West 116th St, 183d St, n s, 99 ft w of Washington Av, 735x100, Aug. 29, due Jan. 4, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $20,000

RUBIN, Rachel, to Charles H. Frederick, 769 Beck St, same property, (prior mtg. $20,000,) Oct. 11, due Oct. 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney same $4,000

RUNDE, Josephine, to George A. Steinmuller, 1,957 Grand Boulevard and Concourse; 169th St, 633 East, 16.8x69, prior mtg $5,000, Oct. 7, 2 years, 6 p. c.; address, 1,511 3d Av. $2,000

SANDERS, Minnie, to Bertha Sanders, 292 East Broadway, Columbia St, 122, e s, 89.11 ft n of Stanton St, 20x100, (prior mtg. $15,000,) Oct. 2, due as per bond; address 292 East Broadway $4,000

SAPER, Hattie, to Carrie Rosenzweig, 2 St. Nicholas Terrace; 143d St, 147 West, 37.6x99.11, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years, 6 p. c., Oct. 9; attorneys, Sternberg, J. & P., 309 Broadway $6,000

SCHROEDER, Otto P., to Smith Williamson, White Plains, N. Y.; Oneida Av, n e corner of 237th St, 100x125, Oct. 11, due Dec. 11, 1911, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,000

SAME to same; same property, prior mtg $4,000, Oct. 11, due Dec. 1, 1911, 5½ p. c.; attorney same $500

SCOTT, Alexander J., to Walter R. Lord, 1,156 Forest Av; 3d Av, w s, 92.9 ft n of 134th St, 23.9x100, (prior mtg, $7,500,) Oct. 13, due April 13, 1912, 6 p. c.; address, 35 Nassau $2,500

SKEHAN, John, to J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co, 398 East 152d St; White Plains Road, w s, 350.8 ft s of Julianna St, 50x103.3, prior mtg $3,000, Oct. 11, due October, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. W. Karndorfer, 898 East 152d St $1,000

TREMONT IRON WORKS CORPORATION to Edward Ehlers, at Rockaway; Stebbins Av, e s, 108.9 ft n of Freeman St, 25x—; 2 years, 6 p. c., Oct. 13; attorneys, Joab H. Banton, 1 Liberty St. $5,000

VOGELSANGER, Jacob, to Ada M. Hicks, 493 16th St, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 103d St, 150 East, s s, 20x106.10; also land in Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 7, instals., 6 p. c.; attorney, A. J. Hovell, 177 Montague St, Brooklyn $1,200

WALSH, John F., to Lewis M. Borden, Shippan Point, Conn.; Seneca Av, n s, 75 ft w of Longfellow Av, 50x100, prior mtg $1,600, Sept. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Francis Colety, 160 Broadway $250

WILLIAMS, Kate A., and Eliza C. Price to Florence C. Spearman, trustee, at Irvington, N. Y., 165th St, 823 to 827 East, n s, 3 lots, each 17.6x107.2, 3 mtgs, each $3,200, Oct. 6, 5 years; attorneys, Joline, L. & R., 54 Wall St $9,600

WIRTH REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CO. to Fritz Hart and another, 519 Simpson Place; 181st St, n s, 30.11 ft e of Mohegan Av, 80.5x—, prior mtg $38,000, Oct. 11, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $4,500

WOODBURY, Thornton, to Corn Exchange Bank, 13 William St; Houston St, s w corner of Mercer St, 25x88, Oct. 13, 5 years, April 13, 1912, 5 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St $25,000

Recorded Leases.

AVENUE A, 1,588, store and basement; Emma Wedde to George Bender, on premises, 5 years from May 1, 1911 ..... $1,380

BOSTON ROAD, 1,321, theatre; McKinley Square Co. to Boston Road Amusement Co., 299 Broadway, 3 years from Sept. 21, 1911; attorney, Hy. Fluegelman, 299 Broadway.. $44,200

BOWERY, n w corner of Kenmore St, second floor; Hopkins Security Co. to Sol Pudlin, 1,789 Fulton Av, 3 11-12 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Louis Rosenberg, 220 Broadway $1,000

COURTLANDT AV, 786 and 788, auditorium and lobby; Alfred Koscherak to Maurice Alper and others, on premises, from Oct. 15, 1911, to —; attorney, H. Cracauer $2,280

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Brown Place, 195x100, all; Doll Realty Co. to Wasle & Co., 463 Southern Boulevard, 10 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorneys, Spencer, O. & W., 27 William St. $8,700

3D ST, 139 East, land; William W. Astor to George W. May, 648 East 5th St, 20 years from May 1, 1910; address, 648 East 5th St. $900

6TH AV, 683, third floor; George Martin to Antonios B. Terzakis and another, 48 James St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorneys, Cowing, W. & W., 49 Wall St.

8TH AV, w s, 60 ft n of 115th St, store; Manhattan Leasing Co. to Sigmund Peyser, 161 West 80th St, 3 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Price Brothers, 271 Broadway. $1,800

23D ST, 8 East, all; Lydia S. Cutting and another, trustees, to Timothy F. Padell, 371 East 23d St, 20 9-12 years from Aug. 1, 1911; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway $10,000

22D ST, 136 and 138 West, store and basement; Jacob S. Carvalho to Edw. J. Vogt and another, 134 West 20th St, 22 1-12 years from Jan. 1, 1911; attorney, Charles Hoyer, 59 West 11th St $2,700

23D ST, 30 East, store and part of basement; 30 East Twenty-third Street Co. to Charles Knickrihm, 15 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av. ..$10,500

53D ST, 449 and 451 West, three-story building; Ruth A. Wallace to Needham Piano Co., 5 years from Feb. 1, 1909; attorney, Hy. A. Hirsh, 27 William St. $2,400

122D ST, s s, 325 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.10; Christian Ambruster to Henry Straub, 218 East 119th St, 10 years from Sept. 1, 1911; address, 230 East 122d St. $840

136TH ST, 601 West, store; James Madden to Christian L. A. Gerken, 453 Stratford Road, Brooklyn, 7 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Arrowsmith & Dunn, 261 Broadway $7,500

Mechanics' Liens.

AVENUE B, n e corner of 6th St, 93x20.2; Robin Jacobs against Leopold Spachner, lessee; Hugo Realty Co., owner; Julius M. Schwartz, contractor $124

AVENUE B, n e corner of 6th St, 20x93; Bernard Rosenfeld against John Spachner and John Berger, owners and contractors $14

SAME PROPERTY; Isaac Scheinert against John Spachner and John Berger, owners; Julius M. Schwartz, contractor $26

BROADWAY, 1,700; Kirk & Simpson against Mary M., John J., and Thomas J. Emery, and Gerard Trust Co., owner; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor $73

BROADWAY, 1,560; Abraham Miller against Edward de P. and Goodhue Livingston, owner; La Duval & Co., lessees; Levin & Co., contractor $1,050

BROADWAY, 2,532; Alber G. Richter against Henry J. Lange, owner; Stevens Constructing Co., contractor $825

BROADWAY, 1,213, and 29th St, 35 West; Charles Stark against Joseph F. White and Joseph M. Weber, owners; Fillmore Construction Co. and Jacob S. Glaser, contractor $102

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 99th St, 106x112.1; Samuel Solomon against Highwood Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor $2,345

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 270 to 274; Rouse & Goldstone against Highwood Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor. $1,068

5TH AV, 725; Morris L. Weiss against Jessie Farquharson and Margaret Wheelock, owners; Mercantile Construction Co., contractor $110

5TH AV, 630; Rahtz & Schnitzer against Henry Clews, owner; William Fitzpatrick, contractor $30

5TH AV, 831; Ellison Construction Co. against Harrison G. Dyer and Perle N. Knopf, owners; John M. and George Martin, lessees and contractors $6,980

14TH AV, 154 South; Michael P. Klunder against Donato Grippo, owner; Albert Sorachetti and Michael Fracassa, contractors. $38

48TH ST, 837 East; Mark Harris against August H. Drucker, owner and contractor; Bertha Drucker, owner $145

60TH ST, 233 West; John Glastrenner against Michael Maier and Julius Maier, owners and contractors $937

170TH ST, n s, whole front between Hughes Av and Belmont Av, 96.1x66.5x95x80.9; H. Rokofsky against Salvatore Varisco, owner and contractor $1,200

222D ST, 528 to 536 East; Joseph Israel against

BUILDING MATERIAL.

SPEED AND WORKMANSHIP
LIBMAN CONTRACTING CO.
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
107 WEST 45th ST. PHONE 4812 BRYANT

Brill Contracting Co., owner and contractor $100

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 98th St; George A. Amos against T. J. McLaughlins Sons, Inc., et al., Sept. 29, 1911 ..... $4,022

BROADWAY, n e corner of 98th St; Federal Terra Cotta Co. against Charles F. Hoffman et al., Oct. 11, 1911 ..... $340

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 114th St; George E. Gibson Co., Inc., against John J. Hearn et al., Feb. 25, 1911 ..... $3,503

23D ST, 135 and 137 East; Eller Manufacturing Co. against Catherine C. Johnston et al., Sept. 23, 1911 ..... $770

Lis Pendens.

BELMONT AV, 2,461 and 2,463; Brocaval Realty and Holding Company against Charles C. Manning, (specific performance;) attorneys, Locker & Locker.

BROOK AV, w s, 150 ft n of 170th St, 25x90; Arnold C. Weil against Peter Criscuolo and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. S. Newhouse.

LEWIS ST, 123; Rose Sobel and others against Ignatz Weissberger and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Keller & Klein.

MADISON AV, e s, 25 ft s of 132d St, 25x98; Joseph Marrow against Louis Goodman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Sternberg, Jacobson & Pollock.

NORTHERN AV, n w corner of 181st St, 78x138.11; Louis Handelson, Inc., against Trebla Realty Company and others, (foreclosure of Mechanics lien;) attorneys, Gettner, Simon & Asher.

SHERIFF ST, 85; Gabriel Goldstein and others against Roman B. Zaliels and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) D. Friedmann.

3D AV, 4,065 to 4,071; David Rogove and others against Leopold Guttag and others, (action to foreclose mechanics liens;) attorneys, Pantell & Glickstein.

63D ST, 215 West; Abraham Silberberg against Friedland Realty Company, (notice of levy;) attorney, A. A. Silberberg.

95TH ST, 337 East; Sarah Cohen against Curtis P. Byron and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. B. Harris.

104TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11; Niagara Wood Working Company against Van Orden Construction Company and others, (amended action to foreclose mechanics lien;) attorneys W. Anway.

112TH ST, 306 and 308 West; John Burke against Nathan Mayer and others, (counterclaim;) attorney, J. C. Gulick.

156TH ST, s w s, intersection s e s, Fox St, 85x100; 158th St, s w s, intersection n w s, Southern Boulevard, 100x85; Max Hirsch against Bronx Holding Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Knox.

182D ST, s s, 54.4 ft e of Belmont Av, 26.9x 114.7x25.6x100.9; Jennie P. C. Baker against John P. Duff and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. Squires.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LIVE IN ELMHURST

OWN A HOME LIKE THIS

GOOD TO LIVE IN HANDY TO GET TO EASY TO PAY FOR

Unequalled for beauty, convenience and price.

ATTRACTIVE HIGH-CLASS DWELLINGS

built of brick and stucco, on lots 60x100. All large rooms, tiled bath, foyer hall, butler's pantry and ample closets with parquet floors and oak trim. Steam heat, open plumbing, gas, electric light, sewers and all city conveniences are provided.

These fine houses are located in the most select residential section of

ELMHURST

Fifteen Minutes from Herald Square
Handy to trains, trolleys, schools, churches and stores.
PRICE $6,500 TO $7,500 WITH TERMS TO SUIT YOU
Also, 5 and 6-room Suites for rent, $24 and $26
See these houses at once. Illustrated booklet free.
Agent always on the property.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
F. G. RANDALL, Sales Manager,
Bridge Plaza North, L. I. City; 366 Fifth Avenue, cor. 35th St., New York.

TO REACH ELMHURST
Via Queensboro Bridge, take Jackson Ave. car to 25th St., or Corona car to Baxter Ave. From Brooklyn or Williamsburg Bridges, take Junction Ave. car.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

NEW APARTMENTS JUST FINISHED
OREGON
54th St. & 7th Ave.
12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
Only a few choice apartments left
5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,600 per annum
OPEN EVENINGS.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES
or Gibbs & Kirby, Agents, 103d St. and Broadway.

The **WYOMING** 55th Street and 7th Avenue **IDAHO**
Absolutely Fireproof
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
8 to 12 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000
Special Suite of 14 rooms and 5 baths, $8,500
Doctor's Apartments, $2,400 & $3,000
MOST CONVENIENT RESIDENTIAL SECTION IN NEW YORK

Orienta,
302-306 West 79th St.,
NEAR WEST END AV.
Modern, Fireproof Building.
Handsome entrance hall, large and attractive reception room. The apartments are excellently arranged and have new parquet floors and all the latest improvements and conveniences.
6 Rooms & Bath, $70 to $80
7 Rooms & Bath, $95 to $110
C. F. Bedell Co., Agents,
Broadway and 87th St. Tel., 3010—River.

The Wendolyn
S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive
A new twelve-story building.
The only house of its kind on the west side. Only two of the 10 and 11 room apartments left.
J. AXELROD, Owner, on the Premises
or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents
162 West 72d Street.

THE BEACONSFIELD.
Elevator Apartment House
115th St., No. 125, near 7th Ave.
3 Rooms and Bath, Ground Floor,
Admirably laid out for
DOCTOR OR DENTIST
also
4 rooms, 3rd floor.....$35
5 " 4th " $45
Largest size rooms in Harlem; all modern improvements.
Best value for the money.
Convenient to Subway, elevated & all car lines.

HOTEL WOODWARD
HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX
Broadway & 55th St., N. Y.
CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.
Furnished if Desired.
'Phone 5000 Columbus.

SONOMA
Broadway and 85th St.
HOUSEKEEPING SUITES OF 5 ROOMS.
Apartments decorated to suit. The manager aims to please even the most critical. Your comfort—our desire—makes this house one of the most desirable to live in in New York. Can refer you to any of our tenants to prove above statement.
Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Supt. on premises.
Tel. Col. 4921.

APARTMENTS OF
3 ROOMS & BATH TO LEASE,
ALSO DUPLEX STUDIOS.
GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS
222 WEST 59TH ST.
Ideal for bachelor or couple, furnished or unfurnished from $1,200 up. JAMES BALL, Mgr.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam, dryer; convenient to all fraction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d St., Corner.
Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE JEFFERSON,
324-328 WEST 51ST.
Attractive apartment of four large, light rooms; elevator; telephone; all modern improvements. Apply to Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

133-135 West **THE IOWA** 104th St.
High-class elevator apartment, seven large, all-light rooms, all modern improvements. Rent, $900. Concessions to desirable tenants. Owner, on premises.

The Prasada Central Park West, Corner 65th Street.
Apartments of 8 & 10 rooms, 2 & 3 baths; every convenience and improvement, including foyer, pantry, free refrigeration, etc.

84TH, 19 WEST.—Seven fine rooms, bath; open plumbing; abundant heat, and hot water; handsomely decorated; refined neighborhood, near park; $45.

33 WEST 67th STREET
Duplex Studio, Housekeeping. Inquire on premises.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Huntington Apts.
218 WEST 112TH ST.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath;
2 Rooms and Bath for Doctor or Dentist;
Elevator; all modern improvements.
Apply on Premises.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

ALPHA APT. HOUSE,
125th St. and St. Nicholas Av. 4-5-6 rooms; outside apartments.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.
West Side.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Oxford Hall
454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

THE **SAVOY** HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
452-456 W. 149th St.
Between Amsterdam and Convent Avs.
NEW HOUSE.
Apartments of 4 and 5 large, all-light rooms. Shower baths, electric light, vacuum cleaning, all-night elevator service; all modern improvements and conveniences.

JUST COMPLETED—UP TO DATE.
ETHAN ALLEN
STONY POINT
N. W. Corner Pinehurst Av. **180th St.**
5 Room APARTMENTS RENTS $39-$43
Finest non-elevator apartment ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.
Shower Baths and Parquet Floors.
Vacuum Cleaning, Sanitary Garbage Closets.
TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive
overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $700 to $1,200.

CORDOVA COURT
608-610 WEST 178TH ST.
Large, light, airy. Five and 6 Room apartments, with all modern improvements. Telephone in each apartment.
RENT $26 up
Apply on premises, or
M. MORGENTHAU, JR. CO.
95 LIBERTY ST., N. Y. CITY.
Tel. 2237 Cortlandt, or Janitor on premises.

St. Regis Court
Northwest corner Broadway and 152d St.
ONLY 3 VACANCIES LEFT.
5 large, light rooms $45
7 large, light rooms, facing Broadway...$60
5 outside rooms, facing Broadway.....$50
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
REASONABLE TERMS TO QUIET, REFINED PEOPLE.
JAMES CONWAY, Agent, on Premises.

AMHERST,
204 West 110th St.
Absolutely Fireproof. Recently Completed. Private House Rooms. Large Closets. 8 Rooms and 3 Baths.
Only one apartment left.
RENT $2,000.
Superintendent on Premises.

THE MARBLE HILL
short block from Broadway Subway station
Unusually large, light, and attractive 3, 4, and 5 Room Apartments.
Electric light, parquet floors.
All night service. 'Phone in every apartment
Rents $25 and up
Supt. on premises. 'Phone 775—Marble.
115 West 225th St.

East Side.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof. 43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths. $1,200 to $1,700 Two and three rooms and bath.....$420 to $600 All night elevator, hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident superintendent.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

REDUCED RENTS. APARTMENTS, two or three rooms and bath, $50 up; rent includes chamber service.
177 Madison Av., at 34th St.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street
Handsome apartment, seven large, light rooms, $55.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN
East Side.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Av.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.
VERY LOW RENTS
FOR CHOICE LOCATION
$1,600 to $1,750
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

SWANNANOA,
105-107 East 15th St.,
Overlooking Union Square.
At 14th St. Subway express station.
High-Class Apartments,
5 Rooms and Bath, $60 to $80.
Every Room Sunny.
Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.
C. F. BEDELL CO., B'way and 87th St.

THE CROWN STUDIOS
15 to 19 East 59th St.
A few choice studios and apartments of 2 and 3 rooms still available.
$480 to $660 per annum.
Apply to janitor at No. 15, or
Henry D. Winans & May, Agents
749 5th Av., near 58th St.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING! So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious, 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES. FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maids' rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900.
2 Studio Suites Excellent North Light.
VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

ARGYLE HALL,
524 WEST 123D.
Seven large, light room apartments; all modern improvements; $38. Inquire on premises.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., southeast corner 99th St.; beautiful corner apartment, seven outside rooms; bath; perfect condition; $60 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity; all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

AT 13 EAST 36TH ST. NEAR 5TH AV.
BACHELOR APT'S, 2 and 3 rooms and bath.
Electric light and service included. Telephones.

THE CLEVELAND,
126-130 EAST 24TH ST.
Apartments of 9 rooms; ample closets, &c.

1229 MADISON AVENUE,
Near 89th St.—7 rooms and bath; hall boy; modern improvements; $600 yearly.

Every Room an Outside Room.
Six rooms and bath with every improvement. 130 East 31st St.

BRONX.

Ideal New Apartments
JUST COMPLETED
Undercliff Av. & Washington Bridge
HIGH, DRY & HEALTHY LOCATION.
3-4-5 all outside rooms, including Bedrooms,
containing electric light, shower bath, private telephone,
and facing Washington Bridge Park, near Broadway Subway station, 181 St.
RENT $26-$38.
KEMP-JONES REALTY CO., Owner,
Agent always on premises.
TELEPHONE TREMONT 4129.

FRANKLIN AVE., 1408-1414
2 blocks E. 169th St., 3d Av. L station; 1 block to park and school.
LARGE, LIGHT APARTMENTS OF
4 and 5 ROOMS.
New building, equipped with steam heat, electric lights throughout, modern plumbing, hardwood trim.
RENTS $20 to $26

MOTT AVE., 456-458
200 feet from Mott Av. Subway Station.
4-5 large, elegant rooms; halls and bath heated; improvements.
RENTS $16 TO $19.
Opposite school, near parks.
Choice location.

MORRIS AV. 1921 SOUTH OF TREMONT AV **JUST COMPLETED.**
3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms. Electric light, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

2,650 MARION AV., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

195d Street and Marion Avenue.
THE WILLOW APARTMENTS.
Just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

BROOKLYN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses
Separate entrances to each apartment. Seven large, all light rooms, with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that rental.
20 minutes from Park Row, Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.
WALTER L. JOHNSON,
886 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn.

ONE MONTH FREE
To desirable tenants, elegant six and seven room steam-heated apartments, in stone-front two-family houses; every modern improvement; rent $29.00. Take West End "L" train to 54th St. station, three blocks west to houses. Open daily, evenings and Sundays. Apply on premises, E. A. JOHNSON, 5,512 Fort Hamilton Parkway, corner 55th St., Brooklyn.

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Desirable place to room and board.
It's an easy matter to find a cozy, comfortable room in an accessible location if the Furnished Room and Boarders Wanted columns of The New York Times are consulted. These columns form a directory of desirable and available places to room and board.

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3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
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ROLL TOP DESKS Office Furniture in great variety of Style and Price.

T. G. SELLEW 111 FULTON ST.

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OAK MADE BY THE MILE, SOLD BY THE FOOT
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MOUNT & ROBERTSON,
49 BROAD. TELEPHONE 1957 BROAD.

DESKS NEW AND SEC. HAND. Large stock, and low prices.
WILSON DESK CO.,
50 E. 8th St. Tel. 262 Spring.

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HOTEL ROLAND
59th St., Between Madison & Park Avs.
Block from Grand Plaza.
Entrance to Central Park.
SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY UP.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY UP.
AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH AND MEALS, $2.50 PER DAY UP.
Temperance Hotel for Permanent and Transient Guests.

It Is Hard to Get Better Meals at Any Price Than at THE DUNLEETH,
143 W. 47th St., Bet. 6th & 7th Avs.
40c. LUNCH - - DINNER 50c.
'Phone 7937—Bryant.

PACTEAU 250 W. 44th. French Table d'hote. Lch., 40c. Din., 50c. Wine.
48 W. 27th St., bet. B'way & 6th. SEIDEN'S Dinner, 40c. Also Ala.

AUTUMN RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY. Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY. 25 minutes to 42d St. 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes to station; free carriage for commuters; tennis; garage. Our own dairy and vegetables. Low rates. Open all year. Booklet.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

Autumn in New Hampshire
ROCKINGHAM HOTEL
PORTSMOUTH
A beautiful hotel, in a quaint old town, on direct route of all motor tours.
An attractive Winter home. Rates on application.
GEORGE Q. PATTEE, Prop.

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The Manhattan
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
THE IDEAL FAMILY HOTEL
Open for Season
CHAS. HECHT, Prop.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view.
Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J. Josiah White & Sons Co.

HOTEL JACKSON
Special Winter rates. J. H. GORMLEY.

Ask Mr. Foster | Free information. Flatiron Arcade. B'way & 23d St.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, New York County.—MAYER S. AUERBACH, Plaintiff, against ALBERT H. AMMIDOWN, Blanche S. Auerbach, wife of the said Mayer S. Auerbach, Milo W. Wilder, Jr., Louis H. Wilder, Harry S. Wilder, Nettie Simonson, Granville Harker, Edith Underhill, Mabel Myers Harker, Edwin B. Day, Margaret C. Day, George A. Stockton, Sarah L. Stockton, Jay M. Hadden, Chester A. Hadden, Kenneth T. Reed, Ruth Hadden Leaycraft, Marjorie Leaycraft, Defendants.
To the above-named defendants and each of them:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated August 25, 1911.
MAX STERN,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office address, No. 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
To Edwin B. Day, Margaret C. Day, George A. Stockton, Sarah L. Stockton, and Granville Harker:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable F. K. Pendleton, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 31 day of October, 1911, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 4th day of October, 1911.
MAX STERN,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office address, No. 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City

PUBLIC NOTICES.

U. S. HARBOR LINE BOARD WILL GIVE Public Hearing at about 11:30 A. M. Oct. 25, 1911, at 39 Whitehall St., New York, Room 708, to consider application for modifying U. S. pierhead line at terminal and piers of Phil. & Reading R. R. Co. at Port Reading, N. J. Interested parties are invited to attend and be heard. WM. T. ROSSELL, Col. Engrs., Senior Member of Board.

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The most centrally located, best lighted, comfortable offices in this city.
Times Square is now the acknowledged centre of New York; one can reach most of the big business and amusement enterprises within a few blocks. Subway Station in basement. "L" only one block distant. Broadway, 42d and 7th Ave. cars pass in front of building. Each room steam-heated and thoroughly ventilated.
Telephone Bryant 1000. Rental Office, Room 406.
TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d and Amsterdam, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., pastor. 11, "Fading Leaves." 8, "Christ's Foot prints." Everybody welcome.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 West 46th Street.
9:40 A. M., Bible Classes for YOUNG WOMEN: Mrs. Gilbert Potter, Leader. YOUNG MEN: Dr. Addison Moore, Leader
11 A. M.: Public Worship. Sermon by THE REV. W. H. P. FAUNCE, D. D., President of Brown University, "The Divine Life in Bird-Life."
8 P. M.: Public Worship. Sermon by THE REV. ADDISON MOORE, D. D., "When a Clergyman Accepts Fees for Funerals and Weddings, Is the Clergyman, the Church, or the Community to be Criticised?"

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 70th Street. PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Rev. Thomas V. Parker will preach.

HOPE CHURCH, Broadway, 104th. Rev. E. HOLLOWAY.—11, "The Falling Leaves"; 8, "A Message in Song."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. Preaching service, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor, will preach Sunday morning and evening. 11 A. M.—"The Great and Terrible Day of the Lord—Is It Not Near at Hand in America?" 8 P. M.—"This Is That."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, Fifth Av., near 126th St. J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor. Morning, 11, "A New Day for Religion." Evening, 8, "Henri Bergson, a Modern Prophet."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St., Convent Av. Rev. A. M. H. Hodder preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Every one welcome.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHAS. E. JEFFERSON, D. D., pastor, preaches 11 and 8. Wed., 8 P.M., Prayer Meeting.

MADISON C. PETERS, Pilgrim Church, Madison Ave. and 121st St. 11, "What Shall We Do in Heaven"; 8, "The Worldly Woman."

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, at 76th St., Rev. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., 4 P. M.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 West 81st St. WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE. Founded 1876.
Meeting-House, Central Park West and 64th St. 11 A. M.,
Dr. FELIX ADLER
and Dr. JOHN L. ELLIOTT
will speak on
"LAYING THE FOUNDATIONS."
The Public Is Welcome.

BROOKLYN SOCIETY ETHICAL CULTURE. Regular Sunday morning meetings at 11 o'clock at AURORA GRATA CATHEDRAL, Bedford Av. and Madison St. Sunday, Oct. 15, DR. HENRY NEUMANN. Subject: "The Love of Right."

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL,
SUNDAY MORNING AT 11.
DR. WISE WILL PREACH ON "ISRAEL'S DEFENDERS: TRUE AND FALSE." ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., the Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (St. James,) Madison Av., 73d St. Dr. Remensnyder, pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.

EVANG. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d.—W. M. Horn, Pastor. —Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET, corner Morton. Rally day. Morning—Exercises by Sabbath school. Evening—Church rally. Address by pastor, Rev. Robert H. Kelley.

CALVARY METHODIST CHURCH, 129th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., "Our Troubles—Does God Send Them?" 8 P. M., "The Winning Life."

GRACE, 104th St., west of Columbus Av.—Christian F. Reisner. 11 A. M., "A Personal God?" 7:45, "Giddy Youth." Autumn decorations.

HEDDING M. E. CHURCH, 337 East 17th Street. ANNIVERSARY WEEK.
11 A. M.—REV. A. H. GOODENOUGH, D. D.
8 P. M.—REV. A. B. SANFORD, D. D.
Services every night during the week. Everybody welcome.
Rev. M. L. ROBINSON, Pastor.

MADISON AV. M. E. CHURCH, CORNER 60TH ST.
REV. WALLACE MACMULLEN, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M., Preaching by Dr. MacMullen. "The Royal Rule of God."
In the evening a brief sermon by Dr. MacMullen and Popular Service.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Pastor; DUBOIS H. LOUX, Associate.
11.—Carl W. Hamliton of Yale speaks.
8.—Dr. Loux, "Satan and His Angels."

SAINT ANDREW'S M. E. CHURCH, 76th St., west of Columbus Av. GEORGE CLARK PECK, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"FRONTING THE SUNRISE."
8 P. M.—Sermons by Rev. Dr. Allan MacRossie.

ST. JAMES METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 126th St. Rev. ARCHEY DECATUR BALL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Pulpit and the Pew."
8 P. M.—"A Man's Religion in Politics."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Av. and 86th St.
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor. 11 and 8. Sermons by the Pastor.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th Street, West of Broadway. J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister. Worship at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

18TH STREET M. E. CHURCH, near 8th Av., George E. Barber, D. D., preaches, 11-8. Sunday school, 2:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening. 75th anniversary celebration 3d week, November.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Service 11 A. M. Sermon by the Rev. J. Paul Dresser. Subject, "FRIENDLY HELP IN THE DEEPER THINGS OF LIFE."

New Thought.

Berkeley Theatre, Sunday, 3:30 P. M. MARY ETHRIDGE T. CHAPIN, "The Practice of Success."

LIFE MORE ABUNDANT. MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE.
Sundays, 3:30, beginning to-morrow. 1,999 Broadway. Entrance on 68th St. Subject: "TRADITION OR KNOWLEDGE."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, SUNDAY, 11, "The Academy," Columbus Av., 79th St. F. W. SEARS, Speaker.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M. Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker: W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

TYNDALL of London, Eng.—Leslie Rooms, 260 West 83d St. Sunday, 11 A. M. Subject: "The Illumined Way." Sunday evening, Carnegie Lyceum. "How Thought Can Kill." Wonderful Psychic Phenomena.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Minister: William Pierson Merrill.
Dr. Merrill will preach at 11 o'clock and at Vesper Service at 4.
Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M.
GENERAL BIBLE CLASS for men and women, led by Professor Terry.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West 57th St., near Broadway.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. GEORGE H. SMYTH, Jr., Assistant.
Dr. Merle-Smith preaches at 11 A. M. & 8 P. M.
Evening subject, "Firmness of Character."
9:45 A. M., Young Men's Bible Class.
Sabbath School at 3 P. M.
Devotional Meeting Wednesday Evening at 8.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 55th Street.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Rev. J. H. JOURDT, M. A., D. D., the Pastor, will preach, and also conduct the WEDNESDAY EVENING SERVICE AT 8:15. Strangers are cordially invited.

Presbyterian.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH has removed and is now worshipping in EARL HALL OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, (entrance 117th St. and Broadway.)
WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER.
PREACHES 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. P. Ellwood Erickson, Assistant.
Dr. Work preaches morning and evening.

MADISON AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor. Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M., and Rev. Frank E. Higgins at 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 24th St.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The Pastor will preach 11 A. M. and Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Ave., Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, Ph. D., Minister.. Rev. LOWRIE D. CORY, Assistant Minister.
11 A. M., Dr. Mackay, "Poor, but Honored of God and Man."
8 P. M., Dr. Mackay, "Rich, but Unsatisfied."

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av., 11th to 12th St.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—Annual Rally Day Service.
8 P. M.—"Comradeship."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. WILLIAM HIRAM FOULKES, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning, "A Sabbath Day's Journey." Evening, "Sacrilege a Senseless and a Shameless Sin."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Broadway at 120th St.
Two PUBLIC Lectures by the Rev. Professor CASPAR RENE GREGORY, PH. D., D. D., LL. D., of the University of Leipzig, at 4 o'clock. Wednesday, Oct. 18, "Religious Conditions in Germany." Friday, Oct. 20, "The German Educational System."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—the Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick, B. D. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of 10th St., (one block west from Broadway,) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.—Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the services to-morrow the Pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END CHURCH, Amsterdam Av. corner of 105th St.
Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor.
Services: 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Dr. KEIGWIN will preach at both services.
Morning subject: "Facts That Call for Faith."
Evening subject: "The Best-Paid Man on Earth."
The celebrated Park sisters, cornetists, will play at the evening service.
Graded Sunday School at 3 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D. D., } Pastors.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., }
Dr. ATTERBURY will preach at 11 A. M. and Dr. EVANS at 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy communion, 8 A. M.; morning prayer and sermon by the rector, 11 A. M.; choral evensong, 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. Rev. THEODORE F. SEDGWICK, Rector. Holy Communion, 8, 10:15. Morning Prayer and Litany, 11. Open-air hymn singing, 7:45. Evensong, 8. Rector will preach at 11 and 8. Subject at 11, "Unconscious Influence," and at 8, "Our Inheritance."

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St. SUNDAY, Oct. 15.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector.
8 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Francis Rolt Wheeler.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. Barry, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45; evensong, 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Choral Service and Sermon. Mendelssohn's Hymn of Praise.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Avenue and 20th Street.
Rev. HENRY MOTTET, D. D.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
12 M. —Holy Communion.
3 P. M.—Children's Service.
3 P. M.—Italian Service.
8 P. M.—Service and Sermon.
9 P. M.—Men's Meeting.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av., 35th St. Rev. H. C. ROBBINS, Rector.
8 A. M., Holy Communion; 11 A. M., Morning Prayer, Litany, and Sermon, (Rector;) 4 P. M., Evening Prayer and Address, (Rector.)

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29. Services 7,8,9,11. VESPERS, 4. Sermon, 10:30.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 534 West 57th St.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer—Preacher, the Rector..11 A. M.
Evensong—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton. 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 est 27e rue. Services: 10½ h. et 8 h.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8, 11 (Rector); 4 (Mr. Eddy); 8 (Bishop Brooke).

ST. ANDREW'S, 5th Av. and 127th St. Services 8, 10:30, 11, and 8 P. M.
The Rector, Dr. VAN DE WATER, will preach on "The Immortality of Memory" at 11 A. M., and "The Sin of Forgetting" at 8 P. M.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., corner 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M., Preacher, the Rector.
4:00 P. M., Preacher, Rev. R. S. W. Wood.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, MADISON AV. AND 71ST ST.
8, Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday school; 11, Preacher, BISHOP COURTNEY. 4, Preacher, Rev. N. P. CAREY. Special Music. Stainer B flat. Martin's Hall Gladdening Light.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, W. 141st St., Convent Av., Rev. GEORGE ASHTON OLDHAM, Rector.—Services: 8 and 11 A. M.; 8 P. M.

St. Mark's Church, 10th St. and Second Av.—The Rev. WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector, will begin his ministrations to-morrow. Services 8 and 11 A. M. 8 P. M. in the Chapel, corner of 10th St. and Avenue A.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 84th St., West, near Central Park, Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—Services 8:, 11, and 8.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 122-128 WEST 69TH ST. Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector. 8, 11, and 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, 5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
During October all services at St. Thomas's Chapel, 230 East 60th St.
8 A. M., Holy Communion.
11 A. M., Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Rector,) with St. Thomas's Church Choir.
8 P. M., Evening Prayer and Sermon.
After Nov. 1 all services at St. Thomas's Church.

TRINITY CHURCH.
Sunday Services: 7:00, 7:30, 11:00 A. M., (Sermon); 3:30, 8:00 P. M.
Weekday

COURT CALANDERS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

404.—J. S. Mullen et al., appellants, vs. The United States;

405.—Alfred F. Goat et al., appellants, vs. The United States;

434.—The Deming Investment Co., appellant, vs. the United States; and

496.—P. E. Heckman et al., appellants, vs. The United States.—Concluded for the appellants.

286.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. Harry J. Diffenbaugh et al.;

286.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission, appellant, vs. F. H. Peavey & Co. et al.; and

287.—Union Pacific Railroad Co., appellant, vs. F. H. Peavey & Co. et al.—Commenced.

Day call for Monday, Oct. 16: Nos. 285 (and 286 and 287), 353 (and 354, 355 and 356), 451 (and 452 and 453), 362, 440, 463, 464, 201 (and 202), 413 (and 414), 486, 373, 448, 330, 386, 447, 565, 586, and 593.

STATE.

Appellate Division Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Frances J. Maneeley as administratrix, respondent, vs. United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company et al., impeded, appellants. Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Will W. Pierson, Jr., appellant, vs. United London and Scottish Insurance Company, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Motion denied, with $10 costs and attachment reinstated on Lambert vs. Property Insurance Company, (130 New York, Supp. 54.)

Charles P. Notman and another, respondents, vs. J. M. Guffey Petroleum Company, appellants.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Pearson Publishing Company, appellants, vs. Arthur McArthur, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Otto Obermayer, appellant, vs. Adolph Geering, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Same vs. same.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Martin L. Ungrich.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to the appellant. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Jacob J. Koehm, respondent, vs. Standard Fire Insurance Company, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, (McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Mary C. Graham-Rogers, respondent, vs. Charles F. Graham-Rogers, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of Max H. Winkler.—Order modified, as stated in opinion, and as modified affirmed without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Joseph Wellner, respondent, vs. Samuel Behrman, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In re John J. O'Brien, appellant, vs. Rhinelander Waldo, Commissioner, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Andrew Thomas, appellant, v. Arthur McMullen, impleaded, respondent. — Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted so far as to allow plaintiff to serve amended reply. No opinion. Order filed.

Louis J. Scaramelli, appellant, vs. Tomaso Mero et al., respondents.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Long Acre Electric Co., respondent, vs. Jeremiah D. Maguire, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

In re E. Van Ketchum, respondent, vs. William A. Prendergast, Comptroller, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Nellie Gorman, respondent, vs. Minnie Pfeiffer, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and stay vacated. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

George H. D. Foster, appellant, vs. John C. Wait, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Same vs. same. Same vs. same.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Orders filed.

Otto Koehler and another, respondents, vs. Charles T. Wilson, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles B. Warner and another, respondents, vs. John A. Nelson, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Simeon Cohen, an infant, respondent, vs. Rose Katz, &c., appellant.—Order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Annie Steinhardt, as executrix, &c., appellant, vs. Peter De Lacey, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Clara E. M. Taylor, respondent, vs. James R. Taylor, known as J. Richard Taylor, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Lillian Russell, respondent, vs. Lee Shubert, individually, &c., appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John Golding, appellant, vs. Arthur Kuttneff, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Abraham H. Bonart, appellant, vs. Max Thorn, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Aaron Stavsky, respondent, vs. Morris J. Freedman and another, appellant.—Order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Tony Bruns.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Elias Diamond.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Peter Innonone.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Samuel Levy.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Augustus Margraf.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, unless appellant comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Michael Murray.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. Luigi Parmigiani.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

The People, &c., vs. John Wigger.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted. Order filed.

Thomas T. Sherman, individual, &c., vs. John A. Chanler et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, without costs. Order filed.

Grace Wilson vs. Herman A. Schmidt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

James W. Alexander vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Company.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Oscar Bluemner vs. Michael J. Garvin.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Henry Margolin vs. Hyman Margolin et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Cawley, Clark & Co. vs. Federal Varnish Company.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Clarence McMillan vs. Marlea Elliott.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Same vs. same.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Louisa B. White vs. Henry White.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Henry Beste et al., as trustees, &c., vs. Agnes M. Mulligan et al., infants, &c., impleaded, &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Central Trust Company of New York, as substituted trustee, vs. Jason R. Westerfield et al., impleaded, &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Ivory Chemical Company vs. American Druggists Syndicate.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

William Barnett vs. Leo Schwartzreich—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Moses Migel et al., as executors, vs. Heller, Hirsh & Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Gustave R. Tuska vs. Heller, Hirsh & Co. —Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

John Golding vs. Arthur Kuttreff.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Isaac S. Meyer et al. vs. Alfred H. Smith et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Irene M. Di Donato vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Jacob De Jong vs. B. G. Behrman Co. et al. —Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless appellant comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Adolph Streitfeld vs. Charles L. Levi et al. —Upon defendants paying within five days after decision of this motion the $10 costs awarded on the former motion to dismiss and $10 additional costs of this motion, the motion to dismiss appeal will be denied. If these costs are not paid within five days the motion will be granted and the appeal dismissed. Settle order on notice.

Queen of the Moulin Rouge Company vs. Hurtig & Seaman.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Guiseppe Cont et al. vs. People's Surety Co. of New York.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Rosie Gelb, an infant, &c., vs. Sabina Price. —Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

William H. Black vs. Siegely-Cooper Company.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

American Vaudeville Circuit vs. Chauncey Ponge.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

William Pratt et al. vs. James C. Dalzell—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Samuel Wilner vs. the State Bank.—Opplication denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Albert Fargeon vs. Indian Territory Illuminating Oil Company.—Motion for reargument and for leave to go to the Court of Appeals denied with $10 costs. Order resettled so that the judgment is reversed as against the defendant who appealed and not as as against the defendant who did not appeal. Settle order on notice.

Tony Manerio, as administrator, &c., vs. Adrian H. Joline et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

James A. Grant et al. vs. William C. Greene et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Seymour H. Ripin et al. vs. United States Woven Label Company.—Motion granted. Question to be certified on settlement of order. Settle order on notice.

Isabel R. Wallach et al. vs. Robert P. Pauwels et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Robert J. Mahoney vs. City of New York.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Nellie O'Gorman vs. Minnie Pfeiffer.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

William Knabe vs. Mabelle H. Dorland.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

James Wilson vs. Central Insurance Company, Limited.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Adolph Streitfeld vs. Charles L. Levi et al.—Motion to extend time denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Albert G. Lamport, as administrator, &c., vs. Mary C. Smedley.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Same vs. same.—Motion for stay denied, with $10 costs. Settle order on notice.

Matter of Nathan B. Chadsey, an attorney.—Motion granted. Settle order on notice.

Barney Goldner vs. International Ore Company.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Marshall A. Warren vs. Catherine Haverty.—Application granted. Order signed.

Blanche L. Loomis vs. Excelsior Savings Bank.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Henry Keyser vs. William L. Brower and Aetna Insurance Company.—Motion granted, without costs so far as to postpone the argument of this appeal to the 8th day of November, 1911.

In the matter of I. Morton Gottheim, an attorney.—Application granted. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of L. Morton Gottheim, an attorney.—Referred to official referee to take proof and report. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Irving C. Fox, &c., an attorney.—Reference ordered. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Pendleton, J. Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Chambers—O'Dwyer, C. J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J. Larken v. Sands—Algernon S Norton. Ives v. Cunahan —James Kearney. Kallman v. Kallman—Lyttleton Fox. Sinclair v. Sinclair—W S Kelley. Roberts v. Roberts—Frederick N Wattriss. Hunt's Point Estates v. Fieser Realy Co.—Gerald H. Gray. In re McCann—Sidney Harris. Marsh v. Kissam—Royal E T Riggs. Frick v. Ensner—Gerald H Gray.

SUPREME COURT—McCall, J. Robertson v. Meaney—William A. Keener.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Charles Buek Const Co v. I Fischel Const Co—Samson Lachman. Dooling v. Brook Av Const Co—Warren Leslie.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J. Samuel Kalenzky v. Jake Marem—Geraid Marrell. Met Tob Co v. Herman Wildman—George B Hayes.

POLICE TRANSFERS.

These are relieved from duty and placed on the pension roll:

Lieutenants—Robert R. Craig, 32d Precinct, at $1,125 per annum; appointed Feb. 15, 1889. William L. Brown, 81st Precinct, at $1,125 per annum; appointed Dec. 3, 1890. Francis J. Kavanagh, Traffic Precinct A, at $1,125 per annum; appointed Nov. 21, 1896.

Patrolmen—George Kohlman, 1st Precinct, at $550 per annum; appointed May 21, 1896. August Miller, 3d Precinct, at $525 per annum; appointed Dec. 3, 1896. Louis E. Olpp, 8th Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed Oct. 24, 1890. James T. Hynes, 29th Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed Nov. 3, 1887. Robert Powers, 36th Precinct, at $300 per annum; appointed Sept. 11, 1903. Asbury G. Porter, 153d Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed June 16, 1889. William J. Lynch, 164th Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed April 3, 1890. Frederick H. Wolfe, 165th Precinct, at $350 per annum; appointed Feb. 10, 1904. Charles A. Richards, 169th Precinct, at $600 per annum; appointed Aug. 14, 1894. Frank E. Buckley, 283d Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed June 1, 1891. John J. Undermark, 283d Precinct, at $700 per annum; appointed Aug. 1, 1895. Patrick F. Downes, Bridge Precinct A, at $620 per annum; appointed March 1, 1894. John K. McMahon, Bridge Precinct A, at $700 per annum; appointed May 22, 1890. John E. Scott, Bridge Precinct C, at $700 per annum; appointed June 10, 1891. George E. Carroll, Bridge Precinct C, at $650 per annum; appointed June 8, 1893.

APPOINTMENTS.

From Special Court Squad, Brooklyn, to Detective Bureau, and designated as Acting Detective Sergeants, Second Grade—Sergts. Albert Duffy, John F. Kennedy. Patrolmen Henry J. Walton, James R. Tynan, Patrick Solan, Robert Roy, John O. Regan, James McQuillan, Owen McCaffrey, James Mullins, John H. Mulreaney, Edward J. Galvin, John H. Fallon, William R. Cale, Gerald Byrnes, Patrick Battam, Joseph Oenhousen, Michael Ansbro, Gustav Van Duzee, John Sweeney, Neal Sullivan, John Martin, Michael Owens, Daniel McCarthy, James Muldoon, Joseph Murtha, Joseph King, James S. Dorney, Walter Conlon, Frank L. A. O'Connor, George Brennan, Thomas F. Balfe, William H. Allen.

TRANSFERS.

Lieut. Willet F. Barnes, C. O. Squad, to 31st Precinct. Patrolmen Michael Imbriale, C. O. Squad, to 28th Precinct; Maurice H. Gescheldt, 81st Precinct, to Telegraph Bureau; Edwin F. Wardel, Telegraph Bureau, to 165th Precinct. Doorman Joseph Malley, 150th Precinct to 26th Precinct.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

GEORGE HOFFMANN, plumber, of 720 Trinity Avenue, the Bronx, has filed a petition with liabilities, $23,894, and assets, $197.

CHARLES F. ALDRIDGE, lumber dealer, at Fishkill Landing, N. Y., has filed a petition with liabilities, $23,639, and assets, $10,115, consisting of stock, $2,000; accounts, $1,000; note, $165; horse, wagon, and auto, $450, and real estate, $6,500, mortgaged for $4,500. Judge Holt appointed Robert Wilkinson of Poughkeepsie receiver.

AARON STAVSKY.—A petition has been filed against Aaron Stavsky, doing business as the World Embroidery Company, manufacturer of embroidery at 68 Spring Street, by these creditors: A. G. Hyde & Sons, $460; York Manufacturing Co., $602, and J. E. Williams & Co., $92. The assets are estimated at $500.

LOUVRE REALTY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Louvre Realty Co. of 132 Nassau Street by these creditors: Union Trust Company, $1,114; New York Trust Co., $1,532, and Frederick C. Becker, $1,883, all on judgments. It is alleged that while insolvent it transferred various parcels of real estate and that the approximate value of the tangible assets left is less than $1,000.

JOSEPH BERLER.—A petition has been filed against Joseph Berler, manufacturer of furs, at 6 East Eighth Street, by these creditors: Jackson & Son, $183; J. Cohen & Sons, $169, and Hoffman Brothers, $210. Judge Holt appointed as receiver Abraham Cohen, who agreed to serve without compensation, as there are no assets in sight. It was stated that Mr. Berler disappeared some time ago, leaving no available assets, but leaving debts of over $6,000.

THEIL BROTHERS.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Theil Brothers, dealers in clothing and men's furnishing goods on the Bowery, show liabilities of $33,625 and no assets. The debts were contracted before they dissolved partnership. Joseph J. Theil, who was in business at 284 Bowery, has individual liabilities of $6,076 and assets of $10,859, consisting of stock, $10,029; fixtures, $800, and cash, $30. Samuel Theil, who was in business at 64 Bowery, has individual liabilities of $7,982 and assets of $8,623, consisting of stock, $7,491; fixtures, $500, and cash, $82. Among the creditors of the firm are Landau & Steinberg, $9,300; Jacob Greenberg & Son, $2,604; Phillips-Jones Company, $2,293, and F. Jackson & Son, $2,128.

Judgments.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Burdaken, Walter E.—E. A. Bertrem, $137.
Breen, Jeremiah—S. Pearson & Son, Inc., costs, $107.
Burlando, Emanuel, Mary C., (not summoned,) and Adelaide—Hudson Wood Working Co., $129.
Bushinkel, Nathan, et al.—C. E. Scofield, $423.
Chapelle, Mary, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Chamberlin, Willis H.—E. H. Beach, $123.
Constantine, Sam—M. Helfstein, $107.
Cohen, Louis, and Israel—M. Opolinsky et al., $141.
Carque, Antonio, et al.—W. H. Freedman, $178.
Dunne, Ellonora—A. B. Gardiner et al., $1,453.
Dick, Samuel, et al.—E. Greenfield's Sons, $132.
Dornheim, Fred C.—Hannis Distilling Co., $1,472.
Dreyfus, Jennie—J. Kempner et al., $132.
Eisenberg, Joseph M., et al.—H. Jacobs, $459.
Ellis, Melville—T. Kirkpatrick & Co., $312.
Eldridge, George D.—W. F. Martin, $2,220.
Fuchs, Sigmund—S. Desowitz, $140.
Frinberg, Davis, et al.—Vacuum Oil Co., $108.
Fruelsel, Emanuel, et al.—H. Jacobs, $459.
Flax, Isidor—J. Rowan, costs, $108.
Fuller, I. Ensign, et al.—Savoy Trust Co., $1,116.
Fcitelson, Max—S. Guttfreund, $106.
Clickman, Pincus, et al.—Security Bank of New York, $188.
Godward, William H.—J. Delahunty, $203.
Gatzick, Max, by guardian—H. Goldwater, costs, $118.
Gold, Hyman, et al.—E. Greenfield's Sons, $132.
Finkelstein, Herman—A. Sidman, $638.
Gillespie, Daniel—J. H. Donohue, $120.
Hays, Moses A.—Coon Bros., $362.
Hancock, Wm. H.—Monomoy Co., $492.
Hanson, David S.—George F. Wiemann Co., $107.
Harris, Bernard—M. B. Hofman, $367.
Hobbs, Ambrose D.—Chas. D. Durkee & Co., $186.
Hamilton, Wm. H.—G. Gottschall, $113.
Israel, Alfred D.—Richmond & Mott., Inc., $378.
Joseph, Morris, et al.—H. Jacobs, $459.
Huntley, Lucias A., adm.—N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Co., costs, $108.
Joline, Adrian H., et al., rec'rs—A. Kosasky, $534.
Klingener, Karl, (not summoned,) and William—K. J. Schmidt, $150.
Kopple, Louis, et al.—Security Bank of N. Y., $188.
Keller, Chas. E. and Emilie—M. Kraus, $194.
Kaplan, Harris and Ely—S. Hammer, $420.
Lokita, John, et al.—B. Nemets, $119.
Finkel, Joseph B.—Same, $119.
Lazarus, Henry—N. Y. Edison Co., $148.
Glatzenberg, Ernst, et al.—M. R. Huber, $214. Same—Same, $221.
Law or Lawe, Rx Alexander—E. M. Gattle & Co., $251.
Lowenhaupt, Walter J.—Borough Bill Posting Co., $186.
Levy, Ike—Marina Ice Co., $126.
Lewis, Lester H.—Baker, Voorhis & Co., $167.
Levy, Morris and Sarah—D. Mapes, Jr., $393.
Munro, Henrietta E.—Market and Fulton National Bank of New York, $2,643.
Marset, Anthony—America Press, $158.
Moore, William—M. Brennan, $2,656.
McShane, Charles E.—E. J. Evans, $268.
McDonald, Lewis W.—V. Barker, $186.
Nickisch, John H., et al.—Security Bank of New York, $191.
Nolte, Henrietta W—Material Men's Mercantile Association, Limited, $175.
Oomer, Herman, et al.—A. M. Krumm, $242.
Osmer, Herman, et al.—A. M. Kramer, $242.
Piazzo, Guise et al.—New York Edison Company, $182.
Petrono, Pasquale—S. Tobuss, $128.
Nieberg, Benjamin et al.—A. Pardi Tile Company, $596.
Reiner, John M. and Frida—E. C. Evans, $689.
Roberts, Andrew—Hannis Distilling Company, $516.
Razzio, Guiseppe, et al.—New York Edison Company, $182.
Rogozzini, Gennara, et al.—New York Edison Company, $182.
Romito, Harry and Florenteno et al.—W. H. Freedman, $178.
Stewart, Mary L.—M. Lane et al., $101.
Silverstein, Isidore—R. W. Pittman, $142.
Sedan, Franz—B. Crystal & Son, costs, $115.
Silver, Ike or Isaac—J. Schneider et al., $159.
Seldman, Louis—S. Wolf's Sons, $128.
Smith, Herman T.—M. Helfstein, $408.
Simon, Moses—Fattery Park National Bank of New York, $439.
Shannon, Patrick J.—Hannis Distilling Company, $1,090.
Sidawsky, Harry L.—A. A. Bernstein, $113.
Stinca, Amedeo, et al.—W. H. Freedman, $178.
Sloan, Samuel, et al.—C. E. Scofield, $423.
Tealis, Vincenzo, et al.—People, &c., $2,000.
Tealis, Vincenzo, et al.—People, &c., $2,000.
Tealis, Vincenzo, et al.—People, &c., $2,000.
Vaneaux, Leo, et al.—People, &c., $500.
William, Samuel J.—J. W. Crawford, $278.
Weissberger, Herman—K. Goldfischer, $631.
Wolf, Samuel D., administrator—A. Silverstein, $578.
Weissberger, Herman—N. Goldfischer, $150.
Weinstein, David & Joseph—L. Fishman, $320.
Taylor, Roy E.—N. Morris et al., $422.
Wendelken, Diederich—A. M. Krumm, $148.
Weaver, C. Raymond and Susan Q.—Myron C. Clark Publishing Company, $236.
Wagener, George, et al.—A. M. Krumm, $242.
Warshawsky, Harris—L. Eisenberg, $346.
Gretch, Fred, Manufacturing Company—H. Hohner, $1,001.
Edward Johnson Building Company et al. —Smyth Donegal Company, $1,150.
Snow, Howard V., et al.—Smyth Donegal Company, $1,150.
Shrimpton Manufacturing Company—Rheinisch Westfaelische Disconto Gessellschaft, $1,287.
Leverich Company—H. A. Sarle, $300.
Aetna Heating and Ventilating Company et al.—M. R. Huber, $214. Same—Same, $221.
Noisette Products Company—S. C. Welsh, $159.
Elmhurst Co-operative Company—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $232.
Coleman Transportation Company—N. Y. Edison Company, $258.
Le Compte Manufacturing Company—William J. Aschenbach's Sons Harness Company, costs, $117.
Elevator Supply and Retail Company—H. Coppers, $325.
Stevenson Construction Company—John C. Orr Company, $2,832.
Abraham Hurwitz Company—I. Fishman, $202.
Builders Marble Works et al.—Savoy Trust Company, $1,116.
C. N. & S. A. Construction Company et al.—A. Pardi Tile Company, $590.
V. Cardo & Sons Co.—Michael Cohen & Co., 423.
Monarch Standard Mica Mining Company—L. Eortheimer, $320.
Schapira Fur Company—H. Fielding, $1,003.
Sun Construction Company—M. Friedner et al., $259.
Baremore & Ryan, Inc.—W. J. Dargeo, Inc., $114.
North Side Iron Works et al.—Grossman Bros. & Rosenbaum, $425.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer,
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, October 18th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
25 shs. The Tobacco Leaf Publishing Co.
3 shs. N. Y. Produce Exchange Bank.
76 shs. Coplay Cement Manfg. Co. Prefd.
101 shs. Coplay Cement Manfg. Co. common.
725 shs. Standard Turpentine Co.
145,000 shs. New York & Virginia Copper Co.
$3,000 Judge Company Purchase money Mtge. Gold Bds., Decr., 1908, Coupons on $300 Class A, $2,700 Class B.
BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATRIX.
$212.30 Unpaid balance on Deposit in Lafayette Trust Co.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
5 shs. People's Natl. Bank of Brooklyn.
1 Free Right N. Y. Society Library.
1,000 shs. El Triumfo Consolidated Mining Co.
$5,000 Metropolitan Street Rway. Refunding 4 p. c. Certfs., Stamped.
$5,000 Metropolitan Street Rway. Refunding 4 p. c. Ctfs., Unstamped.
100 shs. United States Reduction & Refining Co. common.
100 shs. Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelters Corpn.
10 shs. Broadway Trust Co.
69 426-1,000 shs. Ann Arbor Railroad Co. Prefd.
50 663-1,000 shs. Ann Arbor Railroad Co. common.
155 162-1,000 shs. Ann Arbor Railroad Co. Prefd.
113 249-1,000 shs. Ann Arbor Railroad Co. common.
$25,725.92 Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railway Co. 4½ p. c. Consld. Gold Mtge. Bonds, Feby., 1908, Coupons attached.
$27,000 Second Mtge., part due on premises, 127 to 131 West 25th Street, N. Y., reduced by payment to $24,575, interest 6 p. c. from June 12th, 1911.
$20,000 Third Mtge. on same premises, Interest 6 p. c. from June 12th, 1911, due April 1, 1914.
$5,000 Fourth Mtge. on premises, 131 West 25th Street, Interest 6 p. c., from June 12th, 1911.

SPECIAL PEREMPTORY AUCTION SALE!
Without Limit or Reserve.
$50,000.00 STOCK
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Wearing Apparel
FANCY FURS, FUR GARMENTS.
DAVID W. BIOW & CO.
Will sell on Monday, Oct. 16th, 1911 10:30 A.M., at their Salesroom;
13-15 LISPENARD ST., NEW YORK
Large, High-class Stock, consisting of 10,000 Long Coats for Ladies, Misses, and Children, in Caraculs, Plushes, Broadcloths, Thibets, Bearskins, Fancy Cheviots, and Plaid Backs; 5,000 Ladies' Coat Suits and Dresses, 2,500 Taffeta Petticoats, 2,000 doz. Shirt Waists in Taffetas, Sateens, Flannels, and Lingeries; 1,500 dozen Ladies' All Wool Coat Sweaters, 5,000 Ladies' Skirts in Voile, Panama, Broadcloth; 1,500 Ladies' Fur Sets in Mink, Red Fox, Brown and Black Coney, Blue Wolf, Goat, Caracul; 400 Men's and Ladies' Fur and Fur Lined Coats in Caracul, Pony, Muskrat, Alaska Seal, etc. This sale constitutes one of finest offerings of the season and merits attendance by the trade in general. Telephone 2436-2437 Franklin.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—While pressure has fallen generally over the interior of the country its relative distribution has changed but little during the last 24 hours, except in the extreme British northwest, which is covered by a well defined disturbance, accompanied by rain in the North Pacific States. The trough of moderately low pressure that was over the plains States Wednesday night has moved slightlity to the Eastward, carrying with it the rain area to the Upper Mississippi Valley, although rains also continued in the eastern portions of the plains States. Over the remainder of the country the weather was fair. In the Middle Atlantic States and New England, fair weather Saturday will probably be followed Sunday by somewhat unsettled conditions and local rains. In the South Atlantic States the weather will be generally fair Saturday and Sunday, while in the East Gulf States occasional local rains are probable. Over the west portion of the country the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday, except in the extreme northwest, where there will be rain. Temperature changes will not be decided except in the extreme northwest, where it will be cooler Sunday.

The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate northwest, becoming variable. Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate northwest, becoming variable; South Atlantic Coast and East Gulf Coast, light to moderate, mostly northeast.

Steamers departing Saturday for European ports will have light to moderate northeast to east winds, with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and cool Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness, probably local rains; slightly warmer; light to moderate north winds, becoming variable.

New England—Fair, continued cool Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness, probably local rains by night in west portion; moderate northwest to north winds, becoming variable.

Delaware, New Jersey—Fair and cool Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness; light north to east winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	42	52	4 P. M.	55	64
6 A. M.	42	46	6 P. M.	54	59
9 A. M.	47	47	9 P. M.	53	53
12 M.	50	54	12 P. M.	52	50

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 54½ for the corresponding date last year it was 48; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 57.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 47; at 8 P. M. it was 55. Maximum temperature, 63 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 46 degrees at 5:10 A. M. Humidity, 61 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 38 per cent. at 8 P. M.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Get out your hunting togs and get down in Maine.

Go by the Fall River Line—lots more comfortable to travel that way.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.

Fare to Boston.....$4

City Ticket Office-171 B'way-Phone 5121 Cort.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO'S

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

"The Popular Searchlight Route."

PEOPLES LINE To Albany — Str. C. W. Morse and Adirondack, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; W. 129th St., 6:45 P. M. daily (Sunday excepted). Observation and Palm Room a new feature.

CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy — New Str. Trojan and Rensselaer, Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted), West 129th St., 6:45 P. M. (Sundays only). Stops at Albany in both directions.

ROUND TRIP $2.50

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
REDUCED RATES.

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50

PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 1.60
FALL RIVER, Via Boat and Rail... 1.85
Weekdays and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N.R., foot West Houston St. Berths free. ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE. 'phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Steamers leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. 8

JOY LINE 240 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY

Round Trip, $1.50. Good 30 Days. Strs. lv. ft. W. Houston St., 5:30 P.M.; W. 129th St., 6 P. M. daily; stop Columbia St., (Union Sta.) Albany; south bound, stop ft. W. 131st St., N. Y. 9226 Spring.

BY SEA TO MAINE

The Most Charming
Short Sea Trip on the Atlantic Coast.
Sailings from New Pier 20, East River, New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 5 P. M. For full information apply to MAINE S. S. CO., 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IDEAL TOURS To BERMUDA — Special Outings, 4 to 12 days, $12.50 up. All Expenses, transportation, hotels, carriage & steamer trips, etc., included. From New York Oct. 18, 21, 28. Nov. 1, 4, 8, 15, 18. Send for illustrated folder. MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton, Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE

FASTEST GERMAN STEAMSHIP,
SAILS TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17th, 10 A. M.

GEORGE WASHINGTON

LARGEST GERMAN STEAMER.
SAILS THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19th, 10 A. M.

TO THE MEDITERRANEAN

S. S. BERLIN

ONE OF THE FINEST OF OUR MEDITERRANEAN FLEET.
SAILS SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21st, 11 A. M.

North German Lloyd

Tuesday Sailings, 10 A. M. Later Sailings—LONDON, PARIS, BREMEN Thursday Sailings, 10 A. M.

Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse..Oct. 24 Friedrich der Grosse.....*Oct. 26
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....Oct. 31 Grosser Kurfuerst.....Nov. 2
*Bremen Direct.

SATURDAY SAILINGS, 11 A. M.

Mediterranean Prinzess Irene (omits Algiers) Nov. 18. Berlin, Dec. 9

BALTIMORE—BREMEN DIRECT WEDNESDAYS Around the World $618
One Class (II Cabin) Passengers

OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, New York

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

AROUND THE WORLD CRUISE
S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.) SAILS OCT. 21, 10 A. M.
Will have accommodations for limited number of passengers to MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR and VILLEFRANCHE (Riviera.)

CRUISES DE LUXE

To the West Indies

Five Delightful Cruises to the West Indies, Panama Canal, Venezuela and Bermuda. Leaving New York by the Palatial Twin Screw Steamers

"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 28 days Jan. 23, Feb. 24, 1912.... $150 and up
"Hamburg" (11,000 tons). 21 days Feb. 10, Mch. 7, 1912.... $125 and up
"Moltke" (12,500 tons). 16 days Mch. 26, 1912..... $85 and up

Every Luxury of Travel.
Every Refinement of Service Insured.
*Also Cruises

Lost

$0c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Ladies' gold watch, double case, monogram "L. B.," ribbon fob, silver medal, lost Saturday afternoon, Oct. 7, Broadway and 77th to Amsterdam Av. car to Macy's; liberal reward. Return to Smith, 2,100 Broadway.

LOST.—In Hotel Knickerbocker, six diamond rings, one diamond pin, in ribbon bag; also purse with sum of money. Liberal reward for their return. Apply Cashier, Hotel Knickerbocker.

LOST.—Typewritten manuscript of the third act of "The Wife Decides," by Thomas McKean. Reward of $50 for return of same to Mr. Wallace to Longacre Hotel, New York City.

LOST—In Subway or trolley, between Yonkers and 125th St., Lenox, gold brooch, 1½ inches long by ½ inch wide; diamond hung in centre of ring; reward. G 201 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Thursday afternoon, Oct. 12, on East 34th St., near 5th Av., or near East 39th St. and 5th Av., a platinum and diamond brooch. Reward for return to 51 West 75th St.

LOST.—Large diamond horseshoe brooch pin, Oct. 12, between 12 and 3 P. M., between 35th and 39th Sts. Finder please return to Hotel Collingwood. Liberal reward.

LOST—A lady's diamond ring, Tiffany setting, between 7 A. M. and 1 P. M., Wednesday; liberal reward. Charles Zenker, 188 West 4th St., or 664 East 160th St.

LOST—Silver picture case, about 2 by 2½ inches; initials, "C. W. F." front, "C. C. W. F." back; reward. Room 1,472 50 Church.

LOST—On 9th Av. "L" train, between 104th and 34th Sts., a gold watch; initials "A. F."; reward. 813 Amsterdam Av., tailor.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

$0c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—54th St. and 5th Av., brindle bull terrier; lame, right fore leg. Return 30 West 54th St. Reward.

Found

$0c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Oct. 13.—POLICE DEPARTMENT, 240 Centre St. Two bunches of keys, scarf, 2 umbrellas, suitcase and contents, a sum of money, citizen's papers. Property found in street.

FOUND, Oct. 11 and 12.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO., (Hudson Tubes.) Apply 137 Christopher St.—Money, savings bank, 14th St. store; screwdriver, table cover, auto license signs, spectacles, eyeglasses, match holder, purse, nightshirt, suitcase, bone, gloves, three books, seven umbrellas.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Two umbrellas, package.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Umbrella, music roll, overcoat, coat, pair gloves, hat, bicycle tire, book.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Suit case, 3 umbrellas, cane.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, package, suit case, handbag, 2 packages.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Two packages, umbrella, brush, book, purse, lady's umbrella, bundle, umbrella, bunch of keys, package, telescope. Oct. 13: Dress suit case, 2 packages, lunch box, umbrella, handbag.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, pocketbook, sweater, can tobacco, package containing dress, 2 umbrellas, book, rain coat, package, piece of pipe, dress suit case, cup, shirtwaist, can of glue, bathing suit.

FOUND, Oct. 12.—New PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Two suits of pajamas, 8 nightshirts, umbrella, overcoat, glasses, brush and comb, ring, wallet, 2 umbrellas, book, cane, derby hat, pipe, cup, lady's coat. LONG ISLAND DIVISION: Pair gloves, umbrella, coat, eyeglasses, can, coat, watch fob.

Business Opportunities

$0c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

$2,000 will secure an important executive position and a large interest in a manufacturing concern doing a good business; reasons for selling are that the present owner cannot give personal attention on account of professional duties; no triflers or promoters; good opportunity for right party. E 78 Times.

WANTED—A MAN TO FURNISH WORKING CAPITAL AND TO TAKE AN INTEREST IN A BITUMINOUS COAL MINE; COAL OF SUPERIOR QUALITY; DAILY OUTPUT FIVE HUNDRED TONS; MINE LOCATED IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA. ADDRESS X 79 TIMES.

Well established waist and dress manufacturer can supply business for 200 machines, but lacks capital; would like to communicate with party who can finance same or thereabouts; good opportunity for right party. X 255 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (23) wishes position where he can show his ability, with the idea, if he should prove satisfactory, would be willing to invest from $5,000 to $10,000 within a year's time; must stand strict investigation. X 87 Times.

A refined, educated gentleman with capital of from $1,000 to $5,000 can join an enterprise in which he can hold a position of trust and be well remunerated for his services; references exchanged. Duty, Box 221 Times Downtown.

FOR CAPITALISTS OR CORPORATIONS. To sell some of the most profitable high-class hotels in Algeria, the land of the future; further particulars through Mr. C. Swoboda, manager of the Excelsior Hotel in Algiers.

Young man, $1,000 cash, desires purchase whole or part established manufacturing business; services. C 259 Times Downtown.

A remarkable opportunity to invest in the publishing business with unusual profit. Address E 68 Times.

Active man with $10,000 for well-established wholesale thread business. W. B., 317 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

$0c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Mercantile collections everywhere; no collection, no charge. National Collection Co., 198 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

5TH AV. AT 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS AS FLOOR MESSENGERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT

CHAMBERMAID.—Experienced in handling fine wares; verbal references required; liberal wages; 45 minutes from city. 'Phone to 73 Mamaroneck.

LADY'S MAID.—35; French; experienced, including manicuring; verbal references required; liberal wages; 45 minutes from New York. 'Phone to 73 Mamaroneck.

LADY of ability who is obliged to earn her living to take up refined work introducing new corset, also abdominal and hip confiner. Carlonso, 1 West 34th St.

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO. offers a desirable position to a young woman familiar with the designing of embroidery fancy work, also lacemaking, and capable of writing on these subjects. Apply by letter, stating experience, to L. D., Butterick Building, New York.

YOUNG WOMAN, ambitious, intelligent, for book and stationery store; references required. Apply by letter to Godfrey A. S. Wieners, Broadway and 82d St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT for high-class apartment house; one who is intelligent, possessing both mechanical and executive ability; only those who have had previous experience need apply; wages to start, $40 a month; good chance for advancement. Address Box 618 Times.

BOY wanted, about 17 years of age, to card and mark stock in office of manufacturing concern; must be good penman; answer in own handwriting. Address P. O. Box 2,127, New York City.

LESSONS wanted in English and algebra; state knowledge, experience, and price. C 278 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, about 20, stenographer and to assist on books; good penman absolutely necessary; salary $12 to start. Answer, in own handwriting, giving age, experience, references, and religion, box S 60 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

SALESMAN.—A few good men who can show first-class sales record; chance to break into the automobile game; successful piano salesman, well adapted to the work. Please reply stating experience. E 52 TIMES.

SALESMAN for Benco sidewalk advertiser. Broadway Electrical Novelty Co., 1421 Broadway, near Canal St.

SUGAR REFINER CAPABLE OF HANDLING LARGE REFINERY TURNING OUT ALL GRADES; ONLY A HIGH-GRADE MAN WANTED; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED TO REFINERY, D 116 TIMES.

VARNISH SALESMAN to handle our extensive line among the trade; must have executive ability. Michael McNamara Varnish Works, 254 Pearl St.

WANTED.—Tinsmiths, sheet metal workers on automobile bodies, hoods, fenders, dashers, tanks, &c.; good wages; steady employment. Apply by letter, giving account of past experience and references. Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Company, Employment Department, Tarrytown, N. Y.

WANTED—Young man of good appearance and address, preferably one with mechanical training, to assist in the selling force. We prefer that application be made in writing. The Meyer-Sniffen Company, 11 West 36th St.

YOUNG man, about 18, for assistant to clerks in store; stenographer, good penman; neat and of good appearance; salary $6 to start; early increase when acquainted with business. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, references, religion, box E 62 Times.

YOUNG MAN WANTED, high school graduate with good appearance, in advertising department of large concern; salary, $5 to start; exceptional opportunity. Call Room 357, (annex.) 100 William St., New York City.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A VISITING SECRETARY will open and close houses, engage and install servants; shop guide or other commissions; moderate charges; credentials. E 24 Times.

COMPANION, &c.—Capable trained nurse desires position as traveling companion; will superintend housekeeping; country, city. X 91 Times.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER desires evening work for a reputable business man; clerical work preferred. H 201 Times Downtown.

COMPETENT dressmaker; makes and remodels; children's a specialty; home preferred. Alice, 126 East 12th St.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, having spare time where employed, would like to communicate with firm who could make use of her services. A. H., 280 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.—Lady wishes a position for her English governess, who has lived in the family many years and leaves because her pupil has gone to boarding school; teaches English branches, French and Latin, or would act as private secretary. Address Mrs. W., Box 721 Babylon, L. I.

GOVERNESS, German, (Hanoverian,) 25 years old, speaking English well and perfect German, desires position; excellent references. M. B., E 81 Times.

LADY familiar with Europe, galleries, shops, &c., speaking four languages, seeks engagement as chaperon to one or two ladies, young girl, or family; references. E 75 Times.

LAUNDRESS, first-class, daily or monthly; sleep home; shirts, collars; references. 304 East 75th St.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER by a young lady of exceptional ability; preferably in household of motherless children, where help is kept; clever, educated, refined, resourceful; highest character. Address "Satisfactory References," 852 Columbus Av., (advertising office.)

SHAMPOO, scalp treatment, face massage, and manicuring given in lady's home by young Norwegian lady; doctor's reference; moderate. E 77 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Seven years experience; very rapid, accurate, intelligent; familiar with all details office routine; highest references; $15. C 272 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; educated, accurate, rapid, high-class experience; $12. S. B., 62 East 120th St.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, educated; handles correspondence; references; $15. Times, 510 West 176th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Real estate experience; seeks position with good concern. H. L., Box E 70 Times.

TYPEWRITTEN matter of all kinds neatly done at reasonable prices; dictation evenings. Apartment 317, 100 Cathedral Parkway. 'Phone 3970 Riverside.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANCY.

Young man desirous of entering accountant's office or auditing department of first-class house, with view of acquiring thorough knowledge of accountancy; has experience in large counting room; progressive salary; willing, industrious, honest. E 63 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2239 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up; makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened and written up; systems; monthly audits, $5 upward. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 723. 'Phone Worth 1393.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, permanently employed, desires change; corporation or firm; highest references. C 264 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, qualified, submits very reasonable estimates. Public Accountant, 234 West 21st St. Tel. 1182 Chelsea.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, adjusted, balanced, and written up; systems installed; terms moderate. E 58 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor; expert; books opened, posted, closed, and systematized; moderate terms. E 44 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant, writes up books, regular intervals, moderate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; 18; two years' experience; well recommended. 105 West 141st St., Apartment 1.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, (23;) 2 years' experience; does own repairing; temperate; references. E 47 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL YOUNG MAN, with good education and thorough business training, desires position as correspondent or chief clerk in office of manufacturing concern; thoroughly experienced in administrative and detail branches of business; qualified for assistant to general or sales manager, or purchasing agent. Efficient, E 67 Times.

GENTLEMAN, 28 years of age, at present in entire charge of establishment employing 150 men, would like to secure position in South America or Hawaii or other undeveloped country; present salary $2,500 per annum; wide range of experience in business, also in plantation management; highest references exchanged; possibly be willing to invest $1,500 or $2,000 in high-class, legitimate proposition. Address X 81 Times.

GIVE ME an interview before making new arrangements; young man, 27, wants to change from law to business. C 285 Times Downtown.

J. H. P. BROWN, MASSEUR.—Clientele solicited requiring skill; highest city medical indorsation. Telephone 9039 Schuyler.

SALESMAN.—Porto Rico and West Indies experienced salesman, speaking Spanish, who has traveled this ground, desires position with good house. C 284 Times Downtown.

THIRTEEN years' actual experience as editor and compiler of the American Newspaper Directory, (formerly Rowell's;) two and one-half years as assistant to business manager on big metropolitan daily (now employed as such;) college education; thorough knowledge of American and foreign advertising and business fields, intimate practical knowledge of modern business methods, are offered for a responsible position with a high-class newspaper or other concern; unquestionable references. Address E 69 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 55c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av.—Tel. 8875 Madison—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

COMPETENT parlor maids, ladys' maids, chambermaids, laundresses, cooks, useful men, and married couples. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224—Plaza.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP, all trades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1538—Riverside.

COOKS.—Several good Swedish cooks; neat, competent, reliable; good references; $30 to $40. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Tel. 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

7TH AV., 2,055, 123d.—Single, double, nicely furnished rooms; home table; well-kept house.

13TH, 133 WEST.—Elegant, comfortable rooms, singly or en suite; running water, heat; best family board; telephone; special rates couple, friends; refined neighborhood.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large room; newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large rooms, suitable for two and three, $5, $6 each, with excellent board; telephone.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Large double room for two; excellent board; $7 each.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.

Very pleasant, small room; telephone; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

57TH ST., 432 WEST.—Large, small, well heated, electric lights; excellent board; telephone; table guests.

57TH, 337 WEST.—Large, small rooms; first-class table and service. Telephone 2104 Col.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms; private baths; electric light; superior table.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

69TH ST., 63 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, steam-heated rooms; electric lights; dressing rooms; private baths; reasonable; references. Phone 7459—Columbus.

70TH ST., 80 WEST.—Rooms, en suite or separately; board optional; refined home.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms, suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; sunny; private bath; refined surroundings; table board; reference.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; French chef cooking; table guests accommodated.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double rooms; private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table board; telephone.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; parlor dining room; reference.

76TH ST., 151-158 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; high grade.

80TH ST., 121 WEST.—Parlor floor, three rooms, bath; handsomely furnished; newly decorated; suitable physician.

80TH ST., 121-123 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished, large and small, sunny rooms, with private bath; excellent table; quiet, select.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Gorgeous room and closets; electricity; telephone; generous table; homelike; very reasonable.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Second story front; southern exposure, bay window, with park view; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny rooms; excellent home table; apartment; elevator service; convenient to Subway and "L"; references. V. & R.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Large double room, most delightful neighborhood; Southern cooking; table guests.

81ST, 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class rooms and board; table guests.

82D ST., 50, 52 WEST.—Large room, bath; double room, bath adjoining; 'phone Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Large, small rooms; high-class house; table guests accommodated; references exchanged.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate gentleman or couple; exclusive, refined home; access surface, Subway, elevated; references exchanged.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, warm, sunny rooms, handsomely furnished; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; parlor dining; telephone; reasonable.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Strictly private family; sunny, front room; river view; elevator. Gaston.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent table; refined home; boarding house eliminated; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 (WEST END AV.)—Rooms; room, private bath; table guests; references.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; excellent table board. 'Phone Morningside—8136.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

120TH—477 MANHATTAN AV.—Hall rooms, with board, $6; large front also; German cooking.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Attractive front, modern room; telephone, electricity, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Kerker.

122D, 540 WEST.—Choice, outside, sunny rooms; corner; elevator; phone; board optional. Apartment 51.

123D ST., 148 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; excellent table; home cooking; telephone; reference; table guests.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms to rent, with board; references required.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Large front room for two gentlemen; good table; American family; telephone.

137TH, 602 WEST.—Broadway Subway; large, beautiful front room; private family; German cooking. Kissin.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, bath adjoining; steam heat; telephone; Subway; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike appommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

149TH ST., 558 WEST.—Private house; homelike accommodation; beautiful room; Hungarian cooking; table guests.

157 Subway, west.—Outside room; elevator apartment; suitable for two; reasonable. 'Phone 203 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE.
258-260 West 44th St.

Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (northwest corner Washington Square.)—Large, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat; excellent table; homelike surroundings; reasonable rates.

WEST END AV., 828, (100th.)—Attractive rooms; private, modern house; home cooking; table guests.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

11TH ST., 26 EAST.—Handsome furnished room, running water; newly decorated; superior table; adjoining 5th Av.

15TH ST., 210 EAST.—Large and small rooms, private bath, telephone; table guests accommodated; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; reference; telephone.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Large, small rooms; parlor dining; table guests accommodated; fine table; 'phone.

49TH ST., 9 EAST.—Two large rooms, with board; one with private bath; references.

63D, 23 EAST, also 694-696 Madison Av.—Fine rooms, second floor; Autumn transients accommodated; single rooms; excellent table; parlor dining.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath, or separate; elevator; steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

1—IRVING PLACE, 53, Gramercy Park District.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive to those desiring quiet, well-ordered house; breakfasts served in rooms; references.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable dentist or physician; excellent table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 436.—Couple wishing refined home can have large third floor alcove room; large closets; reference.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOARD wanted, middle-aged couple; one or two rooms, front, not over one flight up, with bath, in private family, where they can enjoy all the comforts of home; location between 5th and 8th Avs., 34th and 110th Sts. C 215 Times Downtown.

BOARD and room wanted in first-class boarding house; must be handy to elevated; west side. 'Phone Saturday morning, 6 Cortlandt. H. A. Wallace.

IMMEDIATELY, by gentleman for Winter, wife part Winter, in refined home below 59th St.; $16 and $18. E 72 Times.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

YOUNG AMERICAN COUPLE, with large, attractive home in choice residential section Plainfield, N. J., would receive couple accustomed to well-appointed home to board; near station; three-quarters of an hour from New York. X 94 Times.

Good Home with private family for two elderly ladies; month or year; fine location, "On the Hudson," 35 minutes from Grand Central; steam heat, telephone, all conveniences; $7.50 to $10. Address H., 163 East 125th.

Sanitarium, 119 West Penn St., Germantown, (Philadelphia.)—Bright, cheerful rooms, suitable for invalids, convalescent or elderly persons, or invalid with nurse.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike, log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9TH.)—Refined surroundings; nice, medium-sized and small rooms; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for men; every comfort; electric light; references.

12TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable rooms; select neighborhood; heat, running water, telephone; board if desired.

12TH, 61 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room; hot, cold water; adjoining bath; other rooms.

12TH ST., 112 WEST.—Small room for gentleman; private house; reference.

16TH, 131 WEST.—Heated housekeeping rooms; front; three people; running water; bathroom floor; $7.

21ST ST., 156 WEST.—Large front room; running water, heat, piano, 'phone; also small rooms.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor floor or part; running water; ample closets; telephone.

22D ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful large front room; every convenience; southern exposure.

23D ST., 316 WEST.—Clean, comfortable; hot, cold running water; porcelain baths; steam; telephone; references.

24TH ST., 442 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, heated, bath; private family; gentlemen; $2.50 weekly; references.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One large room, with all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

38TH ST., 51 WEST, (5th, 6th Av.)—Rooms, $3 up; bachelor suites; piano; doctor's office.

45TH ST., 56 WEST.—Bachelor quarters; two locations; 45th and 51st Sts.; artistically furnished; private baths; private bells; electricity; telephone; surroundings unequaled elsewhere; $10 up.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Large, small attractive, comfortable rooms; private baths; running water; reference; gentlemen.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; all conveniences; for gentlemen.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—FOR GENTLEMEN; REFERENCES.

52D ST., 43 WEST.—High-class, handsomely furnished; all conveniences; $5 and $10 weekly.

52D ST., 234 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences. Phone 6304 Col.

55TH ST., 15 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electric lights; steam heat; board optional.

57TH, 432 WEST.—Large parlors; parquet floors, electric lights, running water, hot, cold, telephone; suitable physician, dentist, or studio; maid service.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large and small rooms; bath, telephone; parlor, with piano; all conveniences.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Unusually desirable room, near bath, attractively furnished; all improvements; reasonable.

64TH ST., 134 WEST.—Attractive house, large rooms, suitable for two; $5, $6; improvements.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—In beautifully furnished, private house; sunny room, adjoining bath; for gentleman seeking quiet, exclusive home; electricity; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 146 WEST.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms; baths; closets; private house; permanent; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath, steam heat; private house; gentleman only; references.

70TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large front room in private house for gentleman; references.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Doctor's office; laboratory extension; electricity; also large room, with board; gentlemen preferred; references required.

71ST ST., 106 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, gentlemen only; private family; convenient to Subway, elevated road, all surface cars; board optional.

71ST ST., 119 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, running water, reception room, telephone; Subway handy. Hart.

71ST, 119 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, running water; reception room; telephone; subway handy.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Large front rooms, suite, private bath; $4.50 up; gentlemen. Columbus, 2,317.

71ST ST. 70 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room for gentleman; private house.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Pleasant room in private house; all modern conveniences; near Subway, "L," express; gentlemen only; references.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Beautiful front room, southern exposure; hall room; private house; references.

73D, 166 WEST.—Attractive large and single rooms, baths; southern exposure; Subway and L.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large second-story front room, medium sized, back; reasonable; telephone; reference.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished large rooms; running water; bath; telephone.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; electric light; also hall room; reference.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large second-story front room; every convenience; electric lights, telephone; reference.

77TH ST, 111 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; southern exposure; also small room; conveniences, references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story room and bath; southern exposure; well furnished private house.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Desirable large and single rooms; bath adjoining; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

78TH, 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms, all improvements; private family, homelike; board if desired; Subway.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms in attractive private house; breakfast optional; references; telephone.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; large, handsome room; quiet, refined home; convenient Subway; elevated; references.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished front room, with private bath; telephone; private house.

80TH ST., 167 WEST.—Large; all conveniences; private family; no other roomers; gentlemen. Kilgore.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Desirable large room, newly decorated; southern exposure; well-heated private house.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Large, front room; adjoining bath; $8; board optional; convenient car lines.

82D, 327 WEST.—Private house; square, third floor; two windows; shower; telephone; gentlemen. Campbell.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Newly furnished throughout; large and small; private bath; conveniences; all cars.

83D, 127 WEST.—Delightful, large front room; also medium; southern exposure; refined surroundings; moderate.

84TH, 128 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive parlor, adjoining bedroom; suitable two, three gentlemen, married couple; also single rooms; running water. Croft.

84TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive, large, and medium sunny rooms; select private house; references; reasonable.

84TH, 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water select house; private family; board optional. Petersen.

84TH, 111 WEST.—Large, comfortable furnished single light room, adjoining bath; $3.50; gentlemen. Anderson.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Fine large rooms; all conveniences; Subway, "L"; superior table board near.

88TH ST., 103 WEST.—Private family will let sunny, well-appointed parlor, alcove; independent entrance; steam, bath, telephone. Subway, elevated; references. Grossman.

88TH ST., 183 WEST.—Attractive single room, private house; convenient location; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

88TH, 200 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room; tile bath second floor; subway; $4. Hawkes.

91ST ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely decorated and furnished rooms; shower baths; select private house; references.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; clean, quiet, select house; every convenience; telephone.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—South room, alcove, running water, newly furnished; minute "L." Telephone 1900 Riverside.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Front parlor, also small room, private family; all conveniences; near "L." Smith.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished, well kept; convenient "L"; telephone. Higham.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Homelike, attractive room, good location; Subway, "L" expresses; breakfast optional. Muir.

96TH, 111 WEST.—Large bedroom; all conveniences; subway, "L"; $2.50. Bannigan.

97TH, 47 WEST.—Private family, two adults, offers three, four high-class rooms, gentlemen or business couples, who appreciate artistic, quiet, well-kept home; will rent singly; telephone.

97TH ST., west of Broadway.—Exceptionally select room, high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience. Telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1 B.

98TH ST., 247 WEST.—Desirable medium-sized room; telephone; breakfast optional.

100TH ST., 233 WEST.—Private residence, attractive single rooms; electricity; lavatories, adjoining bath. 1067-J-River.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

103D ST., 216, (Corner Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished spacious outside room; suitable one, two; moderate. Borsodi.

107TH, 220 WEST.—In modern elevator apartment; large outside room; southern exposure; exceptionally well furnished; private family; references; moderate. Apartment 35.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, attractive, front room, $8; closets; elevator; board optional; references. White.

111TH ST., 610 WEST.—Nice front room, lavatory attached; subway; Riverside; reasonable. Apartment 52.

112TH ST., 511 WEST (near Broadway.)—Sunny, electricity, elevator; business woman preferred. 3,583 Morningside Av. Mrs. Clark.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Attractive single, double rooms; thoroughly clean; elevator; 'phone; 110th Subway. Wells.

113TH ST., 408 WEST.—Young business woman or student can find a pleasant room in small, quiet family; breakfast if desired; references. Brown.

117TH ST., 435 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; single room; southern exposure.

118TH ST., 421 WEST—Apartment 41.—Private family; light room; $4; permanent; business gentleman preferred.

417 WEST 118TH ST.

Newly furnished rooms; elevator; references. Fort.

418 WEST 118TH; BOUGHTON.

Two adjoining rooms; independent entrance; elevator.

119TH, 450 Manhattan Av.—Parlor bedroom; steam heat, bath; kitchen privilege; couple, gentlemen. Sloane.

120TH ST., 417 WEST. (Near Columbia.)—Two exceptional, light, outside rooms; singly, connecting; elevator; references.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive rooms; front; newly decorated; scrupulously clean; elevator; telephone; references. Townsend.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms, private baths, showers; elevator apartment; kitchen privileges. Carter.

122D 509 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, in private apartment; elevator, telephone; meals optional. Howell.

122D ST., 520 WEST.—Dainty, scrupulously clean room, $4.25; elevator; refined women preferred. Tessier.

123D ST., 547 WEST.—Single, large, double rooms; kitchen; $3-$5 week; elevator apartment. Rose.

123D ST., 543 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; heat, light, closet; near Subway; $3.00. Miller.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, with dressing room; bath adjoining; select house.

600 WEST 127TH ST.

Sunny front room. Morningside 2429. Apt. 8.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Two-room suite, private bath; facing river; large room, twin beds; adjoining shower bath; meal accommodation. Pierson.

137TH ST., 249 WEST. Well-furnished large rooms; every convenience; attractive neighborhood; German guests appreciated.

141ST ST., 529 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large suite; also small room; southern exposure; every convenience.

149TH ST., 568 WEST.—Newly furnished, with or without board; steam, elevator, telephone; homelike. Hayes.

BROADWAY at 161st St., (Windsor Court.)—Comfortable room; elev

FACTORY FIRETRAPS FOUND BY HUNDREDS

Chief Kenlon Has a List of "Several Hundred" Where Thousands of Lives Are in Peril.

NO ACTION ON HIS REPORTS

Authorities Have No Power to Enforce the Law—Cases 7 Years in Court —Commission's Inquiry Adjourns.

There are hundreds of factories in New York City where another such fire may occur as the one that occurred in the Triangle Shirtwaist Factory and cost 143 lives, according to the testimony of Fire Chief John Kenlon at the hearing of the State Factory Investigating Commission at the City Hall yesterday. Thousands of employes in these factories are in constant danger, the Chief declared, and but for fear of throwing them into a panic he would make public the addresses of each and all the firetraps his investigators have discovered. He volunteered, however, to give the addresses—numbering between 200 and 300—to the commission privately.

The Fire Chief declared that the investigation was entirely voluntary and gratuitous on the part of himself and his men, and though each case of violations of law had been reported by him to the various State and City Departments having authority, no remedial action, so far as he knows, has been taken by them, nor have his communications reporting the violations been even so much as acknowledged.

Supt. Rudolph Miller of the Bureau of Buildings in Manhattan declared that his department had no means of knowing beforehand the number of occupants of buildings whose plans it approves, or the adequacy of fire escapes to accommodate them. No inspection is made of the finished buildings by his bureau, he said, except on complaints.

"At present we can order additional exits put in," he said, "but have no power to enforce the order except by civil suit to procure the penalty, and a second suit to enforce compliance with our order. This is a lengthy proceeding. We have some cases pending since 1904."

"Seven years," interrupted Abram L. Elkus, counsel for the commission. "And in the meantime the buildings could have burned down four or five times."

Power Needed to Enforce Orders.

"Yes," replied Mr. Miller. "The bureau should have summary powers to vacate the building when its orders are not complied with. We have now about 2,500 cases of violations or rules concerning fire escapes and sufficient exits, in the Borough of Manhattan alone. Owners are willing to take their chances with such a long waiting list. When the case finally does come to trial they simply say they have complied with the order and have the case thrown out of court. The prosecution is in most cases practically a farce."

Mr. Miller said he had not asked the Corporation Counsel why the cases pending are not pushed for trial. Most of the 2,500 cases, he said, resulted from the thousands of complaints sent into his office by employes after the Triangle factory fire.

Another source of danger, he said, lies in the laxness of the present law, which allows an employer to put his employes into a building that is not yet finished and not yet equipped with fire escapes. The fault of the law, he admitted, seems to be that it divides jurisdiction and responsibility among too many departments instead of centralizing it in one. But he was unwilling to say he favored putting the responsibility on his bureau alone.

The Building Department, he said, is intrusted with the inspection of elevators —but only passenger elevators, not freight elevators, unless complaint is made to the bureau.

"Freight elevators are generally used by employes," he admitted, "but there is a card on them as a rule warning those who ride in them that they assume all risks and responsibility in doing so."

"That card is put there by employers to escape damage suits, is it not?" asked Mr. Elkus. Mr. Miller said he thought that might be the purpose.

"Isn't it true that practically not a single factory building in the city has adequate fire exit facilities?" asked Miss Mary Drier, one of the Commissioners.

"I should not like to say no building," replied Mr. Miller, "but I think most of them ought to have additional facilities."

Chief Kenlon testified that he had found a general carelessness about rubbish in factory buildings and the equipment of fire escapes.

Reported 2,000 Negligent Owners.

"From Aug. 18 to Oct. 11 we have reported to the various departments concerned 1,022 violations of the building law; 627 of Charter provisions; 421 of the labor law; 20 of the tenement house law, and 2 of the sanitary laws," he said, "making a total of 2,081 violations in less than two months, or about 40 a day. I have no means of knowing if these violations have been remedied. The inspection carried on by the Fire Department was purely voluntary and an act of courtesy on our part. It was not required of us by law."

Q.—And you don't know whether the slightest attention has been paid to these facts which you laid before the departments? A.—I couldn't say.

Q.—And in many of the cases, Chief, they required immediate action in order to preserve life in case of fire? A.—That is right.

Q.—Is it likely that from the conditions as you found them there might be a repetition of this so-called Triangle fire at any minute? A.—At any minute.

Q.—With the same result in loss of life? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And that is because the violations of law are not being attended to? A.—Well, it is because the conditions have not been improved, yes.

Q.—That is to say it might occur because there are inadequate fire escapes or means of egress, or rubbish on the floors, or because the doors are locked or open the wrong way? A.—Yes.

Mr. Kenlon expressed little confidence in outside fire escapes, favoring instead ample and well-protected stairs or stairs inclosed in a fire tower shut off, except for fire-doors, from the rest of the building. He favored strongly, too, the compulsory installation of automatic sprinklers.

"The automatic sprinkler sends in its own alarm without panic," he said, "and starts extinguishing the fire or at least holds it until the firemen come. If there had been sprinklers in the Triangle building, I honestly believe not a single life would have been lost."

Q.—And how much would it have cost to put sprinklers in? A.—Well, not more than $5,000.

Q.—And $5,000 would have saved 148 lives, not to speak of property? A.—Yes.

Q.—It has been requested that you give the addresses of some of the buildings where another Triangle factory fire is likely to occur. A.—I can give them to the commission privately, but I think it unwise to scare 2,000 or 3,000 girls again.

Q.—You think it might scare 2,000 or 3,000 persons? A.—Yes.

Hundreds of Shops Like Triangle.

Chief Kenlon added that the addresses he would provide are of a number of buildings, not one—"several hundred, two or three hundred."

Robert D. Kohn urged the commission to report in favor of a State Building Code, not as a substitute for local building codes, but as a basic code for them to supplement in details. He said the National Board of Fire Underwriters favored such a State code.

Commissioner John Williams of the State Labor Department said his department had now a directory of manufacturers, and suggested compulsory registration of manufacturers under penalty of heavy fine.

G. I. Harmon, the Inspector of the State Labor Department who last inspected the Triangle factory about a month before the fire, was next called. He could not tell just how many buildings or factories he had been assigned to inspect at that time, because, he said, his books were at home, where he was allowed to keep them by the Department of Labor. But he thought he had inspected the factories in nine blocks in about two months. His inspection of the Triangle factory's three lofts, he said, took about an hour and a half or two hours.

He admitted that before he entered the factory itself he entered the office and told what was his mission, and that those in charge had ample time to clear up the factory and remedy conditions before he made the inspection. He found only a lack of proper dressing room facilities for the girls, and doors that opened inward, but which he reported would otherwise cause an obstacle in the hall were they to open otherwise.

Q.—You know that if the doors had opened outward there would not have been that loss of life? A.—Yes.

Q.—And didn't you find the space leading to the Washington Street stairs between the wall and the ends of the tables—only eighteen inches—inadequate? A.—Inadequate? That depends on whether the employes were in a hurry or not.

Q.—Of course they would be in a hurry in a fire, but you did not report that. A.—No.

Harmon looked greatly distressed as he spoke.

Fire Commissioner Without Power.

Fire Commissioner Johnson said he could not tell whether his office had received answers to the communications sent by Chief Kenlon to the State Labor Department, that coming under the routine of his office.

"If they had been received, however," he said, "the Chief would have got them ultimately, because the Bureau of Violations comes under his charge."

The Commissioner asked for a special fire prevention bureau, which, he said, was practically denied him by the Budget Committee.

The commission will hold a short session this morning, and thereafter meet in Troy on Oct. 28. Later hearings will be conducted in Albany, and in November the commission will sit again here.

ARSON A COMMON OFFENSE

But ex-Chief Croker Observes That Convictions Are Infrequent.

Ex-Fire Chief Edward Croker, President of the National Fire Prevention and Engineering Company, in his offices in the Thorley Building, 562 Fifth Avenue, talked to a TIMES reporter yesterday about his testimony before the New York State Factory Investigating Committee last Tuesday, where he charged that oil was often placed in fire extinguishers with criminal intent.

There are oil paintings and photographs of all kinds of fires as well as hero medals for service on the walls about the office now occupied by the ex-Fire Chief. The ex-Chief sat smoking yesterday, as usual, among these favorite reminders of his recent past.

"I said the other day," said he, "in answer to a question which was put to me on the stand, that there are some people who like fires. I said that I knew of chemicals in hand grenades being removed and the vessels being filled with oil, so that when used the supposed extinguishers would help the blaze along.

"I mean what I said. I could say more, but we are not using any names just now. I have no cases before me at present, but if ever I run across any more of them I will be only too glad to hand them over to the proper authorities.

"We have had only one conviction for that kind of offense in New York as far as I can remember. That was in connection with a shirt-waist factory fire in Walker Street three or four years ago. A man went to prison for forty years for it.

"But there have been a great many more cases just like that one, except there was no conviction. You can't convict without the proof. Evidence is easy to get, but proof is another thing. The Fire Marshals can easily size up a criminal deal of that kind. The smell of oil and a burned up fire extinguisher! What more do you want? But that doesn't send a man to jail.

"In general, a fellow who burns up houses by puting oil in his extinguishers does it under a systematic plan. He leases fifteen or twenty flats or apartments in tenement buildings requiring fire extinguishers, all under different names, of course. He buys about $300 worth of furniture, takes out $1,500 to $2,000 insurance, and then has a series of fire. Figure it out, it's a paying investment. They caught a man in Chicago the other day. I see by the newspapers, who used this system and who admits clearing $2,000,000 on the game."

SIGNS COURT HOUSE SITE BILL

Governor Approves Stilwell Measure and Thirteen Other Legislative Acts.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 13.—Senator Stilwell's Court House Site bill, passed upon favorably by Mayor Gaynor, also received Gov. Dix's approval to-day, together with thirteen other legislative acts.

The Governor vetoed ten other measures, which leaves in his hands twenty-four bills yet to be acted on when he returns from Chicago next week.

The Stilwell bill gives the New York City Board of Estimate six months within which to locate a site for a new Court House in New York City, and if at the end of six months a site has not been selected, the Site Commission may locate a new Court House anywhere in the city outside of City Hall Park.

A conference on the County Court House was held yesterday afternoon in the office of Borough President McAneny. Mr. McAneny represented the committee of the Board of Estimate, but neither President Mitchel nor Controller Prendergast, the other two members, were there. Morgan J. O'Brien and Charles Steckler were among those who represented the County Court House Commission, and Job Hedges and C. Grant La Farge were also present.

A general discussion of possible sites took place, without any definite recommendation being made, but it was generally agreed that some site south of Canal Street must be selected, and that it should not be too near to the Criminal Court Building on account of the quicksands there, and the difficulty of finding a secure foundation. It was also recognized that the factor of expense must be considered very carefully in consideration of any site.

The committee of the Board of Estimate will get together in the next few days and may decide upon a recommendation to the board. Another meeting of the board's committee, the Court House Commission, and the committee of representatives of civic organizations interested is also to be held.

Vetoed by the Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 13.—Gov. Dix to-day vetoed Assemblyman Foley's bill to retire members of the police force in New York City with a pension after twenty-five years' service without regard to whether the policeman is still fit for duty or not.

"The pension system for police in the different cities," said the Governor, "is based upon the theory that after a person has served a prescribed number of years and has, by reason of such service, become incapacitated, he may be retired with a pension There is no reason why the law, in my judgment, should provide for retiring a person after a given specified period of years, if that person is still fit for the service in which he is engaged."

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 212 business failures in the United States during the week, against 201 for the previous week and 223, 220, 244, and 194 for the corresponding weeks of 1910 to 1907. The Middle States had 70, New England 26, Southern 43, Western 51, Northwestern 5, Far Western 17. Canada had 19, against 21 for the preceding week. About 82 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 18 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
11:10—496 9th Av.; Kerns, Leat & Co.	$20
11:10—301 West 67th St.; Mrs. Bryance	$5
P.M.	
12:15—835 10th Av.; John Zackner	Trifling
1:10—220 East 118th St.; I. Fergenbaum	Slight
1:50—127th St. and Park Av.; New York Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
2:35—170 East 91st St.; John Crowley	$25
3:50—768 Washington St.; unknown	$75
6:35—326 East 100th St.; I. F. Garbomus	Trifling
6:50—Broadway and 220th St.; Grover Miller, (auto)	$700
7:15—643 Broadway; Joseph Selden	$500
7:30—163d St. and Fort Washington Av.; unknown	Trifling
8:45—1,710 Broadway; Louis Mansback	$2,500
9:30—172d St. and 3d Av.; O. J. Gude	Trifling
9:35—540 W. 133d St.; Mr. Lowenstein	Slight
10:20—502 W. 133d St.; unknown	Trifling
10:30—501 W. 144th St.; John L. McCafery	Trifling
10:40—1,672 Amsterdam Av.; Louis Ungnge	$2,500
11:05—72d St. and Central Park West; M. Rosenberg	Trifling

GET MAN NEAR SCENE OF ATTACK ON GIRL

Prisoner Unable to Tell Where He Was on the Night Miss Waugh Was Beaten.

MIND MAY BE AFFECTED

Athletic Trainer Tells of a Prowler He Saw, but His Dogs Saw Nothing, Though Near By.

A young Austrian who the police say seems to be of somewhat unsound mind was arrested last night by Detectives Henne and Dwyer, who have been trying to find the assailant of Agnes Waugh, the 19-year-old girl who was attacked within 200 feet of her home in Eighty-third Street, Dyker Heights, Brooklyn, Wednesday evening. The man was held as a snspicious person.

The man had scratches on his face and several spots on the bottom of his trouser legs and on his shoes, which, they said, seem to be of blood. The man gave no account of his movements on Wednesday night, seeming to be uncertain of his movements since his arrival in this city a couple of weeks ago. He said he was Paul Kranisky, 34 years old, with no home. He said he had been employed in a brass foundry in Asconia, Conn., until two and a half months ago, when he began hearing the voices of his wife and children in Austria calling to him to come home to them.

At last he decided he must obey, he said, and he left Ansonia, but he did not know exactly where he has been since then. He didn't know where he was when he was arrested, or, even, that he was in New York City.

Detectives Henne and Dwyer saw the man first in the Shore Road near Seventy-ninth Street. At the sight of the detectives he ran, and Henne and Dwyer followed and found him hiding in a clump of bushes. After a short fight they captured him. He denied all knowledge of the attack on Miss Waugh. He was locked up in the Fort Hamilton Station.

The only other new feature of the case yesterday was a story told to the police by Michael Spring, an athletic trainer, living at 515 Eighty-fourth Street. His is one of the nearest houses to the home of Agnes Waugh, which stands alone 500 feet south of the Spring residence, without anything between to break the view.

Spring said that at 6:30 o'clock on Wednesday evening he went out with five bulldogs and walked in Eighty-fourth Street while his dogs scampered over the field in which the attack on Miss Waugh took place. During this walk, which lasted half an hour, Spring was never more than 400 feet from the spot where Miss Waugh's umbrella, shoes, and torn clothing were found by her father.

Spring's story tended to confuse rather than to enlighten the police, as it emphasized the puzzling situation already created by the fact that the girl's father was in the yard outside of the house and her mother was upon the front porch when the attack occurred 200 feet away, while two detectives, a street car inspector, a uniformed policeman on foot, and a bicycle policeman all passed along Fifth Avenue in the twenty minutes which elapsed between the time Miss Waugh left the Fifth Avenue car and the time her mother found her creeping along the sidewalk a short distance from her home.

The trainer said he saw the street car stop when Miss Waugh alighted, and that he saw one person leave the car. Who it was he did not notice. While he was within hearing distance he heard no outcry, and his dogs did not show any indication of alarm or interest while scampering through the field.

Spring told the police that on several recent occasions while out with his dogs he had noticed a strange man prowling in the vicinity. Once he jumped out from behind a telegraph pole, and once from behind a billboard, frightening a sixteen-year-old girl who was passing. Spring said he knew who this man was, and that they had had a personal encounter when they lived in a flat house some time ago. He considered that the man's prowling near his new home was the result of that fight; that the man was hanging about awaiting a chance to even up old scores.

"I hesitate to suggest that this man be looked up in connection with this case," Spring told the police, "especially on account of my personal difficulties with him. He is a married man."

For lack of any other clues the police gladly accepted this one, and two detectives were assigned to visit the man's home in Seventy-second Street, Bay Ridge, to question him as to his whereabouts on Wednesday night. A chauffeur employed two weeks ago by Mr. Waugh was questioned closely, but he gave a convincing account of his actions on Wednesday.

The discharged soldier, Benjamin Putnam, who was arrested on Thursday just as he was departing for Maine, was arraigned yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Hylan in the Fort Hamilton Police Court, but nobody was present to press the charge of petit larceny on which he was detained. Martin Mullins, the soldier whose trousers Putnam was alleged to have stolen, was in court, but said he hadn't the slightest idea of pressing the charge. When Putnam was discharged the two walked out arm in arm. Putnam posed for all the photographers, chatted with members of a crowd that had gathered to greet him, and then left for Manhattan to continue his interrupted journey to Fort McKinley, Me., where he will visit friends.

The police of Fort McKinley reported by wire that for the three and a half years Putnam served at that station he was known as an exemplary soldier. Most of the time he was a non-commissioned officer. Officers at Fort Hamilton also said his record was excellent.

Capt. Fisher, summary court officer at Fort Hamilton, who conducted an investigation to determine whether any soldiers were out of the fort Wednesday evening, stated that every soldier was accounted for and that no soldier in the fort had lost all his pay for six months, through fines, as a soldier was said to have charged in a saloon on Wednesday evening.

The only comfort that time has brought to the family of Miss Waugh has been the assurances of the physician that her condition is steadily improving and that she will soon be out of danger.

GIRL VICIOUSLY ATTACKED.

Man Who Drags Her Into a Yard Near Fifth Avenue Is Caught.

On complaint of Marion Charo, a pretty 19-year-old girl, living at 429 East Seventy-ninth Street, a man who said he was Peter Reilly of 984 Sixth Avenue was locked up last night in the East Fifty-first Street Station charged with assault.

Miss Charo said she had been visiting a friend at 422 West Fifty-fifth Street, and on her way home in Fifty-fifth Street, near Sixth Avenue, Reilly grasped her. She struggled, but she asserted he pulled her inside the gate.

She continued to fight and scream until she broke away and darted out the gate and toward Fifth Avenue. Patrolman Conroy and a private policeman saw Miss Charo run from the gate, followed by a man, who turned in the opposite direction. They caught him at the corner, and Miss Charo returned and told her story. At the East Fifty-first Street Station Reilly said he did not remember what had taken place.

MAY STORES PAY DIVIDEND.

First Declaration 1 Per Cent. Quarterly on $15,000,000 Common Stock.

The May Department Stores Company, incorporated in June, 1910, with $15,000,000 common and $5,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, has declared its first dividend on the common issue. The dividend, which is 1 per cent. for the quarter, is payable Dec. 1 to stockholders of record Nov. 15, and puts the shares on a 4 per cent basis.

The company took the business of the Shoenburg Mercantile Company of St. Louis, the May Shoe and Clothing Company of Denver, the May Company of Cleveland, Ohio, and the May Real Estate and Investment Company, the latter holding title to the real estate occupied by the St. Louis and Denver stores.

PLAN OUSTER SUIT.

To Settle Disputed Ownership of the Steinway Tube.

Chairman Willcox announced at yesterday's meeting of the Public Service Commission that he was in active negotiation with President Shonts of the Interborough with reference to the Steinway Tunnel, and that he would meet him in conference again in a few days. At the same time he showed that if the negotiations failed the commission could take steps to oust the Interborough from the possession of the tunnel.

In making this announcement the Chairman stayed off the resolution of which Commissioner Cram had given notice a week ago that the Attorney General should be asked to bring condemnation proceedings. Mr. Cram agreed yesterday to wait a few weeks to see if any arrangement can be reached with the Interborough.

It is understood that the commission has no desire, if it can avoid it, to force the situation by any legal proceedings. If the tunnel passed into the hands of the city without the assent of the Interborough it would be something of a white elephant. It can only be valuable for rapid transit purposes if it is operated in connection with either the Subway or the Queens County trolley lines, which are controlled by the Interborough.

Chairman Willcox favored yesterday ouster proceedings against the Interborough because as things stand at present the ownership of the Steinway Tunnel is a matter of doubt. When the city sued Edward P. Bryan and the other trustees of the creditors and stockholders of the New York & Long Island Railroad Company, the defunct corporation which built the tunnel, the Court of Appeals in October, 1909, declared that "the legal status of a railroad partially constructed when the company fails to complete it within the prescribed period has not as yet been decided by the courts of this State."

At present the Directors of the defunct corporation are holding the property as trustees, but Chief Justice Cullen expressed the opinion that their right to do so should be settled between the State, which granted the original franchise, and these trustees. The commission believes that it may turn out that the city can legally claim the tunnel without paying a cent for it.

NATHAN STRAUS RETURNS.

Met the German Empress at the Infantile Life Congress.

Nathan Straus, who went to Berlin as the only American delegate to the International Congress for the Protection of Infantile Life, held Sept. 11 to 15, returned yesterday on the White Star liner Baltic. Mrs. Straus accompanied him.

Mr. Straus met the German Empress at the congress. She is sponsor for the Auguste Victoria Home in Berlin, and she told Mr. Straus of her great interest in the prevention and cure of infantile diseases.

"The congress was a success from the doctor's point of view," said Mr. Straus. "The subject of what one should do when sick was discussed at great length. The question of how to prevent sickness received but little attention. There was much talk but little real progress. I am convinced that an international congress should be held to discuss the prevention of sickness. The movement should be led by some of our great physicians.

"America has taken the first step in the appointment of Prof. Rosenau at Harvard as professor of hygiene and preventive medicine. It was a regret of Dr. Eliot when he resigned as President not having created a chair for the prevention of disease.

"We can learn a great deal from Germany regarding the management of institutions for sick children. The Auguste Victoria Home in Berlin is without an equal on this side."

Mr. Straus spoke of the causes of mortality among children, and said that too much time and labor cannot be given to the fight against consumption. The stamping out of that disease, he said, would prevent a great deal of the diseases of childhood.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Baseballs Are Held Not to be "Toys" —Other Tariff Decisions.

According to a decision made yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers baseballs are not "toys," however poorly they may be constructed. The issue came before the customs tribunal in the form of a protest filed by A. A. Vantine & Co. The balls were classified by Collector Loeb as "manufactures of leather," with duty at the rate of 40 per cent. at valorem. The importers maintained that the balls are toys, and as such entitled to enter at 35 per cent. on the value of the goods.

The articles are invoiced as "baseballs." It was contended, however, that the balls are handled by toy dealers and are used only as toys, the balls being so poorly made that they cannot stand batting. The evidence shows that the balls, while a little smaller than the regulation baseball, are nevertheless similarly made and are capable of use for catching by either boys or men. In denying the importers' contention, Judge McClelland says that the mere fact that the balls are sold by toy dealers means nothing, since it is a well-known fact that toy dealers sell the regulation baseball. The Collector is affirmed.

The board sustained a protest filed by L. Joseph Frankel's Sons regarding the classification of drilled coral. The coral was shown to be suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry. The coral was assessed at 35 per cent. under the Tariff act of 1897 as "beads." The claim for a rate of 10 per cent. as imitation precious stones, not set, is sustained.

Col. O. H. P. Cornell Dead.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 13.—Col. O. H. P. Cornell, son of the founder of Cornell University, and brother of ex-Gov. A. B. Cornell of New York, died at his home in Winston-Salem to-day at the age of 68, from uraemia, the end coming suddenly. Col. Cornell is survived by a widow and seven children. The body will be taken to Albany, N. Y., for interment.

REPUBLIC 42 St., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:20
"THE FIRST REAL SUCCESS OF THE SEASON." —Alan Dale. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN by William C. de Mille.

BELASCO THEATRE, 44 St., nr. B'way. Last Mat. To-day 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents LAST 2 TIMES THE CONCERT

*** NEXT TUESDAY (Seats Now Selling.) DAVID BELASCO presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM.

ATTEND THE OVERFLOW TO-DAY WORLD SERIES GAMES AT THE MANHATTAN CASINO 155TH ST. & 8TH AV. OPPOSITE THE POLO GROUNDS
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Five Saturday Matinees, Nov. 11, Dec. 9, Jan. 13, Feb. 24, March 23.
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ELECTRICAL EXPOSITION
"MOST WONDERFUL SHOW IN TOWN," New Grand Central Palace, Lex. Ave., 46-47 St. October 11-21, 10 A. M. to 11 P. M. Adm. 50c.

KINEMACOLOR THEATRE 40th St. (Formerly Mendelssohn Hall.) Near B'way
OPENS TO-NIGHT AT 8:30
Every Night COMPLETE CORONATION Inc. Sunday

WORLD SERIES
Choice seats for to-day's game Times Building Theatre Ticket Office, Times Building Lobby, 42d and Broadway. Phone 3350 Bryant.

Irving Pl. Theatre HENRY BENDER Mat., "Lorenbrueder"; Eve., "Doppelmensch"; Beg. Monday, Oct. 16th, Amberg's Operatic Co., "DIE FLEDERMAUS" Tues., "Fledermaus"; Wed. & follow. eve., "WIENER BLUT"

FLYING EVERY WEEKDAY, NASSAU AVIATION FIELD, 3:30 P. M. until Sunset. Admission 50c.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8
AROUND THE WORLD
SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES
TO-MORROW NIGHT—(Seats Now)
KUBELIK $0. Nahan Franko & Orch. of Knabe Piano Used. Prices 50c. to $2.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Tele. 411 Col. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinee To-day at 2; 50c. to $1.50.
Gaby Deslys REVUE OF REVUES
Sunday Night Concert—GABY DESLYS, Others.

William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Matinee To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Matinee To-day 2:10.
New Viennese Operetta. The Kiss Waltz

Broadway Thea., 41st & B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
LEW FIELDS Presents THE NEVER HOMES

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Evgs. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:20.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30 Matinee To-day 2:30.
MARGARET ANGLIN in a new comedy, GREEN STOCKINGS
Moves TO MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE NEXT MONDAY.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Theatre, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day 2:30.
GERTRUDE ELLIOTT Last 2 Times REBELLION

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
HENRY KOLKER IN "THE GREAT NAME."
This attraction will be transferred to the 39TH STREET THEATRE beginning next Monday night. SEATS NOW SELLING.

LYRIC THEATRE—NEXT MONDAY.
FRITZI SCHEFF in Victor Herbert's new comic opera. THE DUCHESS Seats Now.

DALY'S B'way and 30th. MON., OCT. 16 Beginning THE GREAT FRENCH ARTISTE.
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First Play. THE THIEF
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WEST END, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. Holbrook Blinn in The Boss
Nxt. Week—MARIE DRESSLER in Tillie's Nightmare

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. 34 St., West of B'way.
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WILLIAM MORRIS presents HARRY LAUDER
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NEXT WEEK Holbrook BLINN in THE BOSS

GEO. M. Cohan Theatre, B'way & 43d St. BIGGEST FIGURE ON THE AMERICAN STAGE. GEO. M. COHAN in the Star-Spangled-Banner Success, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE.

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2 performances
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JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30.
FRANK McINTYRE IN SNOBS

THE HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Thurs. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

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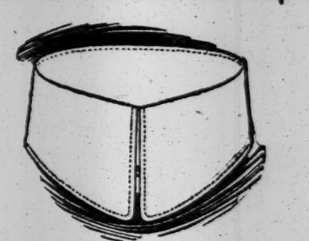

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